Registration No: SC230949 (Scotland)

# CEC RECOVERY LIMITED DIRECTOR'S REPORT AND UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2025

#### **CEC RECOVERY LIMITED**

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# CEC RECOVERY LIMITED COMPANY INFORMATION

**Directors** Paul Lawrence (appointed 8 April 2024)

Hugh Dunn (resigned 30 June 2025)

Company Number SC230949

Registered Office Waverley Court

4 East Market Street

Edinburgh EH8 8BG

**Business address** Waverley Court

4 East Market Street

Edinburgh EH8 8BG

**Accountant** Azets Audit Services

Exchange Place 3
Semple Street
Edinburgh
EH3 8BL

Bankers None

## CEC RECOVERY LIMITED STRATEGIC REPORT

For the year ended 31 March 2025

The director presents the strategic report for the year ended 31 March 2025.

#### Principal activities and review of business

The principal activity of the company was previously the promotion, development, procurement, project management and implementation of certain nominated transport projects. The company is a "not for profit" entity.

Following a review of the Tram Project in 2011, the decision was made to return this project back to the direct control of The City of Edinburgh Council. All Tram Project contracts were novated to The City of Edinburgh Council on 9 November 2011. The Tram Project previously accounted for 99% of the company's activities and as a result the company ceased its project management activities from this date.

The company has continued to manage the land acquired for the project, on behalf of Transport Scotland. During 2024/25 negotiations continued in relation to the sale of the remaining land and this sale was concluded on 28 March 2025.

#### **Key Performance Indicators**

Following these decisions, key performance indicators are no longer considered relevant to the company.

	Date
Paul Lawrence	
Director	
	Company registered office:
	<b>Waverley Court</b>
	4 East Market Street
	Edinburgh
	EH8 8BG

### CEC RECOVERY LIMITED DIRECTORS REPORT

For the year ended 31 March 2025

The director presents the report and unaudited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025.

#### **Directors**

The director who served up to the signing of the accounts was:

P Lawrence (appointed 8 April 2024)

#### **Board Operation**

No Board meetings have been held and any decisions affecting the company are made by the shareholder, The City of Edinburgh Council.

#### **Political and Charitable Contributions**

The company made no political or charitable contributions during the year.

#### **Responsibilities of the Directors**

The director is responsible for preparing the Directors Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Director to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the Director has prepared the group and parent company financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs). Under company law the Director must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the group and the company and of the profit or loss of the group for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Director is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable IFRSs as adopted have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The Director is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and the group and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006 and, as regards the group financial statements, Article 4 of the IAS Regulation. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and the group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

This report has been approved and signed by:		
	Date	
P Lawrence		
Director		Company registered office:
		<b>Waverley Court</b>
		4 East Market Street
		Edinburgh

**EH8 8BG** 

# CEC RECOVERY LIMITED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the year ended 31 March 2025

	Notes	2025 £	2024 £
Continuing Operations		Ľ	
Revenue	5	23,835	2,921
		23,835	2,921
Gain on disposal		135,000	-
Other Operating Charges		(218,835)	(2,921)
		(83,835)	(2,921)
Operating (deficit) / surplus	6	(60,000)	-
Surplus / (Deficit) for the year before tax		(60,000)	
Tax	8	-	-
Surplus / (Deficit) for the year		(60,000)	

The accompanying notes on pages 7-13 form an integral part of these financial statements.

# CEC RECOVERY LIMITED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 31 March 2025

Notes	2025 £	2024 £
9		60,000
	-	60,000
11	166,737	2,612
	166,737	62,612
10	1,000	1,000
		61,612
	2,612	62,612
12	164,125	
	164,125	
	166,737	62,612
	9 11 10	f  9  -  11  166,737  166,737  10  1,000  1,612  2,612  12  164,125  164,125

The financial statements on pages 4 - 13 were approved by the Director and authorised for issue on

#### **P** Lawrence

Director

#### **Company Registration Number: SC230949 (Scotland)**

The accompanying notes on pages 7-13 form an integral part of these financial statements.

# CEC RECOVERY LIMITED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the year ended 31 March 2025

	Notes	Share Capital £	Retained Earnings £	Total Equity £
At 1 April 2023		1,000	61,612	62,612
Surplus for the year		-	-	-
Total comprehensive income At 1 April 2024		1,000	61,612	62,612
Deficit for the year		-	(60,000)	(60,000)
Total comprehensive income At 31 March 2025		1,000	1,612	2,612
CASH FLOW STATEMENT				
For the year ended 31 March 2025	Notes		2025 £	2024 £
Cash from operating activities	Notes		L	L
Cash generated from operations	13		(60,000)	-
Corporation tax paid				
Net cash from operating activities			(60,000)	
Cash flows from investing activities Proceeds from Sale of held for sale asset			60,000	
Net cash used in investing activities			60,000	
net cash asea in investing activities				
Cash flows from financing activities				
Dividends paid  Net cash used in financing activities				
Net easif used in infancing activities				
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents			-	-
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 April 2024			-	-
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 March 2025				

The accompanying notes on pages 7-13 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For the year ended 31 March 2025

#### 1 General Information

CEC Recovery Limited is a company domiciled in the United Kingdom.

The City of Edinburgh Council is deemed to be the ultimate controlling party by way of its 100% shareholding in Transport Edinburgh Limited, the immediate parent company of CEC Recovery Limited.

#### 2 Significant Accounting Policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### **Basis of Preparation**

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and IFRIC interpretations and the Companies Act 2006 applicable to companies reporting under IFRS.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the company's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in note 4.

#### **Going Concern**

The company has sold the land at Winchburgh as at the year end however the Director considers that the company will continue in existence for the foreseeable future. The company also continues to receive support from The City of Edinburgh Council. The Director is of the opinion that it is no longer appropriate to prepare these financial statements on a going concern basis.

#### **Revenue Recognition**

Revenue is recognised to reflect completion of the company's contractual obligations. Where the substance of the contract is that a right to consideration does not arise until the occurrence of a critical event, revenue is not recognised until that event occurs.

#### Leasing

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged against income on a straight line basis over the lease term.

#### **Retirement benefit costs**

Following the agreement to transfer all assets and undertakings of the company into related undertakings, the company withdrew from the Lothian Pension Scheme on 31 December 2012 and thereby crystallised its liability under the scheme. The liability was settled in full by the City of Edinburgh Council and recognised in its 2011-2012 financial statements.

For the year ended 31 March 2025

#### 2 Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### **Taxation**

The company is a "not for profit company" and UK Corporation Tax is only payable on any interest receivable in excess of interest payable.

Current tax is the tax expected to be payable on any interest receivable in excess of interest payable for the year, calculated using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted by the statement of financial position date, and any adjustment in respect of previous years.

As the company is a "not for profit" company for tax purposes, no temporary difference between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position and the amounts attributed to such assets and liabilities for tax purposes has arisen. Accordingly, no deferred tax assets or liabilities are recognised.

#### **Financial instruments**

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the company's statement of financial position when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

#### **Trade Receivables**

Trade receivables are measured at initial recognition of fair value. Appropriate allowances for estimated irrecoverable amounts are recognised in the income statement when there is evidence that the asset is impaired. The allowance recognised is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the expected amount recoverable.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and bank deposits.

#### Financial liabilities and equity

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

#### **Trade payables**

Trade payables are measured at fair value.

#### **Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when the company has a present obligation as a result of a past event and it is probable that the company will be required to settle that obligation. Provisions are measured at the Director's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the obligation at the statement of financial position date.

#### **Assets Held for Sale**

Assets held for sale consisted of land held by the company that was sold on 28 March 2025. Disposal gains have been recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

For the year ended 31 March 2025

#### 2 Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### Impairment of Assets held for sale

The carrying amount of the company's assets is reviewed at the Statement of Financial Position date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

Impairment is recognised when there is objective evidence that a specific asset is impaired. Objective evidence of impairment might include a significant or prolonged decline in market value below the original cost of the asset.

The amount of the cumulative loss that is recognised in profit or loss is the difference between the acquisition cost and current fair value, less any impairment loss or depreciation on that financial asset previously recognised in profit or loss. Impairment losses recognised in the Income Statement on available for sale financial assets are not reversed through the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### New accounting standards adopted during the year

The following new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations are mandatory for the first time for the financial year beginning 1 April 2024 and have no material impact on the financial statements:

IAS 1 Classificiation of Liabilities as Current or Non-Current

IAS 7 & IFRS 7 Supplier Finance Arrangement

IAS 16 Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback

IAS 21 Lack of Exchangeability

#### New standards and interpretations issued not applied

The International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and IFRIC have issued the following standards and interpretations, which may have an impact on the company, with an effective date for financial years beginning on or after the dates disclosed below and therefore after the date of these financial statements:

		Effective for periods
International Accounti	ng Standards and Interpretations	beginning on or after
	Classification amdn Measurement of	
IFRS 9 & IFRS 7	Financial Instruments - Amendment	1 January 2026
IFRS 9 & IFRS 7	Contracts Referencing Nature- dependent Electricity -Amendment	1 January 2026
	Presentation and Disclosure in	
IFRS 18	Financial Statements	1 January 2027
IFRS 19	Subsidiaries without Public Accountability	1 January 2027

The Director does not expect that the adoption of these standards and interpretations in future reporting periods will have a material impact on the company's financial statements.

For the year ended 31 March 2025

#### 3 Financial instruments and financial risk management

The company's main financial instruments comprise short term debtors and creditors.

#### **Capital Management**

The company has not actively traded in the year under review.

However, when trading, the company did not commit any expenditure without the award of a formal grant from a relevant funding provider and thus does not require a strong capital base to perform its operations.

#### Management of financial risk

Due to the limited number of trading transactions and agreements in place with The City of Edinburgh Council, the Company does not consider it is subject to any financial risks.

#### 4 Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

Due to the limited number of trading transactions, there has been no requirement for any estimation within the financial statements.

#### 5 Revenue

	An analysis of the company's revenue is as follows:	2025	2024
		£	£
	Other projects	23,835	2,921
		23,835	2,921
6	Operating Deficit		
	Defecit for the year has been arrived at after charging / (crediting)	2025	2024
		£	£
	Depreciation of tangible assets	-	-
	Loss on revaluation of assets held for sale	-	-
	The analysis of auditor's remuneration is as follows:		
	Fees payable for the audit of the Company's financial statements		
	Total audit fees	-	_

Since the company ceased trading, The City of Edinburgh Council as ultimate parent, has assumed responsibility for the administration of the company and audit fee. The company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 479A of he Companies Act 2006 relating to subisidiary companies.

For the year ended 31 March 2025

#### 7 Directors' remuneration

There were no salaries or benefits payable to the executive directors and fees payable to non executive directors.

No share option is in force. There was no director for whom retirement benefits were accruing under defined benefit pension schemes.

#### 8 Tax

	2025	2024
	£	£
Current Tax (see below)	-	

Corporation tax is calculated at 19% (2024: 19%) of the estimated assessable profit for the year.

The charge for the year can be reconciled to the surplus per the consolidated income statement as follows:

	2025	2024
	£	£
(Deficit)/Surplus on ordinary activities before tax	(60,000)	-
Tax credit at the UK corporation tax rate of 19% (2024: 19%)	(11,400)	-
Effects of:		
Adjustment to tax charge in respect of previous periods	-	-
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	-	-
Income not taxable for tax purposes	11,400	-
Group relief surrendered	-	-
Group relief claimed	-	-
Adjustment/remeasurement to deferred tax		
Current tax (credit) / charge for the year	_	-

For the year ended 31 March 2025

9	Assets classified as held for sale		
		2025	2024
		£	£
	Land held for sale	60,000	60,000
	Disposal	(60,000)	-
			60,000
	The land at Winchburgh was sold on 28 March 2025.		
10	Share capital		
		2025	2024
		£	£
	Issues and fully paid:		
	1,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000	1,000
11	Debtors		
		2025	2024
		£	£
	Trade Debtors	166,063	1,938
	Prepayments	674	674
		166,737	2,612
12	Trade and Other Payables		
		2025	2024
	—	£	£
	Trade creditors	164,125	-
	Amounts due to Group undertakings	- 464 425	
		164,125	

#### **CEC RECOVERY LIMITED**

#### **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

For the year ended 31 March 2025

#### 13 Cash generated from operations

	2025	2024
	£	£
Surplus / (Deficit) before tax	(60,000)	-
Adjustments for:		
Investment revenues	-	-
Impairment charges	-	-
Finance costs	-	-
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	-	-
Deferred income released in the year	-	-
Operating cash flows before movement in working capital	(60,000)	-
(Increase) / Decrease in receivables	(164,125)	-
Increase / (Decrease) in payables	164,125	-
Net (increase) / decrease in cash from operations	(60,000)	

#### 14 Related party transactions

The City of Edinburgh Council is deemed to be the ultimate controlling party by way of its 100% shareholding in Transport Edinburgh Limited, the immediate parent company of CEC Recovery During the year the company entered into the following transactions with its related parties:

	2025	2024
	£	£
The City of Edinburgh Council		
Legal expenses and other costs reimbursed	23,835	2,921
Transport Edinburgh Ltd		
Group tax relief	-	-
Transport Scotland		
Other Payments	164,127	(7,038)
The following represents amounts due to / (by) the Company at 31 March		
	2025	2024
	£	£
Transport Scotland	164,127	(7,038)

#### 15 Contingencies

CEC Recovery Limited in common with other parties involved in the Edinburgh Tram project is considering its possible legal remedies in relation to this project and there is currently ongoing legal action involving the company.