# Integrated Impact Assessment – Summary Report

Each of the numbered sections below must be completed Please state if the IIA is interim or final

## 1. Title of proposal

Edinburgh Libraries – Future Libraries Strategy Development 2024 – 2029

Options for change - Managing Events and Activities

## 2. What will change as a result of this proposal?

During 2024, the City of Edinburgh Council's Library Service has undertaken comprehensive engagement and consultation with citizens and key stakeholders in respect of developing a new strategy – Future Libraries 2025 – 2030.

Alongside the development of the strategy, the service also consulted on a proposal to adopting a more strategic and planned approach to the programming of events and activities by creating transaction only days in 10 libraries - Blackhall, Fountainbridge, Leith, McDonald Road, Morningside, Newington, Oxgangs, Piershill, Portobello and Stockbridge.

At present, all libraries run events and activities across different and varying days of the week without any coordination across the city. As running events and activities requires additional library staff this has an impact on resource management.

The service aims to develop a more strategic and planned approach to the programming of events and activities across the city. It is proposed that 10 libraries identify two days each week when they would continue to deliver the full range of transactional library services but would not plan any library specific events or activities to take place on those days. They would run events and activities on the remaining four days of the week (when open) as usual alongside other library services thus establishing two days per week where staff will support transactional activity.

Based on an indicative assessment of the potential changes to the programming of events and activities, it is anticipated that this change could realise a total financial saving of approximately £0.09m per transaction only day.

# 3. Briefly describe public involvement in this proposal to date and planned

#### **Engagement Activity**

During January – April 2024, engagement activity involving citizens and key stakeholders took place. The engagement sought views on current and future service use, what works and what could be improved, including views of what priorities the service should focus on in the coming five years (the strategy). The engagement also asked about timing of use to help understand if the current opening hours remained fit for purpose. It was clear that there was some appetite for change.

There were over 14,000 individuals involved with the engagement activity.

### **Formal Consultation**

The formal consultation was undertaken using a range of participation methods to reach as many people as possible and involved 4,327 participants. The methods included:

- Online questionnaire (1,452 completed)
- Paper copy of the online questionnaire available in libraries and available for download (88 completed)
- Easy read version of the questionnaire to support groups or individuals with specific user-friendly requirements (8 completed)
- Discussion groups (32 groups and 155 participants)
- Entry / exit surveys (182 participants)
- Online questionnaire specifically aimed at young people aged 11 18 years (2,174 completed)
- Digital <sup>1</sup>(Microsoft Forms) questionnaire specifically aimed at children P4-P7 (356 completed)

Proposed changes to how the library service manages events and activities were consulted on via the main online and paper questionnaires, the easy read questionnaire and discussion groups.

An IIA Stakeholders Steering Group was established to support the engagement and consultation processes and assisted in identifying appropriate methodologies and supports required to ensure that all citizens could participate effectively and meaningfully. The Group also considered the Future Libraries Strategy and proposed options for change IIA's. This group included members from Community Empowerment, EaRN, the Poverty Alliance and representatives from all the colleague support networks.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The Young People and Children's questionnaires focussed on gathering views of specific draft strategic goals most likely to impact them.

# 4. Is the proposal considered strategic under the Fairer Scotland Duty?

Yes – the document has been completed.

## 5. Date of IIA

24/01/2025, updated 11/04/25, 06/05/25, 16/05/2025

# 6. Who was present at the IIA? Identify facilitator, lead officer, report writer and any employee representative present and main stakeholder (e.g. Council, NHS)

Name	Job Title	Date of IIA training
Scott Donkin (Lead officer and	Libraries Development	November 2023
report writer)	Manager	
Cleo Jones	Libraries Development Manager	November 2023
Hana MacKechnie	Libraries Development Manager	November 2023
Grainne Crawford	Libraries Development Manager	December 2023
Andrew McTaggart	Libraries Development Manager	
Evelyn Kilmurry	Head of Libraries, Sport and Wellbeing	August 2023
Nikhat Yusaf	Senior Development Officer Equalities, and representative of colleague network	
Fiona Aleksandrowicz	Library Development Leader and representative of colleague network	
Euan Hamilton	EARN representative	

# 7. Evidence available at the time of the IIA

Evidence	Available – detail source	Comments: what does the evidence tell you with regard to different groups who may be affected and to the environmental impacts of your proposal
Data on populations in need – where available use disaggregate d data	Scotland's Census 2022	Edinburgh had a population of 514,543. Female $-265,589 (51.6\%)$ Male $-248,954 (48.4\%)$ Age Groupings based on Census Figures: 0 to $4 - 22,028 (4\%)$ 5 to $11 - 33,661 (7\%)$ 12 to $17 - 27,953 (5\%)$ 18 to $64 - 348,940 (68\%)$ 65+ - 81,966 (16%) Total: 514,543
	Edinburgh by <u>Numbers</u> 2023	In the ten years to 2021, Edinburgh's population grew by 10.2% from an estimated 477,940 to an estimated 526,470 people. In the same time period Scotland's population grew by 3.4%. Edinburgh's population shows growth in each age group. In contrast, Scotland's child population fell a little and the working age population remained stable. Both Edinburgh and Scotland saw large increases in the older population
	Edinburgh Poverty Commissi on 2020	The 2020 report by the Edinburgh Poverty Commission estimates that 77,600 people live in relative poverty, 15% of the total population. The poverty rates vary across from 5% to 27%. It is also estimated that 22% of all children in Edinburgh live in poverty while some areas record child poverty rates as high as 35%. People from minority ethnic groups are also more likely to be in poverty compared to those within the White – British group, as stated in the Edinburgh Poverty Commission 2018 report. Asian and Asian – British groups along with other minority ethnic groups have between 35% and 38% living in poverty (across Scotland) compared to 18% of the White – British group. Poverty rates are also higher for families in which someone is disabled. Households without a disabled child or adult living in poverty sit at 19% and 17% respectively compared to 25% and 24% for those
Data on		households with a disabled child/adult. Library Service Use
service uptake/acces		Number of library members who have used their
S		<b>library card</b> during April 2023 to March 2024, (people who have used their library card at least once in this

Evidence	Available – detail source	Comments: what does the evidence tell you with regard to different groups who may be affected and to the environmental impacts of your proposal
		period to access library services) was 99,800 (almost 1 in 5 of the population). Number of active library members continues to increase with an additional 11,903 active members from 1st April 2023 compared to 1st April 2024 (14% increase from 2022/23). Just over 30% of children and young people living in Edinburgh having used their library card at least once in the past 12 months. Teenage active users have increase by 32% from pre covid figures.
		Item Issues 2023/24 = 1,279,936 issues New Library members 2023/24 = 33,327 Activities and events delivered = 14,565 Peoples Network (Public access computers) Use 2023/24 (total reservations to use a PC) = 92,364 Transactions - Item issue, returns, renewals and reservations June 2023 to August 2024 = 1.9 million in-person transactions
		In person transactions average by time of day
		When we consider when people are visiting libraries to access services, 92% of all transactions were completed between 10am and 5pm, this reduces to 79% when based on the average number of transactions per day by hour to account for differences in daily opening hours, and is broken down as follows:
		Morning – 10:00 – 13:00 • All 39% • Children 38% • Teen 24% • Adult 40%
		Afternoon – 13:00 – 17:00 • All 44% • Children 49% • Teen 48% • Adult 42%
		Evening – 17:00 – 20:00 • All 17% • Children 14% • Teen 28% • Adult 18%

Evidence	Available – detail source	regard to	its: what do different g e environm	roups who	may be a	ffected
Data on socio- economic disadvantage e.g. low income, low wealth, material deprivation, area deprivation	SIMD Scotland 2020	SIMD Q1 Craigmillar Gilmerton Granton Leith South Office & Library Wester Hailes The map libraries of 20% mos these are Piershill a above for identify th	SIMD Q2         Balgreen         Drumbrae Hub         Fountainbridge         Moredun         Muirhouse         Piershill         below provid         directly servin         t deprived (sas, such as lare generally         the wider come smaller 'point's everying ne         Vite vite vite in the vite	SIMD Q3 Balerno Central Corstorphine Kirkliston Oxgangs Sighthill des an illust ng commun haded in re Drumbrae, considerec ommunity, in ockets' of S	SIMD Q4 Colinton McDonald Rd S Queensferry dueensferry Course dueensferry duee	SIMD Q5 Blackhall Currie Morningside Newington **Ratho **Ratho e eleven treas in the some of and Q2 or ant that we eas to
Data on equality outcomes	Scottish Governme nt 2023 High School Statistics	better tha more afflu average f Top 5 Hig (20% Mos (20% Mos Wester H Castlebra Craigroys Gracemo St Augus Top 5 Hig	ht data show in the Scottis uent areas of or pupils from the Schools by at Deprived) ailes $- 82\%$ at $- 76\%$ at $- 76\%$ at $- 76\%$ at $- 53\%$ tines RC $- 5\%$ at Schools by ast Deprived)	h average the city, bu n deprived y % of pupi 0% y % of pupi	for pupils f ut less well areas. Is in SIMD	rom the than Quintile 1

Boroughmuir - 84% James Gillespies - 69% The Royal High - 66% Currie - 62% Craigmount & Balerno - 53%High Schools There are 23 High Schools with each providing school-based library services.23,150 students (S1 - S6) Female 49.50% Male 50.50% The pupil age spread between S1 & S4 averages 18.2% with S5 - 15.7% and S6 -11.4% It is reported that 51.3% of the high school pupil population either have or have experienced addit support needs.SIMD Scotland 2020DisabilityDisability $\frac{11737}{1274}$ $1274$ $1567$ $3992$ $\frac{1493}{1737}$ $1274$ $1567$ $3992$ $\frac{1493}{1284}$ $\frac{13134}{3934}$ $3143$ $3989$ $11440$ $\frac{11400}{108}$ $\frac{1493}{108}$ $11430$ $11430$ $11430$ $11430$
The Royal High – 66% Currie – 62% Craigmount & Balerno – 53%High Schools There are 23 High Schools with each providing school-based library services.23,150 students (S1 – S6) Female 49.50% Male 50.50% The pupil age spread between S1 & S4 averages 18.2% with S5 – 15.7% and S6 -11.4% It is reported that 51.3% of the high school pupil population either have or have experienced addit support needs.SIMD Scotland 2020DisabilityDisability $\frac{1493}{1737}$ $\frac{1274}{1567}$ $\frac{3992}{1084}$ $\frac{1440}{1088}$ $\frac{16843}{1084}$
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Craigmount & Balerno – 53%High Schools There are 23 High Schools with each providing school-based library services.23,150 students (S1 – S6) Female 49.50% Male 50.50% The pupil age spread between S1 & S4 averages 18.2% with S5 – 15.7% and S6 -11.4% It is reported that 51.3% of the high school pupil population either have or have experienced addit support needs.SIMD Scotland 2020DisabilityDisability Partial sight loss Developmental1493 1737 1274 1365 1384 1343 13989 11440 11440
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There are 23 High Schools with each providing school-based library services.23,150 students $(S1 - S6)$ Female 49.50% Male 50.50% The pupil age spread between S1 & S4 averages 18.2% with S5 - 15.7% and S6 -11.4% It is reported that 51.3% of the high school pupil population either have or have experienced addit support needs.SIMD Scotland 2020DisabilityDisability Partial sight loss1493 1737 1274 1567 1567 1392 1430 11440 1440 1440 1440 1440
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ioss         0         365         384         881         2
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disorder
Learning 2134 2111 1821 1960 4429 difficulty
Learning 451 484 382 284 534
disability         disability           Mental Health         4321         4058         3415         2905         5551         5551
condition         44667         48700         58541         161058         36562
One or more 18749 20673 17410 20044 50222 conditions
Other conditions 10790 12213 10289 12258 31068
Ethnicity
Ethnicity not known – 1%
Ethnicity Minority – 21.80%
White UK – 64.60%
White UK – 64.60% White Other – 12.50 Ethnicity SIMD SIMD SIMD SIMD SIMD
White UK – 64.60% White Other – 12.50

Evidence	Available – detail	Comments: regard to dif	ferent	group	s who	may l	be affec	ted
	source	and to the e	nviron	menta	l impa	cts of		
		Chinese / Scot / Brit	748	1132	1423	1162	3542	8007
		Indian / Scot / Brit	543	970	1074	1352	2439	6378
		Other Asian	619	730	820	737	1639	4545
		Pakistani	670	1037	749	1081	2205	5742
		Black / Scot / Brit	92	83	68	56	99	398
		Caribbean	95	68	76	70	188	497
		Other Caribbean or Black	20	18	29	16	38	121
		Mixed or multiple ethnic groups	426	531	572	624	1874	4027
		Arab / Scot / Brit	449	455	481	278	799	2462
		Other ethnic group	159	178	154	157	439	1087
		Gypsy/Traveller	56	77	79	69	105	386
		Irish	456	884	1257	1559	4337	8493
		Other British	2583 1499	4373	6859	8579	32767	55161
		Other White Polish	2659	2685 2891	4182 2458	4198 2301	11386 2401	23950 12710
		Scottish	42597	47093	44133	52523	142106	328452
		Total (Ethnic	12714	17253	21118	22938	65634	139657
		Minority) Overall Total	55311	64346	65251	75461	207740	468109
evidence	Book Trust – <u>Reading</u> in <u>Scotland</u> – <u>Reading</u> <u>Over</u> <u>Lockdown</u>	<ul> <li>National Study National sample group provided feedback of life in lockdown and if reading played a part in supporting health and wellbeing. <ul> <li>Wellbeing</li> <li>98% agreed that reading supports their wellbeing</li> <li>97% agreed that reading helps them to relax.</li> <li>92% agreed that reading has been important to them in times of stress or anxiety throughout their lives</li> <li>Connection and isolation</li> <li>64% agreed that reading made them feel less isolated.</li> <li>46% reported speaking about reading with someone new and 63% agreed that reading had helped them bond with others.</li> <li>50% agreed that sharing their reading with family and friends made them feel less stressed</li> <li>Access to books</li> <li>75% used the library to get print books for themselves</li> </ul> </li> </ul>					rting Ilbeing. ax. int to ut their ess g had	

Evidence	Available – detail source	Comments: what does the evidence tell you with regard to different groups who may be affected and to the environmental impacts of your proposal
		<ul> <li>The majority of panellists reported reading more over the lockdown, with some noting they had more energy for reading due to working from home.</li> <li>65% were reading more than they used to.</li> <li>60% enjoyed reading things they would not normally have read.</li> <li>25% discovered they really enjoyed a new genre.</li> <li>49% discovered a new favourite book, author or series</li> <li>Many panellists hoped to continue dedicating more time to reading, reading more as a family and exploring a wider range of genres and formats.</li> <li>72% agreed that they would like to continue with some aspects of their lockdown reading habits</li> </ul>
	The Power of Scottish Public Libraries	<ul> <li>There are 1.9 times more public library visits than there are to the top 10 free visitor attractions in Scotland each year</li> <li>Social Wellbeing</li> <li>For many people, interacting with staff, taking part in activities, and feeling part of a community in a welcoming and non-judgemental space, are all key social wellbeing benefits of public libraries</li> <li>Over 23m visits in one year to nearly 550 library service points and mobile libraries</li> <li>27,000 Bookbug sessions</li> <li>Economic Wellbeing</li> <li>The economic value and impact of libraries may be hard to quantify, but every day thousands of people benefit from their free internet access and opportunities to learn, read and develop new skills. All of these create better life opportunities for individuals and improve local communities</li> <li>Potential monthly saving per user £93.88</li> <li>Over 1.7m computer hours used and access to free Wi-Fi</li> </ul>
Public/patient /client experience information	Edinburgh Future Libraries Engagem	Over 14,000 individuals involved – 5,723 completed main data source questionnaire
	<u>ent 2024 -</u> <u>Report</u>	Main data questionnaires –

Evidence	Available – detail source	Comments: what do regard to different g and to the environm	roups who mag	y be affected		
		Q18 - What <u>time</u>	<u>periods</u> do you most the service? (N=5,723)	t frequently access		
		34%	44%	22%		
		Morning	Afternoon	Evening		
		Visiting a library - Of the 5,723 citizen questionnaire respondents, 44% indicated a preference for afternoons (1pm-5pm), followed by 34% indicating the morning (10am1pm) and 22% the evening (5pm-8pm) The engagement feedback indicated that traditional services such as borrowing books (92%), applying for things like bus passes (34%) and to find out things (26%) remains a key part of the service.				
		When asked how imp service was to them 7 appreciate the progra	2% indicated th	at they		
		Citizens were asked t any other services if t library service – 62.59 services, 33% access housing and welfare a	hey were provid % indicated Adu to health-base	led alongside the It Education d services, 30%		
		The engagement also spaces, study spaces individuals to access distractions.	and opportuniti	es for vulnerable		
	Edinburgh Libraries (Transacti onal)	An in-depth analysis of a consistently higher PC bookings in the m compared to evenings	number of loan ornings and afte	transactions and ernoons		

Evidence	Available – detail source	Comments: what does the evidence tell you with regard to different groups who may be affected and to the environmental impacts of your proposal
	Service Use Data (August 2023 –	service use drops after 5pm with a further reduction after 6pm and then a further reduction again between 7-8pm (when the library closes at 8pm).
	2023 – March 2024)	In 2023/24 there were a total of <b>92,214</b> PC reservations across the city. Similar to other transactional data, there was a significant decrease in service use in the evenings, especially after 7pm, with only <b>11%</b> of PC bookings between 5pm and 8pm In person transactions decreased consistently after 5pm, with a more significant decrease after 7pm Mornings and afternoons were consistently higher with a spread of <b>36%</b> morning (10am to 1pm), <b>48%</b> afternoon (1pm to 5pm) and <b>18%</b> evening (5pm to 8pm). Days without evening opening Tue*, Thu, Fri and Sat, consistently experience a small decrease in transactions after 4pm and at lunch times (1pm to 2pm).
Evidence of inclusive	<u>Future</u>	Inclusive engagement:
engagement of people who use the service and involvement findings	Libraries Consultati on Report 2025	Throughout the engagement and consultation processes the demographic composition of participants was continuously monitored, including age distribution, employment status/economic activity, sex, transgender identity, sexual orientation, ethnic group distribution, and health conditions with the aim of ensuring the diversity within the Edinburgh population was represented as effectively as possible. The information provided has allowed the service to consider demographics when analysing the feedback from individuals.
		<b>Engagement phase</b> = 5,315 participants completed questionnaire
		Age groups: 18 to 24 - 2% 65 years plus - 30% Employment status:
		Full-time employment - 34%, Part-time employment 19%, Full-time students - 2%, Retired - 32% Long term sick or disabled - 2%, Self-employed - 2%

Evidence	Available – detail source	Comments: what does the evidence tell you with regard to different groups who may be affected and to the environmental impacts of your proposal					
		Unemployed/ looking for work - 1%, Stay at home parent/maternity - 1%, Full-time carer - 1%.					
		Sexual Orientation by sex, trans status or trans history					
		Females – 71%. Males – 23%, 6% preferring not to say or not answering. People who identify as trans or having trans history accounted for 2.1%. Prefer not to say – 12% or choosing not to answer 5%.					
		Ethnic group distribution: White - 93% Asian, Scottish Asian and British Asian as their ethnic group - 3.3% Those who stated African, Scottish African and British African - 0.3% Caribbean or Black 0.1% 					
			Number	%			
		FT Education (at School)	33	3.0%			
		FT Education or Training	21	1.9%			
		FT Employment	356	31.9%			
		PT Employment	181	16.2%			
		Long-term sick or disabled	24	2.2%			
		FT Carer	11	1.0%			
		Retired	424	38.0%			
		Other	65	5.8%			
		Prefer not to say	40				
		Not answered	297	N=			
1		Not answered         297         N=           1452         1115					

Evidence	Available – detail source	Comments: what do regard to different g and to the environm	groups	s wh	o may	be affe	cted
		Age Group		Nu	mber	%	
		11 and under			3	0.3%	
		12 to 17			33	2.9%	
		18 to 24			20	1.8%	
		25 to 34		1	17	10.3%	
		35 to 44		1	85	16.3%	
		45 to 54		1	86	16.4%	
		55 to 64		2	204	18.0%	
		65 and over		3	884	33.9%	
		Prefer not to Say/No	ot				
		Answered	nswered 320		N=		
				14	452	1132	
		Sex		•			
			Num		%		
		Male	284		26%		
		Female	818	7		/0	
		Prefer not to say	1				
		Not answered	293 145		110		
				~		Num	
						ber	%
		A - White				1049	94.2 %
		1. Scottish				624	56.1 %
		2. Other British				259	23.3 %
		3, Irish				42	3.8%
		4. Polish				10	0.9%
		5. Gypsy/Traveller				1	0.1%
		6. Roma				2	0.2%
		7. Showman/Show	womar	ו		1	0.1%
		8. Other White ethn	ic grou	р		110	9.9%
		B - Mixed or multip groups				25	2.2%
		9. Any mixed or mu groups	ltiple et	thnic	;	25	2.2%
		C - Asian, Scottish British Asian	Asian	or		30	2.7%

Evidence	Available – detail source	Comments: what do regard to different gand to the environm	o may acts o	be affe	cted	
		10. Pakistani, Scotti British Pakistani			4	0.4%
		11. Indian, Scottish Indian		British	16	1.4%
		12. Bangladeshi, So Bangladeshi or Britis	sh Banglao		2	0.2%
		13. Chinese, Scottis Britiah Chinese	sn Unines (	Dr	6	0.5%
		14. Other			2	0.2%
		D. African, Scottisl British African				
		15. African, Scottish African or British African			1	0.1%
		E. Caribbean or Bl	ack		0	0.0%
		15. Caribbean or Bla	ack		0	0.0%
		<b>F. Other ethnic Group</b> 17. Arab, Scottish Arab or British Arab			8	0.7%
					2	0.2%
		18. Other			6	0.5%
		G.			339	]
		19. Prefer not to say	//Not Answ	/ered	339	
						N=
			Т	otal	1452	1113
		Do you consider yo trans history	urself to b	be tran		/e a
		Yes	23	2%		
		No	1000	989		
		Prefer not to say	66			
		Not answered	363	N=	=	
			1452	102	23	
		Sexual Orientation				
			Numb	er	%	
		Straight/Heterosexu			37%	
		Gay	45		5%	
		Bisexual	52		6%	

– detail source	regard to different g and to the environn		
	Other	21	2%
	Prefer not to say	185	
	Not answered	361	N=
		1452	906
	Physical / Mental H more		
		Number	%
	Yes	292	28%
	No	756	72%
	Prefer not to say	94	
	Not Answered	310	N=
		1452	1048
	From the 1,452 participants involved, the data suggests that the overall impact would be minin reflected in the chart below where the greatest response is neutral (neither / nor). 461 individua chose not to respond. 107 citizens that responded indicated a negative impact and 54 indicated a very negative impact		
	16%	NLY DAYS - HOW 1PACT YOU? 54%	30%

Evidence	Available – detail source	Comments: what does the evidence tell you with regard to different groups who may be affected and to the environmental impacts of your proposal	
		When analysis of free text was undertaken, overall, the feedback reflects a desire to balance the need for quiet spaces with the importance of maintaining a vibrant schedule of activities that cater to diverse community needs.	
		<ul> <li>Key points include:</li> <li>1. Local Needs: Library activities should be tailored to the specific needs of their local communities, as these needs can vary significantly.</li> </ul>	
		2. Quiet Days: There is support for having designated quieter days to accommodate those who prefer a quieter environment, including neurodivergent individuals, as long as this does not limit access to activities for others.	
		3. <b>Coordination and Efficiency</b> : Some citizens agree that coordinating activities across libraries could improve efficiency and resource management. Some suggested this could lead to overcrowding on activity days so this would need to be managed.	
		4. <b>Impact on Families and Children</b> : Several comments highlight the importance of maintaining activities for children, especially on Fridays and weekends when they are more likely to attend and that any change should not have a negative impact on families.	
		5. <b>Flexibility and Awareness</b> : There is a call for flexibility in scheduling activities and better communication to ensure the public is aware of when events are happening.	
		Discussion Groups	
		32 discussion groups were held in each of the identified locations proposed to support the service change and involved 155 individuals.	

Evidence	Available – detail source	Comments: what does the evidence tell you with regard to different groups who may be affected and to the environmental impacts of your proposal
		Groups were provided with three discussion points – 1. 'The proposal would mean more efficient ways of managing limited staff resource' 2. 'Free days for other partners and Council services to access the library space with dedicated use - free of other activity' 3. 'Opportunities for quieter environments on identified days to support study and access for people with neuro diverse conditions and any other individual that may be seeking quiet spaces' and asked to discuss.
		<ul> <li>Main outcomes:</li> <li>Ensure any changes do not necessarily reduce the number of events / activities and impact this might have on helping build community relationships</li> <li>Events should continue to be tailored to each community's needs</li> <li>Further involvement of staff and communities would be welcome to ensure the days selected and activities will work well</li> <li>Potential impact on 'Green' policies if people need to travel to events/activities</li> <li>Beneficial for the community, particularly for people with disabilities and those needing social interaction</li> <li>Potential for overcrowding if activities are squeezed into fewer days</li> <li>Good communications and promotions will be required</li> <li>Using library spaces to involve more organisations is a good thing</li> <li>Quiet days should not be reserved for specific groups or individuals and should continue to be open and accessible to everyone</li> <li>Strong consensus on the importance to have quiet spaces and to support individuals with neuro-diverse conditions – potential to create quiet zones</li> </ul>
Evidence of unmet need	<u>Edinburgh</u> <u>Future</u> Libraries	The Future Libraries engagement process identified a need for the service to consider the changing needs of communities and individuals. It is evident from the demographics of participants that health-based issues

Evidence	Available – detail source	Comments: what does the evidence tell you with regard to different groups who may be affected and to the environmental impacts of your proposal
	Engagem ent Report 2024	<ul> <li>and in particular, mental health and associated conditions continues to rise. The service can position itself to become more inclusive. The event and activity free days provide the potential to establish more welcoming spaces for groups and individuals that may find the current environment challenging.</li> <li>The engagement activity also identified a desire for citizens and stakeholders to access or provide other services from the library locations. These included 62% of citizens and 67% of stakeholders indicating adult education classes, 48% of citizens and 64% of stakeholders indicating a desire for more cultural activity. The creation of days where library specific events and activities are not supported, will assist other services to access space without interrupting other activity.</li> </ul>
Good practice guidelines	Forward: Scotland's Public Library Strategy	Forward: Scotland's Public Library Strategy - The Scottish Library and Information Council sets out the vision, mission and outcomes for public libraries across Scotland.
Carbon emissions generated/re duced data	No	N/A
Environment al data	No	N/A
Risks from cumulative impacts	Yes	Adopting a no change approach will continue to impact the library service in terms of creating a financially stable service and to help improve equality of access. The service has consulted on changes to the management of events and activities after firstly considering feedback during the stage one engagement process which identified a call for change. The service has also consulted on a change to library opening hours which if agreed, will also deliver an efficiency saving.
Other (please specify)		
Additional evidence required	No	

Equality, Health and Wellbeing and Human Rights and Children's Rights	Affected populations
Positive	All citizens, especially
One library is located within SIMD Q1, two are located within SIMD Q2, one is located within SIMD Q3, two are located within SIMD Q4 and four are within SIMD Q4/5	those who will most benefit from access to services including:
<ul> <li>Events will continue to be tailored to meet differing community needs</li> <li>Libraries will aim to deliver varied and creative programmes of activities, cultural experiences, and events for all ages which will bring services to life, entice more people to visit, provide more opportunities for learning and development and reduce social isolation</li> <li>The planning and promotion of events and activities will be improved to give people a better understanding of when to visit for busy interactive experiences or for quieter times</li> <li>Further involvement of staff and communities to ensure the days selected and activities will work well for local communities</li> <li>Provides some benefits to the community, particularly for people with disabilities and those needing social interaction</li> <li>Making it easier for partners and other council services to identify specific days when they can use the space to deliver activity</li> <li>Strong consensus on the importance to have quieter spaces and to support individuals who are neuro-diverse – potential to create quiet zones</li> <li>All libraries would continue to be resourced by a local team on both transactional and activity days</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Older people</li> <li>Young people</li> <li>People who experience higher levels of poverty</li> <li>Parents/Carers</li> <li>Students</li> <li>People with disabilities/long term conditions/illnesses</li> <li>Families with children</li> <li>People with protected characteristics</li> <li>People who are neurodiverse</li> </ul> The whole population of Edinburgh – currently 1 in 5 citizens are active members of the library service.
Negative	
Whilst the overall data from the Future Libraries consultation data indicates very little negative impact,	All citizens- as above

# 8. In summary, what impacts were identified and which groups will they affect?

Equality, Health and Wellbeing and Human Rights and Children's Rights	Affected populations
nine of the 32 discussion groups did highlight potential negative impacts:	
<ul> <li>Potential impact on helping build community relationships as a result of reduced number of events and activities</li> <li>Potential impact on 'Green' policies if people need to travel to events/activities</li> <li>Potential for overcrowding if activities are squeezed into fewer days</li> <li>Poor communications and promotions will potentially impact negatively in respect of confusion around timings of events and activities</li> <li>Perception that quieter days may be perceived as being reserved for specific groups or individuals only</li> <li>Potential for conflicting messages around how event free days will be managed e.g. other services using the space / quiet space</li> </ul>	

Environment and Sustainability including climate change emissions and impacts	Affected populations
Positive	
The draft Strategy includes a series of values, one of which is "Environmentally Sustainable". One of the commitments is:	All citizens- as above
<ul> <li>We will raise awareness of climate change through activities and promotions to encourage our next generation to consider the environment and their role in supporting carbon neutral approaches.</li> <li>Increased opportunities for people to access a range of other services at a local level, potentially reducing the need to travel to other locations</li> </ul>	
Negative Potential negative impact on 'Green' policies if people need to travel to other neighbouring libraries for events/activities	All citizens- as above

Economic	Affected populations
Positive	
The library service provides benefit to the city's economy through the provision of accessible resources for study, opportunities to engage with lifelong learning, Wi-Fi, PC access and support for individuals to develop literacy, numeracy and employability skills. All of which contributes to supporting individuals to develop and advance opportunities to upskill and enter new or improved learning and employment opportunities.	All citizens- as above
Improved strategic and coordinated management of a varied and creative programme of activities, cultural experiences, and events for all ages bring services to life, entice more people to visit, provide more opportunities for learning and development, and reduce social isolation. These contribute positively to improved life chances for people, increased confidence and skill development which in turn can lead to employment and further education opportunities.	
Potentially providing quieter spaces in identified libraries at identified times to support free access to quieter spaces and supporting resources e.g. spaces for study.	
<ul> <li>Increased opportunities for people to access a range of other services at a local level, potentially reducing the need to travel resulting in positive economic impact to the individuals</li> <li>Strategic approach to delivery potentially improves access to free resources and activities</li> <li>Potential for increased access to support-based services including welfare advice, housing advice, citizens advice and employability assisting to maximise income / reduce debt</li> </ul>	
Negative	
Changes could potentially reduce the number of events / activities or the development of additional library staff delivered activities and the positive impact this might have on people's improved life chances, increased confidence and skill development which could have led to employment and further education opportunities.	All citizens- as above

Economic	Affected populations
Potential for individuals to travel further to engage with events perhaps not taking place in a locally preferred location adding travel costs	

9. Is any part of this policy/ service to be carried out wholly or partly by contractors and if so how will equality, human rights including children's rights, environmental and sustainability issues be addressed?

No

10. Consider how you will communicate information about this policy/ service change to children and young people and those affected by sensory impairment, speech impairment, low level literacy or numeracy, learning difficulties or English as a second language? Please provide a summary of the communications plan.

If Committee agree the proposed changes to the management of events and activities in libraries, a Communications Plan will be developed to support the agreed changes to approach, the launch of a new strategy (if agreed) and any other potential service changes. The Plan will include the use of a wide range of communication channels and targeted approaches to ensure that communities are well informed of the changes.

11. Is the plan, programme, strategy or policy likely to result in significant environmental effects, either positive or negative? If yes, it is likely that a <u>Strategic Environmental Assessment</u> (SEA) will be required and the impacts identified in the IIA should be included in this. See section 2.10 in the Guidance for further information.

N/A

## 12. Additional Information and Evidence Required

No further evidence required.

13. Specific to this IIA only, what recommended actions have been, or will be, undertaken and by when? (these should be drawn from 7 – 11 above) Please complete:

Specific actions (as a result of the IIA which may include financial implications, mitigating actions and risks of cumulative impacts)	Who will take them forward (name and job title	Deadline for progressing	Review date
Development and delivery of a robust comprehensive Communications Plan – both internal and external key stakeholders. Work will be undertaken to ensure communications are inclusive.	Hana MacKechnie- Libraries Development Manager	In line with strategy action plan approval – Autumn 2025	Spring 2026
Engagement with library colleagues in the ten identified locations to determine the days selected for transactional only activity will work well for local communities	Hana MacKechnie- Libraries Development Manager	In line with strategy action plan approval – Autumn 2025	Spring 2026
A strategic approach will be taken to ensure libraries specific events and activities will be planned to consider other events and activities taking place locally, ensuring a positive spread across any given week	Hana MacKechnie- Libraries Development Manager	In line with strategy action plan approval – Autumn 2025	Spring 2026
Libraries supporting quieter days will continue to deliver events and activities experienced elsewhere however, these will be timetabled differently to reduce the need to travel elsewhere	Hana MacKechnie- Libraries Development Manager	In line with strategy action plan approval – Autumn 2025	Spring 2026

# 14. Are there any negative impacts in section 8 for which there are no identified mitigating actions?

No

# 15. How will you monitor how this proposal affects different groups, including people with protected characteristics?

Following the change (if approved), the service will continue to monitor service use.

## 16. Sign off by Head of Service

Name Evelyn Kilmurry

Date 11/04/25

## 17. Publication

Completed and signed IIAs should be sent to: <u>integratedimpactassessments@edinburgh.gov.uk</u> to be published on the Council website <u>www.edinburgh.gov.uk/impactassessments</u>

Edinburgh Integration Joint Board/Health and Social Care sarah.bryson@edinburgh.gov.uk to be published at www.edinburghhsc.scot/the-ijb/integrated-impact-assessments/