Diabetes

1. Notification

The parent/carer of the pupil should be advised in school handbook and enrolment form of the need to notify the school that the pupil has Type 1 diabetes (diabetes). Pupils who have diabetes are at risk of variable blood glucose and will need treatment in school with insulin.

2. School Healthcare Plan

Form 9: School Healthcare Plan – Diabetes '<u>Veo'</u> insulin pump and, if required, supplementary Continuous Glucose Monitoring for 'Veo' pump plan

<u>OR</u>

Form 9: School Healthcare Plan - Diabetes <u>'640G or 670G or 780G'</u> Insulin Pump and, if required, supplementary Continuous Glucose Monitoring for '640' pump plan, Medtronic published 670G/780G CGM supplementary

<u>OR</u>

Form 9: School Healthcare Plan - Diabetes insulin injection

<u>OR</u>

Form 9: School Healthcare Plan - Diabetes 'Omnipod' Insulin Pump

<u>OR</u>

Form 9: School Healthcare Plan - Diabetes <u>'T:Slim X2'</u> Insulin Pump and, if required, supplementary Continuous Glucose Monitoring for 'T:Slim X2' pump plan

<u>Or</u>

Form 9: School Healthcare Plan - Diabetes DEXCOM

Should be completed for all pupils who have diabetes by the parent/carer and the school. Support in completing the school healthcare plan can be sought through the Diabetes Nurse Specialists. The plan should be reviewed every year.

3. Awareness/Continuing Professional Development - Requirements for all Schools

The head teacher should ensure that all teaching and support staff are aware of these procedures pertaining to a pupil's condition and the particulars of any needs that may arise in school. The head teacher is responsible for ensuring all school staff are aware of the arrangements to manage a medical emergency.

The head teacher should encourage staff to volunteer to undertake the administration of appropriate emergency treatments. The head teacher should enable these staff to attend the earliest available ASL: Diabetes – Managing Diabetes in Educational Establishments session available through the Continuing Professional Development Directory. For further details on CPD, see section 4.3.

The Specialist Diabetes Nurse will visit the schools of pupils newly diagnosed with diabetes and give advice and information to staff directly involved with that pupil.

4. The School Curriculum

Diabetes should not impede any area of the curriculum for pupils in school. Arrangements must be made to allow pupils with diabetes to carry out blood glucose testing, treat hypoglycaemia (low blood glucose), administer insulin and eat additional carbohydrate if required. A pupil with diabetes must not be delayed from receiving a meal when insulin has been given.

Pupils with diabetes should not be prevented from attending residential excursions. The Diabetes Nurse Specialist should be contacted on 0131 536 0375 prior to residential excursions.

5. Review of School Healthcare Plans

School Healthcare Plans will be reviewed annually and if there are any changes in treatment. If there



are no changes, the Agreement to School Healthcare Plan Review sheet should be completed and signed as indicated. If there are any significant changes a new school healthcare plan should be completed.

6. Checklist of General School Arrangements

The following summarises general school arrangements;

- All school staff, supply teachers, visiting teachers and support staff should be made aware of pupils with diabetes and of these procedures.
- The class register should be clearly marked to indicate pupils with diabetes so that when a supply teacher takes a class she/he is aware of any pupils with diabetes in that class.
- All staff who may have direct day-to-day responsibility for the pupil should be familiar with the School Healthcare Plan.

Diabetes – continued

- Pupils should carry a supply of glucose. An emergency box of supplies should be kept in a central, easily accessible place.
- A list of staff who have attended an ASL: Managing Diabetes in an Educational Establishment within the last two years should be displayed clearly in the school office.
- The relevant parties as indicated on the form must sign the School Healthcare Plan
- The parent/carer has responsibility for the contents of the emergency box of supplies. As a matter
 of good practice, the school should check the expiry date of all medication and send home Form
 6a/Notice to parent/carer that medication needs replenishing (Appendix 8) to indicate when the
 supplies are becoming low.
- Procedures for summoning emergency services (Appendix 20) should be clearly displayed by all telephones.
- Should a pupil require emergency treatment the instructions on the HYPOglycaemia or HYPERglycaemia (as appropriate) Care Flow Diagram must be followed.
- The Diabetes Nurse Specialists should be contacted if a pupil has frequent periods of absence with diabetes given as the reason for their absence.



Pupil's name Date of birth	Photograph of pupil
СНІ	
Address	
School	

This plan should be completed by the pupil's parent/carer and, where it involves the administration of medication, it must be approved by the hospital consultant/specialist nurse/GP.

Name of approving clinician		
Signature	Date	

(A letter detailing medication/care and signed by the hospital consultant/specialist nurse or GP can replace this signature)

Signature of parent/carer	Date
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Once completed, the parent/carer is responsible for taking a copy of this School Healthcare Plan to all relevant hospital/GP appointments for updating.



Page 2 of 9

Pupil's name	Date of Birth
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Parent/Carer Contact 1

Parent/Carer Contact 2

Name	Name
Relationship to pupil	Relationship to pupil
Address	Address
□ Home	
☎ Work	☎ Work
™ Mobile	■ Mobile

Hospital/Clinic Contact

General Practitioner

Name	Name
Address	Address
	a

Date

Form 9: School Health Care Plan for '780G' Insulin Pump

Page 3 of 9

Pupil's name Date of Birth

What is Diabetes?

Diabetes (type 1) is a condition that develops when a person does not produce enough of the hormone insulin. Insulin allows the glucose from the food we have eaten, to move from the bloodstream into the cells, where it can be used for energy.

People who develop diabetes (type 1) in childhood require insulin by injection or insulin pump therapy. A healthy, balanced diet is recommended and carbohydrate counting of all food is required to ensure that the correct amount of insulin is given.

Carbohydrates are divided into 2 groups:

- 1. Sugary carbohydrates e.g. sweet biscuits, chocolate, fruit and some dairy products.
- 2. Starchy carbohydrates e.g. bread, cereals, pasta and rice.

What is an Insulin Pump?

An insulin pump is a way of giving insulin. Rather than injecting insulin up to 5 times a day the pump delivers a background (Basal) rate of insulin. The child/carer will then inform the pump of BG level (dependent on glucose meter) and carbohydrate intake to allow a bolus dose of insulin to be delivered prior to food being eaten.

What is Continuous Glucose Monitoring (CGM)?

Some pupils will have their interstitial glucose levels measured by a continuous glucose monitor which is a device that measures interstitial glucose levels every 5 minutes and sends these readings to their insulin pump. As it is measuring interstitial glucose it can lag behind blood glucose levels. CGM does not take away the need for blood glucose testing but can be used to provide extra information about blood glucose trends.

The CGM is set with limits of acceptable glucose levels and will alert via the insulin pump if these limits are reached. If this pupil has a CGM please make sure that the supplementary CGM plan is completed.

Details of Medication/Equipment (Delete as appropriate)

Medication/Equipment	Dose	Comments
Glucose tablets	3 tablets	As per HYPOglycaemia action flowchart
Lift Glucose Shot (glucose juice)	60 mls	As per HYPOglycaemia action flowchart
Lucozade Original	110ml	As per HYPOglycaemia action flowchart
Glucogel	1 tube	As per HYPOglycaemia action flowchart
Other (please specify)		As per HYPOglycaemia action flowchart
Blood glucose and ketone meter	N/A	For checking blood glucose levels
Insulin (state insulin type)	Variable and some children may further adjust dose for activity.	Dose depends on blood glucose level and amount of carbohydrate to be eaten.

Signature of parent/carer	Date



Form 9: School Health Care Plan for '780G' Insulin Pump

Page 4 of 9

	Pupil's name Date of Birtl	1
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What the school needs to know:

- 1. How to use the insulin pump (IMPORTANT: Member of school staff who will be administering the insulin via the pump and those who are supervising the child doing their own administration)
- 2. How to manage and treat 'hypos'
- 3. How to manage and treat hyperglycaemia and how to check for ketones.
- 4. Where supplies are kept (Hypo Kit, Spare Sets and Insulin Pens)
- 5. When and where to get help (detailed in Health Care Plan)
- 6. How to disconnect/reconnect pump (recommended for contact sports and swimming)

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u	ela	111	()1		10

has Type 1 D	iabetes and has an insulin pump which administers insulin on a
	is managed by the RHSC Paediatric Diabetes Team and
parents/carers are fully trained to ma	anage and make decisions about their child's care.
diabetes. These are the things that t	age he/she cannot take full responsibility for managing her/his hey need help from school staff with: (Delete as appropriate) NOT be left on their own until the Hypo has been resolved. Indicated where/when ever it occurs.
	not assist with the practical aspects of their blood glucose testing but rvise and make the decision whether he/she is hypoglycaemic or equired.
 At times of snacks and meals insulin via the insulin pump. 	needs direct support to administer their dose of
	nnula is situated on child's body (small tube in child's body allowing ese areas are specific to individual children i.e. Tummy, Upper Thighs,
	require assistance after toilet visits or P.E. If clothes require not been dislodged OR disconnected.
CONTACT PARENTS IMME	DIATELY IF YOU SUSPECT THE CANNULA HAS BEEN DISLODGED.
This Health Care Plan has been devise information and flowchart as require	ed so that those using it can navigate easily to the correct

Signature of parent/carer	Date



Pupil's name	Date of Birth
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Details of Routine Care:

Blood Glucose should be checked at the following times (complete times as appropriate):

- Mid Morning –
- Pre Lunch -
- Mid Afternoon –

READING	ACTION
4.0 – 13.9 mmol/l	Record BG in diary provided by parent.
	2. Bolus for snack/lunch using Bolus Wizard (see page 6) Carbohydrate content will be clearly marked by parents.
	3. It is important to ensure that the child eats the meal that they have had insulin for. If any concerns contact parents.
Below 4.0 mmol/l	1. Follow <u>HYPO</u> glycaemia flow chart
'Hypo'	2. Observe child until hypo has resolved. It can take up to 45 minutes for full concentration to return following a hypo.
14.0 mmol/l or higher	1. Follow <u>HYPER</u> glycaemia flow chart

Details of Care for P.E.

1	Chack	blaad	glucose	hoforo	activity
Ι.	CHECK	DIOOU	glucose	belole	activity.

- 2. If blood glucose is less than 4mmol/l follow the HYPOglycaemia flowchart before continuing.
- 3. If blood sugar is above 14mmol/l refer to the HYPERglycaemia flowchart before continuing.
- 4. If blood glucose is less than ______, give ______ a snack of ____gms. WITHOUT bolus of insulin.
- 5. Pump can be taken off for contact sports and swimming or where there is a risk the pump could be dropped/pulled or damaged.

N.B: Pump should only be removed for up to ONE HOUR

Signature of parent/carer	Date



Form 9: School Health Care Plan for <u>'780G'</u> Insulin Pump

Page 6 of 9

Pupil's name	Date of Birth	
nstructions for ' <u>780G'</u> Insulin Pump:		
Block/Unblock		
This is an autional setting set by payouts, select about he not	Lift and if their in continuous	
This is an optional setting set by parents – school should be not	tiffed if this is activated.	
Block on: Block off:		
Padlock will be visible on home screen next to time on right ha	nd corner if activated.	
To Unblock:		
Press the circle select key		
Follow screen instruction to press and hold the graph keep the second state of the graph keep that the second state of th		
 When unlocked the pump will default to the insulin icon Press back arrow to return to main home screen (no padlock should be visible on screen) 		
To Block:		
Press and hold for up to 10 seconds the graph key		
The padlock symbol will reappear on home screen next to time at right hand corner		
Signature of parent/square	Data	
Signature of parent/carer	Date	



Pupil's name	Date of Birth
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Instructions for '780G' Insulin Pump continued:

STEP BY STEP GUIDE FOR DELIVERY OF INSULIN BOLUS

- BG level will be there if 'Accu Chek Guide Link' Meter has been used (advised too press back arrow on guide meter for quick transfer of BG)
 - a. If Link meter not used please follow these steps 1st:

To manually enter BG readings:

- 1. From the Home screen, press \bigcirc , and then select \bigcirc .
- 2. Enter a BG value.
- 3. Select Save.
- Press down arrow to enter 'Bolus Wizard'

The Bolus Wizard screen appears.



For a food bolus, select **Carbs** to enter the carb count of the meal. For a correction bolus where no food was eaten, leave the carbs value at 0.

The calculated bolus appears in the Bolus field.



If a change to the bolus amount is needed, select **Bolus** and modify the bolus amount.



Select Deliver Bolus to start the bolus.

The pump beeps or vibrates and a message appears when the bolus starts. The Home screen shows the bolus amount as it is being delivered. The pump beeps or vibrates when bolus delivery is complete.

Signature of parent/carer:

Date

Form 9: School Health Care Plan for <u>'780G'</u> Insulin Pump

Page 8 of 9

This Plan was completed on	and its contents agreed by the undersigned.
Pupil's name	Date of birth
School	
Parent/carer	
will be carried out on a voluntary basinformation contained in this healthcare consent for the school to contact the radvise the school in any relevant matters school informed of anything that may be responsibility for ensuring that there are my child's needs. I wish my child to have the care/medical	undertake healthcare and that any healthcare provided by school sis under the guidance of NHS staff. I give my consent to the plan being shared with all staff working with my child. I give my named health care professional(s) and for those professionals to s in connection with this. I accept full responsibility for keeping the e relevant in relation to the implementation of this care. I accept e supplies of any relevant medication, materials or equipment for tion detailed in this plan and I accept that the emergency services in the event that the school staff are unable to administer the plan
Name of parent/carer	
Signature	Date
Pupil	
I agree to the care arrangements as deta	iled in this plan
Name of pupil	
Signature	Date
attended a Diabetes Management CPD s In the event that these procedures cannot	plan being administered by appropriately trained staff who have
Signature	Date

Copies held by parent/carer and head teacher



Form 9. School Health Care Plan for '670G' Insulin Pumn

Dage 9 of 9

This Plan was reviewed on	and its conte	ents agreed by the undersigned.
Date of next review		
		T
Pupil's name		Date of birth
School		
will be carried out on a voluntary information contained in this healthd consent for the school to contact the advise the school in any relevant mat school informed of anything that mat responsibility for ensuring that there my child's needs. I wish my child to have the care/med will be summoned, where appropriat at any time. Name of parent/carer	basis under the guidance care plan being shared with the named health care professers in connection with this y be relevant in relation to are supplies of any relevant in this plante, in the event that the scheme.	and that any healthcare provided by schoole of NHS staff. I give my consent to the chall staff working with my child. I give mofessional(s) and for those professionals to is. I accept full responsibility for keeping the o the implementation of this care. I accept ant medication, materials or equipment for and I accept that the emergency service shool staff are unable to administer the plant
Signature	Date	
Pupil		
I agree to the care arrangements as d	etailed in this plan	
Name of pupil		
Signature	Date	
attended a Diabetes Management CP	this plan being administere D session within the last tw nnot be implemented at ar	ed by appropriately trained staff who have wo years. ny time, where appropriate, the school will

Name of member of staff	
Signature	Date

Copies held by parent/carer and head teacher



Insulin Pump Therapy in Schools Flow Chart to Manage HYPERglycaemia; Blood Glucose of 14.0 mmol/l or higher

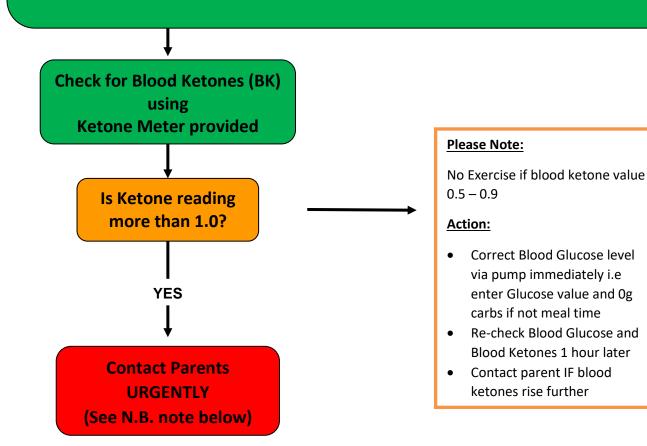
Photograph of pupil

Name Date of Birth

Can show one or several of the following but sometimes there are no obvious signs;

- Thirst
- Needing the toilet

- Tiredness
- Lack of concentration

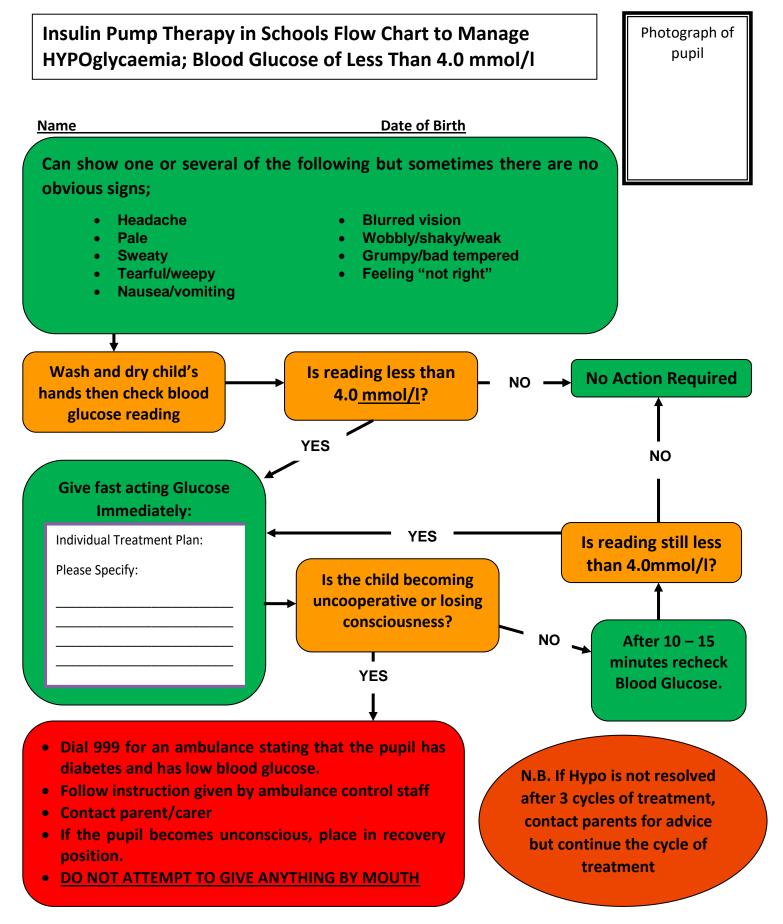


Notes:

If the child requires additional insulin to be administered via an insulin pen device and a set change it is the parent's responsibility to manage this.



May 2021 CHILDREN AND FAMILIES



Notes:

- 1. When using an insulin pump, once B.G. above 4mmol/l a snack is NOT essential. If giving a snack post hypo please deliver an insulin bolus for the carbohydrate about to be eaten.
- 2. Within 2 hours of treating a hypo, if blood glucose is above 6mmol/l do not give correction manually reduce B.G. to 6mmol/l in Bolus Wizard.

