Customer Ref:	00003 Response Ref: ANON-KU2U-GW	VM-8 Supporting Info
Name	Holly Gillingham	Email holly.gillingham@colliers.com
Response Type	Agent / Consultant	
On behalf of:	LPBZ Commercial Limited	

We want to connect our places, parks and green spaces together as part of a city-wide, regional, and national green network. We want new development to connect to, and deliver this network. Do you agree with this? - Select support / don't support

Short Response Not Answered

Explanation

Choice

We want to change our policy to require all development (including change of use) to include green and blue infrastructure. Do you agree with this? - Support / Object

Short Response Not Answered

1 B

Customer Ref:	00003	Response Ref:	ANON-KU2U-GWVM-8	Supp	orting Info	
Name	Holly Gillingham			Emai	holly.gillingham@colliers.com	
Response Type	Agent / Consultant	t		1		
On behalf of:	LPBZ Commercial	Limited				
Choice	1 C					
We want to ident	ify areas that can be	e used for future	water management to enable a	daptation to c	climate change. Do you agree with this? - Yes / No	
Short Response	Not Answered					
Explanation						
Choice	1 D					
	y set out under wha	at circumstances	the development of poor quali	y or underuse	d open space will be considered acceptable. Do you ag	ree with this? -
Yes / No						
Short Response	Not Answered					
Explanation						
Choice	1 E					
We want to introd you agree with th		nrge green space s	standard' which recognises tha	t as we grow co	ommunities will need access to green spaces more thar	15 hectares. Do
Short Response	Not Answered					

Customer Ref:	00003	Response Ref:	ANON-KU2U-GWVM-8	Supp	porting Info	
Name	Holly Gillingham			Ema	il holly.gillingham@colliers.com	
Response Type	Agent / Consulta	nt				
On behalf of:	LPBZ Commercia	ll Limited				
Choice	1 F					
We want to ident this? - Yes / No	ify specific sites fo	r new allotments a	nd food growing, both as	part of new develo	opment sites and within open space in	the urban area. Do you agree with
Short Response	Not Answered					
Explanation						
Choice	1 F					
We want to ident this? - Upload (m		r new allotments a	nd food growing, both as	part of new develo	opment sites and within open space in	the urban area. Do you agree with
Short Response	No					
Explanation						
Choice	1 G					
		ional cemetery pro	vision, including the pote	ntial for green and	woodland burials. Do you agree with t	this? - Yes / No
					, , ,	-
Short Response	Not Answered					
Explanation						

Customer Ref:	00003	Response Ref:	ANON-KU2U-GWVM	-8 Supp	orting Info			
Name	Holly Gillingh	am		Emai	holly.gillingha	m@colliers.com		
Response Type	Agent / Consu	ultant						
On behalf of:	LPBZ Comme	rcial Limited	I					
Choice	1 H							
We want to revise Do you agree wit		• ·	e designations to ensu	re that new green spac	es have long terr	n maintenance and	management arr	angements in place.
Short Response	Not Answered							
Explanation								
Choice	2 A							
	•			ess statements, to demo bility for people with va			·	-
Short Response	Not Answered							
Explanation								
Choice	2 B							
We want to revise Yes / No		n density to ensure th	at we make best use o	f the limited space in o	ur city and that s	ites are not under-o	developed. Do yoເ	u agree with this? -
Short Response	Yes							
Explanation	The efficient us accessible, bro	wnfield location in clos	se proximity to existing	Policy so we support the g high density developm of uses to support the e	ent, we believe t	hat the plan should		- ·

Customer Ref:	00003	Response Ref:	ANON-KU2U-GWVM-8	Supporting In	fo							
Name	Holly Gillingha	m		Email holly.	gilling	gham	@colli	ers.com				
Response Type	Agent / Consu	ltant										
On behalf of:	LPBZ Commer	cial Limited										
Choice	2 C											
We want to revise	e our design and	layout policies to ac	hieve ensure their layouts de	liver active travel and co	nnec	tivity	links.	Do you a	agree wit	h this? - Ye	es / No	
Short Response	Not Answered											
Explanation												
Choice	2 D											
We want all devel densities. Do you	-		to deliver quality open space	and public realm, useabl	e foi	r a rar	ge of	activitie	s, includi	ng drying s	pace, wit	hout losing
L												
Short Response	Not Answered											

Customer Ref: 00003	Response Ref: A	NON-KU2U-GWVM-8	Supporting Info	
Name Holly G	lingham		Email holly.gillingham@colliers.com	
Response Type Agent /	Consultant			
On behalf of: LPBZ Co	mmercial Limited			

Choice

We want all buildings and conversions to meet the zero carbon / platinum standards as set out in the current Scottish Building Regulations. Instead we could require new development to meet the bronze, silver or gold standard. Which standard should new development in Edinburgh meet? - Which standard?

Short Response Current Building S

3 A

Explanation Our clients recognise that there is a requirement to reduce carbon emissions through both good design and use of low and zero carbon generating technologies. We note the Council's aim for all buildings in Edinburgh to be zero carbon by 2030 and 50% of the carbon reduction target being met through low and zero carbon generating technologies. However, our clients believe that emissions standards for new buildings should continue to sit within the building standards regulatory regime and not the planning system. This causes needless duplication, when the focus should be on maximising the efficiency of existing planning resource. Therefore, apart from an overall Edinburgh Council view of seeking to achieve carbon neutral buildings, this should not result in a bespoke planning policy in the LDP.

Choice 4 A

We want to work with local communities to prepare Place Briefs for areas and sites within City Plan 2030 highlighting the key elements of design, layout, and transport, education and healthcare infrastructure development should deliver. Do you agree with this? - Yes / No

Short Response	No
Explanation	The ambition of CEC to have Place Briefs prepared in conjunction with local communities for all new housing sites is a significant increase in consultation
	requirements, especially for those sites below 2Ha in size and which are not major applications. It is considered that Place Briefs are best suited to strategic
	sites and that education, transport and infrastructure provision is best led by expert advice and evidence. There also requires to be a leading role for
	landowners and developers in the preparation of Place Briefs and the policy should be appropriately worded to involve landowners in this process. The new
	Planning Act allows for Local Place Plans (LPP) to be prepared by local communities and set proposals for development of land of particular significance to a
	local area. However, it should also be highlighted that the LPP requires to adhere to the LDP and the policy should not the purpose of Local Place Plans should
	be to guide, not prevent development.

Customer Ref:	00003	Response Ref:	ANON-KU2U-GWVM-8	Supporting Info
Name	Holly Gillingha	m		Email holly.gillingham@colliers.com
Response Type	Agent / Consu	ltant		
On behalf of:	LPBZ Commer	cial Limited		
Chaine	4.5			
Choice	4 B			
		- · ·	by our communities. City Plan with local communities to pre	n 2030 will set out how Local Place Plans can help us achieve great places and support
community ambi	tions How sho	aid the Council work	with local communities to pre	
Short Response	No			
Explanation	Our clients do n	ot support proposed	changes A and B and consider	r option C should be retained. If options A and B are taken forward recognition of the role
	landowners sho	uld play in the plan-r	making process should be acknow	nowledged.
Choice	5 A			
•		•	-	ture capacity, including education, healthcare and sustainable transport, or where n period. Do you agree with this? - Yes / No
potential new ini	irastructure wiiri	se accommodated an	na deliverable within the plan	i period. Do you agree with this? - res / No
Short Response	Yes			
Explanation	Our clients cond	cur with the Council's	view that development should	ld be directed to where there is existing or under-utilised infrastructure. If new
			0	ent needed, then this requires to be guided by Planning Circular 3/2012 – Planning
	-			nts. A developer contribution must be proportionate and directly relevant to the
				I notes that putting too much burden upon developers, and ultimately landowners, to pay
	tor intrastructur	e as developments c	an become unviable and land w	withdrawn from the market.

Name Holly Gillingham Email holly.gillingham@colliers.com Response Type Agent / Consultant On behalf of: LPBZ Commercial Limited	Customer Ref:	00003 Response Ref: ANON-KU2U-GWVM-8	Supporting Info
	Name	Holly Gillingham	Email holly.gillingham@colliers.com
On hehalf of:	Response Type	Agent / Consultant	
	On behalf of:	LPBZ Commercial Limited	

Choice

We want City Plan 2030 to set out where new community facilities are needed, and that these must be well connected to active travel routes and in locations with high accessibility to good sustainable public transport services. Do you agree with this? - Yes / NO

Short ResponseNot AnsweredExplanationIt is noted that in relation to Education infrastructure, key to the delivery of new housing, that two new non-denominational primary schools and one new
non-denominational secondary school are considered to be required to support development in North Edinburgh. It is key when the council consider
delivering this key infrastructure that they take into account the actual pupil numbers that will be produced by housing schemes. Denser developments over
65 units per hectare will be unlikely to deliver family housing (such as at the existing car park site). The delivery of Healthcare infrastructure is contingent
upon the NHS engaging with the plan-making process and development management process. The provision of appropriate health care to serve new
developments is often a key concern of local communities during the planning application process and problems could often be reduced by better
engagement by the health authorities and GP surgeries in the planning process. It is noted that a Healthcare Appraisal is to accompany the Proposed Plan and
this is welcomed, provided the NHS appropriately input into its content. Transport Infrastructure is key to the delivery of new development. As above it is
important that any developer contributions to facilitate this are proportionate and meet the tests of the Planning Obligations circular. Our clients therefore
support proposed changes A – E.

Choice 5

5 C

5 B

We want to reflect the desire to co-locate our community services close to the communities they serve, supporting a high walk-in population and reducing the need to travel. Do you agree with this? - Yes / No

Short Response Not Answered

Customer Ref:	00003	Response Ref:	ANON-KU2U-GWVM-8	Suppo	orting Info				
Name	Holly Gillingh	am		Email	holly.gilling	ham@colli	ers.com		
Response Type	Agent / Consu	ultant		-					
On behalf of:	LPBZ Comme	rcial Limited							
Choice	5 D1								
We want to set o	ut in the plan w	here development wi	ll be expected to contribute to	ward new or ex	panded com	munity infr	astructure. Do	you agree wit	th this? - Yes / No
Short Response	Not Answered								
Explanation									
Choice	5 D2								
We want to use c	umulative cont	ribution zones to dete	rmine infrastructure actions, c	osts and deliver	ry mechanism	ns. Do you a	agree with this	s? - Yes / No	
Short Response	Not Answered								
Explanation									
Choice	5 E								
		entary guidance and se	t out guidance for developer c	ontributions wi	ithin the plan	. Action Pro	ogramme and	in non-statuto	orv guidance. Do
you agree with th		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,							,
Short Response	Yes								
Explanation			delivery of new development. A he Planning Obligations circular		portant that a	any develop	oer contributio	ns to facilitate	this are

Customer Ref:	00003 Response Ref: ANON-KU2U-GWVM-8	Supporting Info
Name	Holly Gillingham	Email holly.gillingham@colliers.com
Response Type	Agent / Consultant	
On behalf of:	LPBZ Commercial Limited	
On benalf of:	LPBZ Commercial Limited	
Choice	6 A	

Choice

We want to create a new policy that assesses development against its ability to meet our targets for public transport usage and walking and cycling. These targets will vary according to the current or planned public transport services and high-quality active travel routes. Do you agree with this? - Yes / No

Short Response	Yes
Explanation	Our clients would support the principle that new developments prioritise public transport, walking and cycling as mode of transports and support the proposed changes. The replacement of this existing car park, which currently encourages the use of the private car, will help to meet this aim. Additionally, as previously discussed, this site is well located in terms of existing and future public transport provision. Our clients therefore support proposed changes A and B.
Choice	6 B
	Place Briefs to set the targets for trips by walking, cycling and public transport based on current and planned transit interventions. This will determine king levels to support high use of public transport. Do you agree with this? - Yes / No
Short Response	Yes
Explanation	Our clients would support the principle that new developments prioritise public transport, walking and cycling as mode of transports and support the proposed changes. The replacement of this existing car park, which currently encourages the use of the private car, will help to meet this aim. Additionally, as previously discussed, this site is well located in terms of existing and future public transport provision. Our clients therefore support proposed changes A

Customer Ref:	00003 Response Ref: A	NON-KU2U-GWVM-8	Supporting Info	
Name	Holly Gillingham		Email holly.gilling	ham@colliers.com
Response Type	Agent / Consultant			
On behalf of:	LPBZ Commercial Limited			
Choice	7 A			
	rmine parking levels in development bas will be supported by other measures to			nsport. These targets could be set by area, development / No
Short Response	Yes			
Explanation	bus, trams, walking and cycling. If impro-	ved public transport provision or the proposed changes to the proposed changes	n is not provided alongside o the plan as outlined provide	nd an interactive approach between methods of transport; developments then a modal shift from car to sustainable d the requisite improvements and provision of public changes A-E.
Choice	7 B			
We want to prote you agree with th	•	al car parking in the city cent	re to support the delivery o	f the Council's city centre transformation programme. Do
Short Response	Not Answered			
Explanation				
Choice	7 C			
We want to upda agree with this? -		d and to support parking for	bikes, those with disabilitie	es and electric vehicles via charging infrastructure. Do you

Short Response Yes

Customer Ref:	00003	Response Ref:	ANON-KU2U-GWVM-8	Supporting Info
Name	Holly Gillingham	•		Email holly.gillingham@colliers.com
	, ,	*		The second s
Response Type	Agent / Consultar			7
On behalf of:	LPBZ Commercial	Limited		
Choice	7 D			
Mobility Plan or i	s action plan. Do y	ou agree with this		new park and ride and extensions, including any other sites that are identified in the City cy's park and ride infrastructure by safeguarding sites for new park and ride and cs action plan.
Short Response Explanation	Not Answered			
Explanation				
Choice	8 A			
We want to upda	te our policy on the	e Cycle and Footpa	th Network to provide criteria	a for identifying new routes. Do you agree with this? - Yes / No
Short Response	Yes	1		
Explanation	undertaken, where should be proporti	e deficiencies or im onate and relevant nade and the Pilrig	provements can be identified to the development proposal,	clients believe that a review of the entire cycle/footpath network in the city should be then these should be highlighted. Any request for development to contribute to these as well as meeting all the tests of Circular 3/2012.The proposals for the Edinburgh tlined on Map five in the choices document is welcomed.Our clients therefore support

Customer Ref:	00003 Response Ref: ANON-KU2U-GWVM-8	Supporting Info
Name	Holly Gillingham	Email holly.gillingham@colliers.com
Response Type	Agent / Consultant	
On behalf of:	LPBZ Commercial Limited	
Choice	8 B	
		o improve strategic walking and cycling links around the city, we want to add the Il proposals to ensure that they are delivered. Do you agree with this? - Yes / No
Short Response	Yes	
Explanation		
Choice	8 C	
to include any ne		within any of the proposed options for allocated sites. We also want the City Plan 2030 coming City Plan 2030 Transport Appraisal, the City Mobility Plan, or which are identified
Short Response	Yes	
Explanation	undertaken, where deficiencies or improvements can be identified should be proportionate and relevant to the development proposal	r clients believe that a review of the entire cycle/footpath network in the city should be I then these should be highlighted. Any request for development to contribute to these I, as well as meeting all the tests of Circular 3/2012.The proposals for the Edinburgh utlined on Map five in the choices document is welcomed.Our clients therefore support

Customer Ref:	00003	Response Ref:	ANON-KU2U-GWVM-8	Supporting Info		
Name	Holly Gillingham			Email holly.gillingham@	colliers.com	
Response Type	Agent / Consultant	t				
On behalf of:	LPBZ Commercial I	Limited				
Choice	8 C					
to include any ne	w strategic active tra	avel links which n	-	vithin any of the proposed options ming City Plan 2030 Transport App		
Short Response	No					
Explanation						
Choice	9 A					
			s of Edinburgh, as a 'Short Tern ree with this approach? - Yes /	n Let Control Area' where planning No	permission will always be require	ed for the change of
Short Posponso	Not Answord					
Short Response	Not Answered					
Short Response Explanation	Not Answered Not Answered					
-						
Explanation						
Explanation Choice We want to creat	Not Answered 9 B e a new policy on th		o alternative uses. This new po mmodation or other uses. Do y	licy will be used when planning pe ou agree with this? - Yes / No	rmission is required for a change	of use of residential
Explanation Choice We want to creat	Not Answered 9 B e a new policy on th				rmission is required for a change	of use of residential
Explanation Choice We want to creat	Not Answered 9 B e a new policy on th				rmission is required for a change	of use of residential
Explanation Choice We want to creat flats and houses	Not Answered 9 B e a new policy on th to short-stay comme				rmission is required for a change	of use of residential

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Response Type	Agent / Consulta	nt		
On behalf of:	LPBZ Commercia	l Limited		
Choice	10 A			
We want to revie		noco huilt ctudont	housing Wowant to onsure	that student housing is delivered at the right scale and in the right locations, helps create
		•	llbeing. Do you agree with thi	
			0,0	· · ·
Short Response	Not Answered			
Explanation				
Explanation				
Choice	10 B			
We want to crea this? - Yes / No	te a new policy fran	nework which sets	out a requirement for housin	g on all sites over a certain size coming forward for development. Do you agree with
Short Response	No			
		t the sime to increa	se the number of new homes i	a matrix sector a la deservação de la deservação de la compansión de la deservação de la deservação de la deser
Explanation	requirement for pr well be a disincent	roposals for studer ive for investment	t housing, hotels, and short-st	n Edinburgh including affordable housing. However, we would caution against the ay commercial visitor accommodation to provide 50% of the site for housing. This may of developers. Our clients therefore do not support the changes and consider the
Explanation	requirement for pr well be a disincent	roposals for studer ive for investment	t housing, hotels, and short-st in Edinburgh for specific types	ay commercial visitor accommodation to provide 50% of the site for housing. This may
Explanation	requirement for pr well be a disincent	roposals for studer ive for investment	t housing, hotels, and short-st in Edinburgh for specific types	ay commercial visitor accommodation to provide 50% of the site for housing. This may

Short Response	Not Answered
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NameHolly GillinghamEmailholly.gillingham@colliers.comResponse TypeAgent / Consultant+++<	Customer Ref:	00003 Response Ref:	ANON-KU2U-GWVM-8	Supporting Info
	Name	Holly Gillingham		Email holly.gillingham@colliers.com
On behalf of: LPBZ Commercial Limited	Response Type	Agent / Consultant		
	On behalf of:	LPBZ Commercial Limited		

We want to amend our policy to increase the provision of affordable housing requirement from 25% to 35%. Do you agree with this approach? - Yes / No

Explanation Whilst the Council's aspiration to build 20,000 affordable homes is noted, the aim to increase the affordable housing requirement to 35% from 25% require to be carefully considered. Addressing affordability will require an element of subsidised affordable housing, but this should not be seen as the only police of the second secon	Short Response
mechanism necessary to address the issue. The focus requires to be on providing more housing of all tenures. We note the proposed change from delivering 25% affordable housing land requirement to 35%. We note that this is an Edinburgh Council policy and not one that is supported by the existin Scottish Planning Policy which states that the 'level of affordable housing required as a contribution within a market site should 'generally be no more the 25% of the total numbers of houses' in paragraph 129. In the absence of any Scottish Government policy allowing this, then we suggest the level of require affordable housing should remain as 25% and therefore we support option C under this choice. If the Council pursue the additional 10% affordable units these should be as a palatable option for developers which can provide them with a financial return, such as unsubsidized Low-Cost Home Ownership. A alternative for use of the additional 10% would be to use it for provision of housing for older people as required by the new Planning Act.	Explanation

Choice 11 B

We want City Plan 2030 to require a mix of housing types and tenures – we want the plan to be prescriptive on the required mix, including the percentage requirement for family housing and support for the Private Rented Sector. Do you agree with this? - Yes / No

Short Response	Not Answered
Explanation	An alternative for use of the additional 10% would be to use it for provision of housing for older people as required by the new Planning Act.

Customer Ref:	00003 Response Ref: ANON-KU2U-GWVM-8	Supporting Info	
Name	Holly Gillingham	Email holly.gillingham@colliers.com	
Response Type	Agent / Consultant		
On behalf of:	LPBZ Commercial Limited		
Choice	12 A		
Which option do	you support? - Option 1/2/3		
Short Response	Option 3 (Blended		
Explanation	East Scotland (SESPIan) Strategic Development Plan (SDP) was approbeyond 2024. The evidence base for this MIR is therefore dated. We Ministers in 2019, it is reasonable that the Edinburgh target is set usin over 20,000 affordable homes to 2032. Choices 2030 sets out two opt 32, comprised of 20,800 affordable homes and the market output for 2.Alternative Option: 52,800 homes between 2019-32, comprised of Scenario less completions between 2012 and 2019. Both options fall would meet just 65% of identified need and demand in the HNDA 2 wand demand in the HNDA 2 Wealth Distribution Scenario or 65% of the adequately justify why housing need and demand cannot be met in f (para. 115), but it is not explained in any detail why a downward adju given the historic severe undersupply of housing and housing land in homes is discounted because it is argued that the supporting evidence However, this evidence was produced in 2013 (Oxford Economics ref conclusions remain relevant to Edinburgh in 2020 or indeed the next Housing Supply Target (HST) of 52,800 between 2019-32 is the most Edinburgh housing market has self-containment in moves of betwee will need to be met elsewhere.Our clients believe that the CEC should for the full range of housing provision is met. To outline that land will reflect the collaboration needed, to ensure all tenure provision is pro sustainable manner, CEC have expressed a preferred option of these approach. Our clients recognise the importance of reusing previously car park site is included in this land supply.Our clients believe that ov sites coming forward over the next decade to maximise the prospects	burgh and this will involve identifying new land for housing across the cit by ed in 2013 and does not break down housing requirements by local aut a do concur that under the circumstances, with SESPlan2 being rejected b ing the more updated HNDA 2 (2015). Our client support the Councils' air tions for a housing target, as follows: 1. Preferred Option: 43,400 homes be or the HNDA 2 Wealth Distribution Scenario less completions between 20 20,800 affordable homes and the market output for the HNDA 2 Wealth I some way short of meeting housing need and demand in full. The prefer Wealth Distribution Scenario. The alternative option would meet 79% of the Strong Economic Growth Scenario. Choices 2030 and the Housing Stud full. There is a reference to the other factors involved in setting the housi ustment from the HNDA output is considered to be justified. This is an im a Edinburgh and merits further significant attention. The alternative target ice to the HNDA suggested the Strong Economic Growth Scenarios was ur ference) and applied to the whole SESPlan region. It is not considered that appropriate target. This equates to approximately 79% of the middle HN en 81% and 90%. 79% is close to the lower threshold, but the unmet need ld review the submissions to the MIR and then seek to ascertain how the ill either be provided by the Council and its partners or through market hove ovided for in full, in Edinburgh, over the next decade. To deliver new home e being delivered by the Council and its partners within the urban area, a y developed land as a key objective of the planning system and therefore verall, a balanced approach is required with a combination of brownfield as the off dinburgh delivering the full range of homes it needs for its residents land in which the Council will have to intervene, potentially using Comp	thority area y Scottish m to provide etween 2019- 12 and 2019. Distribution red option identified need dy do not ing target in SPP nportant point t of 52,800 nrealistic. at these the higher NDA output. The d and demand land required ousing does not es in the most brownfield sites e suggest that the and greenfield s. We note that

Customer Ref:	00003 Response Ref: ANON-KU2U-GWVM-8	Supporting Info
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Response Type	Agent / Consultant	
On behalf of:	LPBZ Commercial Limited	

powers, is outlined in the Choices document as possibly not being financially viable. The acquisition of private land through Compulsory Purchase Powers, and its subsequent delivery for housing should not be underestimated and will represent a significant drain on Council resources over a long period of time. Of the options suggested in the Choices document Option C would be our clients preferred option and seems the most pragmatic approach to delivering the much needed housing. We note that page 46 allocates urban area housing led mixed use sites and note that the site to the south has been allocated but not the car park site. We would request that this area of red is expanded to include the car park site as we believe that this is a suitable site for a mixed use residential/office scheme. We therefore support Option C and reiterate that our clients' land is available to form part of an allocation at the waterfront of Leith, which we consider appropriate for mixed use development.

Choice	12 B1
Do you support of	or object to any of the proposed greenfield areas? (Please tick all that apply) - Support Greenfield - Support - Calderwood
Short Response Explanation	Not Answered
Choice	12 B2
Do you support o	or object to any of the proposed greenfield areas? (Please tick all that apply) - Support Greenfield - Support - Kirkliston
Short Response Explanation	Not Answered

Customer Ref:	00003	Response Ref:	ANON-KU2U-GWVM-8	Supp	orting Info]		
Name	Holly Gillingham			Email	holly.gilling	ham@colli	ers.com		
Response Type	Agent / Consultant	:		-					
On behalf of:	LPBZ Commercial L	imited	1						
Choice	12 B3								
Do you support o	r object to any of the	e proposed green	field areas? (Please tick all tha	t apply) - Supp	ort Greenfield	- Support	- West Edinburg	şh	
Short Response	Not Answered								
Explanation									
Choice	12 B4								
Do you support o	r object to any of the	e proposed green	field areas? (Please tick all tha	t apply) - Supp	ort Greenfield	- Support	- East of Riccart	on	
Short Response	Not Answered								
Explanation	1								
Choice	12 B5								
Do you support o	r object to any of the	e proposed green	field areas? (Please tick all tha	t apply) - Supp	ort Greenfield	- Support	- South East Edi	inburgh	
Short Response	Not Answered								
Explanation									

Customer Ref:	00003 Response Ref:	ANON-KU2U-GWVM-8	Supporting Info		
Name	Holly Gillingham		Email holly.gillingham@colliers	.com	
Response Type	Agent / Consultant				
On behalf of:	LPBZ Commercial Limited				
					-
Choice	12 B6				
Do you support o	r object to any of the proposed greenfi	ield areas? (Please tick all that	apply) - Support Greenfield - Object - Ca	derwood	
Short Response	Not Answered				
Explanation					
Choice	12 B7				
		ield areas? (Please tick all that	apply) - Support Greenfield - Object - Kir	kliston	
		ield areas? (Please tick all that	apply) - Support Greenfield - Object - Kir	kliston	
	r object to any of the proposed greenfi	ield areas? (Please tick all that	apply) - Support Greenfield - Object - Kir	kliston	
Do you support o	r object to any of the proposed greenfi	ield areas? (Please tick all that	apply) - Support Greenfield - Object - Kir	kliston	
Do you support o Short Response	r object to any of the proposed greenfi	ield areas? (Please tick all that	apply) - Support Greenfield - Object - Kir	kliston	
Do you support o Short Response	r object to any of the proposed greenfi	ield areas? (Please tick all that	apply) - Support Greenfield - Object - Kir	kliston	
Do you support o Short Response	r object to any of the proposed greenfi	ield areas? (Please tick all that	apply) - Support Greenfield - Object - Kir	kliston	
Do you support o Short Response Explanation Choice	r object to any of the proposed greenfi Not Answered		apply) - Support Greenfield - Object - Kir apply) - Support Greenfield - Object - We		
Do you support o Short Response Explanation Choice	r object to any of the proposed greenfi Not Answered				
Do you support o Short Response Explanation Choice	r object to any of the proposed greenfi Not Answered 12 B8 r object to any of the proposed greenfi				
Do you support o Short Response Explanation Choice Do you support o	r object to any of the proposed greenfi Not Answered 12 B8 r object to any of the proposed greenfi				

Customer Ref:	00003	Response Ref:	ANON-KU2U-GWVM-8	Supp	oorting Info				
Name	Holly Gillingham			Emai	il holly.gilling	ham@coll	liers.com		
Response Type	Agent / Consultan	t							
On behalf of:	LPBZ Commercial	Limited		ļ					
Choice	12 B9								
Do you support o	r object to any of th	ne proposed green	field areas? (Please tick all tha	t apply) - Supp	ort Greenfield	l - Object -	- East of Riccarton		
Short Response	Not Answered								
Explanation									
Choice	12 B10								
Do you support o	r object to any of th	ne proposed green	field areas? (Please tick all tha	t apply) - Supp	ort Greenfield	l - Object -	- South East Edinbu	irgh	
Short Response	Not Answered								
Explanation	LI								
Choice	12 BX								
Do you support o	r object to any of th	ne proposed green	field areas? (Please tick all tha	t apply) - Expla	ain why				
Short Response	Not Answered								
Explanation									

Customer Ref:	00003	Response Ref:	ANON-KU2U-GWVM-8	Suppo	orting Info		
Name	Holly Gillingham			Email	holly.gillingham@	colliers.com	
Response Type	Agent / Consultar	nt					
On behalf of:	LPBZ Commercial	Limited					
	L.						
Choice	12 C						
Do you have a gro	eenfield site you wi	sh us to consider i	n the proposed Plan? - Green	field file upload			
	•			•			
Short Response	No	Ţ					
	NO						
Explanation							
Choice	12 C						
Do you have a gro	eenfield site you wi	sh us to consider i	n the proposed Plan? - Green	field file upload			
Short Response	No						
Explanation		1					
Choice	12 C						
Do you have a gro	eenfield site you wi	sh us to consider i	n the proposed Plan? - Green	field file upload			
Short Response	No	Ī					
Explanation	L	1					

Customer Ref:	00003	Response Ref:	ANON-KU2U-GWVM-8	Suppo	orting Info]		
Name	Holly Gillingh	am		Email	holly.gilling	ham@colli	ers.com		
Response Type	Agent / Consu	ultant							
On behalf of:	LPBZ Comme	rcial Limited							
Choice	12 D								
Do you have a br	ownfield site yo	ou wish us to consider	in the proposed Plan? - Brown	field sites uploa	d				
Short Response	Yes								
Explanation									
Choice	13 A								
			for social enterprises, start-up agree with this? - Yes / No	s, culture and to	ourism, innov	ation and	learning, and t	he low carbon se	ector, where there
Short Response	Yes								
Explanation		•	ports social enterprises, startup ients therefore support propose		sm, innovatio	on, learning	and a low carb	on sector are su	pported by our
Choice	14 A								
inclusive, sustaina	able growth. We		ting public transport infrastruc an area of search' which allows No		-			•	
Short Response	Not Answered								
Explanation	Not Answered								

Customer Ref:	00003	Response Ref:	ANON-KU2U-GWVM-8	Supporting Info	
Name	Holly Gillingham			Email holly.gillingham@colliers.com	
Response Type	Agent / Consultant				
On behalf of:	LPBZ Commercial L	imited			
Choice	14 B				
	ve the safeguard in t is approach? - Yes /		for the Royal Highland Showg	round site to the south of the A8 at Norton Park and allocate the	e site for other uses. Do
	-		for the Royal Highland Showg	round site to the south of the A8 at Norton Park and allocate the	e site for other uses. Do
you agree with th	iis approach? - Yes /		for the Royal Highland Showg	round site to the south of the A8 at Norton Park and allocate the	e site for other uses. Do
you agree with th Short Response	iis approach? - Yes / Not Answered		for the Royal Highland Showg	round site to the south of the A8 at Norton Park and allocate the	e site for other uses. Do
you agree with th Short Response	iis approach? - Yes / Not Answered		for the Royal Highland Showg	round site to the south of the A8 at Norton Park and allocate the	e site for other uses. Do

interchange.	Do you agree	with this approach? -	Yes / No

Short Response	Not Answered
Explanation	Not Answered
Choice	15 A
	nue to use the national 'town centre first' approach. City Plan 2030 will protect and enhance the city centre as the regional core of south east Scotland ng, commercial leisure, and entertainment and tourism activities. Do you agree with this? - Yes / No

Short Response Yes

Customer Ref:	00003 Response Ref: ANON-KU2U-GWVM-8	Supporting Info
Name	Holly Gillingham	Email holly.gillingham@colliers.com
Response Type	Agent / Consultant	
On behalf of:	LPBZ Commercial Limited	

Choice 15 B

New shopping and leisure development will only be allowed within our town and local centres (including any new local centres) justified by the Commercial Needs study. Outwith local centres, small scale proposals will be permitted only in areas where there is evidence of a lack of food shopping within walking distance. Do you agree? - Yes / No

Short Response Yes

Explanation Edinburgh fortunately benefits from a healthy range of local, town and thriving city centres. Our clients support the policy option to seek to strengthen local and town centres, as these are often in sustainable locations with good transport connections that provide a range of goods, services and community facilities. Particularly the Town Centre designation indicated for Leith Walk and local centres in Leith which would be located within walking distance of the site at 2 Ocean Drive.Our clients therefore support the proposed changes A-E.

Choice 15 C

We want to review our existing town and local centres including the potential for new identified centres and boundary changes where they support walking and cycling access to local services in outer areas, consistent with the outcomes of the City Mobility Plan. Do you agree? - Yes / No

Short ResponseYesExplanationEdinburgh fortunately benefits from a healthy range of local, town and thriving city centres. Our clients support the policy option to seek to strengthen local
and town centres, as these are often in sustainable locations with good transport connections that provide a range of goods, services and community
facilities. Particularly the Town Centre designation indicated for Leith Walk and local centres in Leith which would be located within walking distance of the
site at 2 Ocean Drive.Our clients therefore support the proposed changes A-E.

Customer Ref:	00003	Response Ref:	ANON-KU2U-GWVM-8	Sup	porting Info					
Name	Holly Gillingham			Ema	il holly.gilling	gham@col	liers.com			
Response Type	Agent / Consultan	nt								
On behalf of:	LPBZ Commercial	Limited								
Choice	15 D									
balance of uses w	vithin our centres to	maintain their vi	entary guidance for our to tality, viability and deliver do you support? - Yes / N	good placemaking						
Short Response	Not Answered									
Explanation										
Choice	15 E									
We want to supp this approach? - `	•	sion in local, towr	n, commercial centres and	other locations wi	th good public	transport	access thro	ughout Edinb	urgh. Do you	ı agree with
Short Response	Not Answered									
Explanation										
Choice	15 G									
		-	orspace within centres in f with this approach? - Yes /		ve uses such as	increased	d leisure pro	vision and per	rmit commer	cial centres
Short Response	Vec									
Explanation	105									
скріанаціон										

Customer Ref:	00003 Response Ref: ANON-KU2L	J-GWVM-8 Supporting Info	
Name	Holly Gillingham	Email holly.gillingham@colliers.com	
Response Type	Agent / Consultant		
On behalf of:	LPBZ Commercial Limited		

We want to continue to support office use at strategic office locations at Edinburgh Park/South Gyle, the International Business Gateway, Leith, the city centre, and in town and local centres. Do you agree? - Yes / No

Short Response Yes

Explanation

Customer Ref:	00003 Response Ref: ANON-KU2U-GWVM-8	Supporting Info
Name	Holly Gillingham	Email holly.gillingham@colliers.com
Response Type	Agent / Consultant	
On behalf of:	LPBZ Commercial Limited	

We want to support office development at commercial centres as these also provide accessible locations. - Yes / No

Short Response Yes

Explanation An area of Leith (around Victoria Quay) has been designated as a strategic office location on maps 21 and 22. We note that much of this land comprises former commercial units which have been converted into residential flats (particularly at upper levels). We would therefore suggest that this area is widened and allocated for a mix of uses (to include the site at Ocean Drive) so that offices can come forward alongside residential uses to create the desired mixed use, sustainable community at the waterfront of Leith as per existing local development plan policy EW 1b. It will be important for the emerging local development plan to ensure that policy is in place to protect existing employment uses in Leith and encourage office development as part of any residential development proposed as there have been several applications in the surrounding area for the conversion of former office buildings to flats including: • 27 Ocean Drive- Ref: 16/06040/FUL (granted September 2018)- a loss of 397sqm of office space 20 - 24 Constitution Street- Ref: 15/05492/FUL (granted Feb 2016)- a loss of 100sgm of office space 12-18 Bernard Street- Ref: 16/04094/FUL (granted November 2016)- a loss of 508.2sgm of office spaceIn the determination of these applications the focus was placed on the suitability of the buildings from a residential amenity perspective and impact on the surrounding transport networks. The loss of the office accommodation was not considered by the case officer. However cumulatively, these applications have resulted in a significant loss of office floorspace (over 1000sqm) in the surrounding area. Our clients note that the Option A of the council's approach to delivering housing involves the use of large quantities of employment land for high density housing which would further expediate the growing loss of employment land within the city boundary. As the economy progresses and grows, the lost employment land will be required elsewhere in the plan area and therefore pressure may be put on the outer areas of Edinburgh including greenfield locations. Our clients support the proposed change A which will support office use at strategic office locations, although would seek the boundary of the Leith strategic office location to be reviewed and a more appropriate larger mixed use area to include 2 Ocean Drive to be identified. Our clients would also support the requirement to provide significant office floorspace within major mixed-use developments. Our clients also support change B but would suggest the loss of office policy should just apply in the city centre as per change D rather than C so that future mixed use developments outside the city centre retain a degree of flexibility.

Customer Ref:	00003 Response Ref: ANON-KU2U-GWVM-8	Supporting Info
Name	Holly Gillingham	Email holly.gillingham@colliers.com
Response Type	Agent / Consultant	
On behalf of:	LPBZ Commercial Limited	

We want to strengthen the requirement within the city centre to provide significant office floorspace within major mixed-use developments. Do you agree? - Yes / No

Short Response Yes

Explanation

Customer Ref:	00003 Response Ref: ANON-KU	2U-GWVM-8 Suppo	orting Info
Name	Holly Gillingham	Email	holly.gillingham@colliers.com
Response Type	Agent / Consultant		
On behalf of:	LPBZ Commercial Limited		

We want to amend the boundary of the Leith strategic office location to remove areas with residential development consent. Do you agree? - Yes / No

Short Response Yes

Explanation An area of Leith (around Victoria Quay) has been designated as a strategic office location on maps 21 and 22. We note that much of this land comprises former commercial units which have been converted into residential flats (particularly at upper levels). We would therefore suggest that this area is widened and allocated for a mix of uses (to include the site at Ocean Drive) so that offices can come forward alongside residential uses to create the desired mixed use, sustainable community at the waterfront of Leith as per existing local development plan policy EW 1b. It will be important for the emerging local development plan to ensure that policy is in place to protect existing employment uses in Leith and encourage office development as part of any residential development proposed as there have been several applications in the surrounding area for the conversion of former office buildings to flats including: • 27 Ocean Drive- Ref: 16/06040/FUL (granted September 2018)- a loss of 397sqm of office space 20 - 24 Constitution Street- Ref: 15/05492/FUL (granted Feb 2016)- a loss of 100sgm of office space 12-18 Bernard Street- Ref: 16/04094/FUL (granted November 2016)- a loss of 508.2sgm of office spaceIn the determination of these applications the focus was placed on the suitability of the buildings from a residential amenity perspective and impact on the surrounding transport networks. The loss of the office accommodation was not considered by the case officer. However cumulatively, these applications have resulted in a significant loss of office floorspace (over 1000sqm) in the surrounding area. Our clients note that the Option A of the council's approach to delivering housing involves the use of large quantities of employment land for high density housing which would further expediate the growing loss of employment land within the city boundary. As the economy progresses and grows, the lost employment land will be required elsewhere in the plan area and therefore pressure may be put on the outer areas of Edinburgh including greenfield locations. Our clients support the proposed change A which will support office use at strategic office locations, although would seek the boundary of the Leith strategic office location to be reviewed and a more appropriate larger mixed use area to include 2 Ocean Drive to be identified. Our clients would also support the requirement to provide significant office floorspace within major mixed-use developments. Our clients also support change B but would suggest the loss of office policy should just apply in the city centre as per change D rather than C so that future mixed use developments outside the city centre retain a degree of flexibility.

Customer Ref:	00003 Response Ref: ANON-KU2U-GWVM-8	Supporting Info
Name	Holly Gillingham	Email holly.gillingham@colliers.com
Response Type	Agent / Consultant	
On behalf of:	LPBZ Commercial Limited	

We want to continue to support office development in other accessible locations elsewhere in the urban area. Do you agree? - Yes / No

Short Response Yes

An area of Leith (around Victoria Quay) has been designated as a strategic office location on maps 21 and 22. We note that much of this land comprises Explanation former commercial units which have been converted into residential flats (particularly at upper levels). We would therefore suggest that this area is widened and allocated for a mix of uses (to include the site at Ocean Drive) so that offices can come forward alongside residential uses to create the desired mixed use, sustainable community at the waterfront of Leith as per existing local development plan policy EW 1b. It will be important for the emerging local development plan to ensure that policy is in place to protect existing employment uses in Leith and encourage office development as part of any residential development proposed as there have been several applications in the surrounding area for the conversion of former office buildings to flats including: • 27 Ocean Drive- Ref: 16/06040/FUL (granted September 2018)- a loss of 397sqm of office space 20 - 24 Constitution Street- Ref: 15/05492/FUL (granted Feb 2016)- a loss of 100sgm of office space 12-18 Bernard Street- Ref: 16/04094/FUL (granted November 2016)- a loss of 508.2sgm of office spaceIn the determination of these applications the focus was placed on the suitability of the buildings from a residential amenity perspective and impact on the surrounding transport networks. The loss of the office accommodation was not considered by the case officer. However cumulatively, these applications have resulted in a significant loss of office floorspace (over 1000sqm) in the surrounding area. Our clients note that the Option A of the council's approach to delivering housing involves the use of large quantities of employment land for high density housing which would further expediate the growing loss of employment land within the city boundary. As the economy progresses and grows, the lost employment land will be required elsewhere in the plan area and therefore pressure may be put on the outer areas of Edinburgh including greenfield locations. Our clients support the proposed change A which will support office use at strategic office locations, although would seek the boundary of the Leith strategic office location to be reviewed and a more appropriate larger mixed use area to include 2 Ocean Drive to be identified. Our clients would also support the requirement to provide significant office floorspace within major mixed-use developments. Our clients also support change B but would suggest the loss of office policy should just apply in the city centre as per change D rather than C so that future mixed use developments outside the city centre retain a degree of flexibility.

Customer Ref:	00003 Response Ref: ANON-KU2U-GWVM-8	Supporting Info
Name	Holly Gillingham	Email holly.gillingham@colliers.com
Response Type	Agent / Consultant	
On behalf of:	LPBZ Commercial Limited	

We want to continue to support office development in other accessible locations elsewhere in the urban area. Do you agree? - Do you have an office site you wish us to consider in the proposed Plan?

Short Response Yes

Customer Ref:	00003 Response Ref: ANON-KU2U-GWVM-8	Supporting Info
Name	Holly Gillingham	Email holly.gillingham@colliers.com
Response Type	Agent / Consultant	
On behalf of:	LPBZ Commercial Limited	

We want to identify sites and locations within Edinburgh with potential for office development. Do you agree with this? - Yes/No

Short Response Yes

An area of Leith (around Victoria Quay) has been designated as a strategic office location on maps 21 and 22. We note that much of this land comprises Explanation former commercial units which have been converted into residential flats (particularly at upper levels). We would therefore suggest that this area is widened and allocated for a mix of uses (to include the site at Ocean Drive) so that offices can come forward alongside residential uses to create the desired mixed use, sustainable community at the waterfront of Leith as per existing local development plan policy EW 1b. It will be important for the emerging local development plan to ensure that policy is in place to protect existing employment uses in Leith and encourage office development as part of any residential development proposed as there have been several applications in the surrounding area for the conversion of former office buildings to flats including: • 27 Ocean Drive- Ref: 16/06040/FUL (granted September 2018)- a loss of 397sqm of office space 20 - 24 Constitution Street- Ref: 15/05492/FUL (granted Feb 2016)- a loss of 100sgm of office space 12-18 Bernard Street- Ref: 16/04094/FUL (granted November 2016)- a loss of 508.2sgm of office spaceIn the determination of these applications the focus was placed on the suitability of the buildings from a residential amenity perspective and impact on the surrounding transport networks. The loss of the office accommodation was not considered by the case officer. However cumulatively, these applications have resulted in a significant loss of office floorspace (over 1000sqm) in the surrounding area. Our clients note that the Option A of the council's approach to delivering housing involves the use of large quantities of employment land for high density housing which would further expediate the growing loss of employment land within the city boundary. As the economy progresses and grows, the lost employment land will be required elsewhere in the plan area and therefore pressure may be put on the outer areas of Edinburgh including greenfield locations. Our clients support the proposed change A which will support office use at strategic office locations, although would seek the boundary of the Leith strategic office location to be reviewed and a more appropriate larger mixed use area to include 2 Ocean Drive to be identified. Our clients would also support the requirement to provide significant office floorspace within major mixed-use developments. Our clients also support change B but would suggest the loss of office policy should just apply in the city centre as per change D rather than C so that future mixed use developments outside the city centre retain a degree of flexibility.

Customor Pofe	00002 Permanese Pefr	Supporting Info	
Customer Ref:	00003 Response Ref: ANON-KU2U-GWVM-8	Supporting Info	
Name	Holly Gillingham	Email holly.gillingham@colliers.com	
Response Type	Agent / Consultant		
On behalf of:	LPBZ Commercial Limited		
Choice	16 C		
use, unless existin	ng office space is provided as part of denser development. This wou	n. This would not permit the redevelopment of office buildings other than for office Id apply across the city to recognise that office locations outwith the city centre and re could Introduce a 'loss of office' policy only in the city centre Yes / No	
Short Response	I support a loss of		
Explanation	I support a loss of office policy in the city centre and suggest the loss of office policy should just apply in the city centre as per change D rather than C so that future mixed use developments outside the city centre retain a degree of flexibility.		
	16 E1		
	ity proposals for new modern business and industrial sites to provide rategic Business Centre	e necessary floorspace at the following locations. Do you agree? - Yes / No -	
Short Response	Vac		
Explanation			
Explanation			
Choice	16 E2		
We want to ident Support - Newbrid		e necessary floorspace at the following locations. Do you agree? - Yes / No -	
Short Response	Not Answered		
Explanation			

Customer Ref:	00003 Response Ref	ANON-KU2U-GWVM-8	Supporting Info
Name	Holly Gillingham		Email holly.gillingham@colliers.com
Response Type	Agent / Consultant		
On behalf of:	LPBZ Commercial Limited		
Choice	16 E3		
		ness and industrial sites to provide	e necessary floorspace at the following locations. Do you agree? - Yes / No -
upport - Newcrai	ighall Industrial Estate.		
Short Response	Not Answered		
•	Not Answered		
Explanation			
Choice	16 E4		
We want to identi Support - The Cros		ness and industrial sites to provide	e necessary floorspace at the following locations. Do you agree? - Yes / No -
	sswinds Kanway		
Short Response	Not Answered		
•	Not Answered		
•	Not Answered		
Short Response			
Explanation	16 E5		
Explanation Choice We want to identif	16 E5 fy proposals for new modern busir	າess and industrial sites to provide	e necessary floorspace at the following locations. Do you agree? - Yes / No - Do no
Explanation Choice We want to identif	16 E5	າess and industrial sites to provide	e necessary floorspace at the following locations. Do you agree? - Yes / No - Do no

Customer Ref:	00003 Response Ref: ANON-KU2U-GWVM-8	Supporting Info
Name	Holly Gillingham	Email holly.gillingham@colliers.com
Response Type	Agent / Consultant	
On behalf of:	LPBZ Commercial Limited	
Choice	16 E6	
We want to identi support - Newbrid		ovide necessary floorspace at the following locations. Do you agree? - Yes / No - Do not
Short Response Explanation	Not Answered	
Choice	16 E7	
	fy proposals for new modern business and industrial sites to proghall Industrial Estate.	ovide necessary floorspace at the following locations. Do you agree? - Yes / No - Do not
Short Response Explanation	Not Answered	
Choice	16 E8	
We want to identi support - The Cros		ovide necessary floorspace at the following locations. Do you agree? - Yes / No - Do not
Short Response	Not Answered	
Explanation		

Customer Ref:	00003 Response Ref: ANON-KU2U-C	GWVM-8 Supporting Info
Name	Holly Gillingham	Email holly.gillingham@colliers.com
Response Type	Agent / Consultant	
On behalf of:	LPBZ Commercial Limited	
Choice	16 EX	
We want to ident	ify proposals for new modern business and industrial	l sites to provide necessary floorspace at the following locations. Do you agree? - Explain why
Short Response	Not Answered	
Explanation		
Explanation		
Choice	16 F	
[vales ment of when sites and considered in Diace Driefs for grounfield sites. We want to get out the
amount expected		velopment of urban sites and considered in Place Briefs for greenfield sites. We want to set out the tes flexible business space, and how to deliver it, including the location on-site, and considering
Short Response	Yes	
Explanation		
Choice	16 G	
We want to conti	nue to protect industrial estates that are designated	under our current policy on Employment Sites and Premises (Emp 8). Do you agree? - Yes / No
Short Response	Not Answered	

Explanation

Customer Ref:	00003 Response Ref: ANON-KU2U-GWVM-8	Supporting Info
Name	Holly Gillingham	Email holly.gillingham@colliers.com
Response Type	Agent / Consultant	
On behalf of:	LPBZ Commercial Limited	
Choice	16 H	
We want to intro	duce a policy that provides criteria for locations that we would supp	oort city-wide and neighbourhood goods distribution hubs. Do you agree? - Yes / No
Short Response	Not Answered	
Explanation		



City of Edinburgh Council Main Issues Report – Choices for City Plan 2030

APRIL 2020

COLLIERS INTERNATIONAL

LPBZ COMMERCIAL LIMITED

Accelerating success.

COLLIERS INTERNATIONAL PROPERTY CONSULTANTS LIMITED

Company registered in England and Wales no. 7996509 Registered office: 50 George Street London W1U 7GA

Tel: +44 20 7935 4499 www.colliers.com/uk

Colliers International 1 Exchange Crescent Conference Square Edinburgh EH3 8AN

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		17

4 SUMMARY

19

1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 OVERVIEW

LPBZ Commercial Limited welcome the opportunity to comment on the City of Edinburgh Council Main Issues Report – Choices for City Plan 2030.

LPBZ Commercial Limited own the land outlined in red on the accompanying site plan in Appendix 1. The site is 0.6Ha in size and have planning permission to be occupied in Class 4 office use (granted planning permission for a change of use from a casino in May 2019 ref: 19/01801/FUL) and a large area of car parking (approximately 0.2ha). The office building provides circa 18,000sqft of accommodation over two floors and will be occupied by Build a Rocket Boy Games.



Figure 1: View of site from the South

Two Ocean Drive is located in an accessible location with both night and day bus service number 16 operating from Bernard Street which is a 5-minute walk from the site to the south. This service provides links from the site throughout Edinburgh. Additionally, councillors approved an extension to Edinburgh's tram line in March 2019. The extended line should be operational in the first quarter of 2023 and will include a stop directly outside the office building. This will provide the site with a direct tram link to Ocean Terminal, the new St James Development, the centre of Edinburgh including Waverly, Haymarket, Edinburgh Gateway and Edinburgh Park railway stations and Edinburgh Airport.

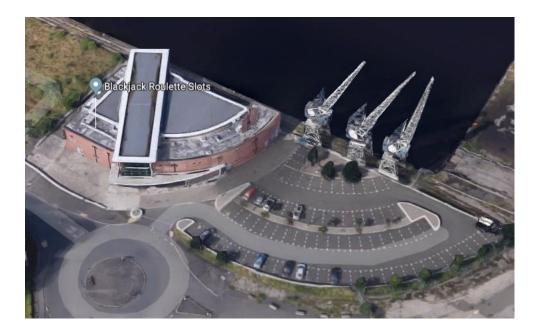


Figure 2: Satellite View of 2 Ocean Drive

The site is located within an area with a mix of uses. New build residential development is located to the west and south with industrial uses to the south east and Forth Ports docklands to the north. An application for 57 residential flats on the vacant site directly to the south east was granted at appeal in January 2018 (ref: 14/05127/FUL).

There are is no floodrisk identified on the site.

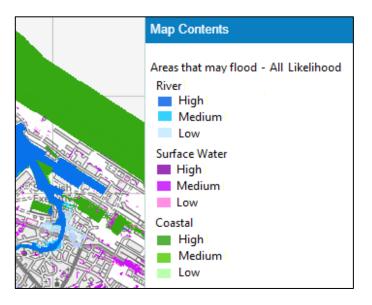


Figure 3: Extract from SEPA Floodrisk Map



The current Edinburgh Local Development Plan (2016) includes the following designations for the site:

- Edinburgh Waterfront: Central Leith Waterfront (EW 1b)
- Designated Conservation Area: Leith
- Urban Area
- A Cycle/footpath safeguarded route sits to the north
- Tram Route Safeguard located to the south

The site is not listed but Leith Docks, Albert Dock with swing bridge located to the north of the site is Category B listed.

The Central Leith Waterfront area (EW 1b) aims to achieve a mixed-use regeneration of this area to provide a significant number of new homes.



2 SCOTTISH PLANNING POLICY (SPP)

2.1 CONTEXT

The purpose of the SPP is to set out national planning policies which reflect Scottish Ministers' priorities for operation of the planning system and for the development and use of land. It is non-statutory, but the SPP is a material consideration that carries significant weight. In new planning reforms the SPP is to be incorporated within the National Planning Framework in the future, consolidating the Scottish Government spatial strategy and planning policy. This change will make Scottish Planning policy part of the development plan, however for the time being it remains a material consideration.

The SPP focuses on plan making, planning decisions and development design on the Scottish Government's Purpose of creating a more successful country, with opportunities for all of Scotland to flourish, through increasing sustainable economic growth.

For planning to make a positive difference, development plans and new development need to contribute to achieving a successful, sustainable place by supporting sustainable economic growth and regeneration, and the creation of well-designed, sustainable places. The SPP introduces a presumption in favour of development that contributes to sustainable development.

2.2 LOCAL DEVELOPMENT PLANS

The SPP sets out the overall aims of the Development plan which should:

- be consistent with the policies set out in this SPP, including the presumption in favour of development that contributes to sustainable development;
- positively seek opportunities to meet the development needs of the plan area in a way which is flexible enough to adapt to changing circumstances over time;
- support existing business sectors, taking account of whether they are expanding or contracting and, where possible, identify and plan for new or emerging sectors likely to locate in their area;

- be up-to-date, place-based and enabling with a spatial strategy that is implemented through policies and proposals; and
- set out a spatial strategy which is both sustainable and deliverable, providing confidence to stakeholders that the outcomes can be achieved.

In developing the spatial strategy, planning authorities should identify the most sustainable locations for longer-term development.

In enabling the delivery of new homes, the planning system should:

- identify a generous supply of land for each housing market area within the plan area to support the achievement of the housing land requirement across all tenures, maintaining at least a 5-year supply of effective housing land at all times;
- enable provision of a range of attractive, well-designed, energy efficient, good quality housing, contributing to the creation of successful and sustainable places; and
- have a sharp focus on the delivery of allocated sites embedded in action programmes, informed by strong engagement with stakeholders.

Plans should be informed by a robust housing need and demand assessment (HNDA). This assessment provides part of the evidence base to inform both local housing strategies and development plans (including the main issues report). It should produce results both at the level of the functional housing market area and at local authority level, and cover all tenures. Plans should address the supply of land for all housing. The housing supply target is a policy view of the number of homes the authority has agreed will be delivered in each housing market area over the periods of the development plan. The target should be reasonable, should properly reflect the HNDA estimate of housing demand in the market sector, and should be supported by compelling evidence.

Local development plans in city regions should allocate a range of sites which are effective or expected to become effective in the plan period to meet the housing land requirement of the strategic development plan up to year 10 from the expected year of adoption. They should provide for a minimum of 5 years effective land supply at all times. In allocating sites, planning authorities should be confident that land can be brought forward for development within the plan period and that the range of sites allocated will enable the housing supply target to be met.



Local development plans should allocate appropriate sites to support the creation of sustainable mixed communities and successful places and help to ensure the continued delivery of new housing.

It is against this policy backdrop that the Council is producing its new Local Development Plan.



3 CHOICES FOR CITY PLAN 2030

3.1 GENERAL COMMENTARY

The first planning consideration for our clients is the significant challenge Edinburgh Council faces in terms of meeting and delivering its required housing needs in full in the plan period, over the next decade. A long-term issue for Edinburgh is that it has been unable to meet its housing demand in full, a long-standing issue that Scottish Government is keen, as are developers, for the Edinburgh Council to resolve.

The second planning consideration for our clients is the current lack of office supply in Edinburgh. The research by Savills (May 2019) stated that supply in Edinburgh city centre has been on a downward trend since 2009 and is now at an all-time low. This is mainly due to the lack of new purpose-built offices being developed as developers are favouring hotel and student accommodation developments which are more profitable and existing office space being converted to residential or hotel uses as demonstrated in the planning history section of this statement. Additionally, there are a lack of suitable sites in Edinburgh for brand new grade A office space. As the city is covered by a world heritage site designation there are planning challenges to be overcome in terms of heritage and there are restrictions in terms of height and design. This has also resulted in a lack of pipeline office developments as the land is not available and the development economics do not stack up. This suggests that a lack of supply may cause certain organisations to consider opportunities outside the city's boundaries. Edinburgh's city centre office availability has been reducing since 2012 and take-up activity during 2019 has seen the majority of new developments being wholly or partially pre-let.

While the city centre remains the focus for most organisations, not all require a central location and supply restrictions may see a movement of these occupiers to more peripheral and locations. As a result, it is essential that brownfield sites within the city boundary are allocated for mixed use development to meet some of this pentup demand and to facilitate the continued growth of Edinburgh's economy.

Given its brownfield location within the urban area of Leith, its proximity to key transport nodes with connections throughout the city, the current desire to minimise the use of the private car in Edinburgh and the lack of available brownfield sites in Edinburgh for housing and office development, it is considered that the car park element of the site at 2 Ocean Drive should be allocated in the emerging development plan for a high density mixed use development. Commentary is provided in this submission on the series of choices outlined by the Council in the Main Issues Report and the supporting documentation.

The Choices for City Plan 2030 document sets out a statement which outlines the vision for Edinburgh;

'By 2030, we want Edinburgh to be ..'

- A sustainable city which supports everyone's physical and mental wellbeing
- A city which everyone lives in a home they can afford
- A city where you don't need to own a car to move around
- A city where everyone shares in its economic success.

These are laudable aims and objectives for the new Local Development Plan to have and are supported. In particular the aim that everyone lives in a home they can afford is a particularly significant challenge and one which our client can assist with in providing land to the housing market for development.

Below we have addressed the individual 'Choices' outlined in the consultation document that are relevant to our client.

3.2 CHOICE TWO – IMPROVING QUALITY, DENSITY AND ACCESSIBILITY OF DEVELOPMENT

The efficient use of land is encouraged by Scottish Planning Policy so we support the proposed changes in choice 2. As the car park site is located in a highly accessible, brownfield location in close proximity to existing high density development, we believe that the plan should identify this location as being suitable for higher density housing development with a vertical mix of uses to support the efficient use of this land.

3.3 CHOICE THREE – CARBON NEUTRAL BUILDINGS

Our clients recognise that there is a requirement to reduce carbon emissions through both good design and use of low and zero carbon generating technologies. We note the Council's aim for all buildings in Edinburgh to be zero carbon by 2030 and 50% of the carbon reduction target being met through low and zero carbon generating technologies. However, our clients believe that emissions standards for new buildings should continue to sit within the building standards regulatory regime and not the planning system. This causes needless duplication, when the focus should be on maximising the efficiency of existing planning resource. Therefore, apart from an overall Edinburgh Council view of seeking to achieve carbon neutral buildings, this should not result in a bespoke planning policy in the LDP.

3.4 CHOICE FOUR – CREATING PLACE BRIEFS AND SUPPORTING COMMUNITY LOCAL PLACE PLANS

The ambition of CEC to have Place Briefs prepared in conjunction with local communities for all new housing sites is a significant increase in consultation requirements, especially for those sites below 2Ha in size and which are not major applications. It is considered that Place Briefs are best suited to strategic sites and that education, transport and infrastructure provision is best led by expert advice and evidence. There also requires to be a leading role for landowners and developers in the preparation of Place Briefs and the policy should be appropriately worded to involve landowners in this process.

The new Planning Act allows for Local Place Plans (LPP) to be prepared by local communities and set proposals for development of land of particular significance to a local area. However, it should also be highlighted that the LPP requires to adhere to the LDP and the policy should not the purpose of Local Place Plans should be to guide, not prevent development.

Our clients do not support proposed changes A and B and consider option C should be retained. If options A and B are taken forward recognition of the role landowners should play in the plan-making process should be acknowledged.

3.5 CHOICE FIVE – DELIVERING COMMUNITY INFRASTRUCTURE

Our clients concur with the Council's view that development should be directed to where there is existing or under-utilised infrastructure. If new infrastructure is required, improvements are sought and investment needed, then this requires to be guided by Planning Circular 3/2012 – Planning Obligations and the associated tests and also legal court judgements. A developer contribution must be proportionate and directly relevant to the development proposal. In addition, it is important that the Council notes that putting too much burden upon developers, and ultimately



landowners, to pay for infrastructure as developments can become unviable and land withdrawn from the market.

It is noted that in relation to Education infrastructure, key to the delivery of new housing, that two new non-denominational primary schools and one new non-denominational secondary school are considered to be required to support development in North Edinburgh. It is key when the council consider delivering this key infrastructure that they take into account the actual pupil numbers that will be produced by housing schemes. Denser developments over 65 units per hectare will be unlikely to deliver family housing (such as at the existing car park site).

The delivery of Healthcare infrastructure is contingent upon the NHS engaging with the plan-making process and development management process. The provision of appropriate health care to serve new developments is often a key concern of local communities during the planning application process and problems could often be reduced by better engagement by the health authorities and GP surgeries in the planning process. It is noted that a Healthcare Appraisal is to accompany the Proposed Plan and this is welcomed, provided the NHS appropriately input into its content.

Transport Infrastructure is key to the delivery of new development. As above it is important that any developer contributions to facilitate this are proportionate and meet the tests of the Planning Obligations circular.

Our clients therefore support proposed changes A – E.

3.6 CHOICE SIX – PEOPLE NOT CARS

Our clients would support the principle that new developments prioritise public transport, walking and cycling as mode of transports and support the proposed changes. The replacement of this existing car park, which currently encourages the use of the private car, will help to meet this aim. Additionally, as previously discussed, this site is well located in terms of existing and future public transport provision.

Our clients therefore support proposed changes A and B.

3.7 CHOICE SEVEN – REDUCE CAR USE

The key to reducing car use in Edinburgh is the provision of new and improved public transport, and an interactive approach between methods of transport; bus, trams, walking and cycling. If improved public transport provision is not provided alongside

developments then a modal shift from car to sustainable transport will not occur. We would support the proposed changes to the plan as outlined provided the requisite improvements and provision of public transport can be delivered at the outset of development.

Our clients therefore support proposed changes A-E.

3.8 CHOICE EIGHT – DELIVERING NEW WALKING/CYCLING ROUTES

The aim to provide new walking and cycling routes is laudable. Our clients believe that a review of the entire cycle/footpath network in the city should be undertaken, where deficiencies or improvements can be identified then these should be highlighted. Any request for development to contribute to these should be proportionate and relevant to the development proposal, as well as meeting all the tests of Circular 3/2012.

The proposals for the Edinburgh Waterfront Promenade and the Pilrig Park to Pirrie Street link, as outlined on Map five in the choices document is welcomed.

Our clients therefore support proposed changes A-C

3.9 CHOICE TEN - CREATING SUSTAINABLE COMMUNITIES

Our clients support the aim to increase the number of new homes in Edinburgh including affordable housing. However, we would caution against the requirement for proposals for student housing, hotels, and short-stay commercial visitor accommodation to provide 50% of the site for housing. This may well be a disincentive for investment in Edinburgh for specific types of developers.

Our clients therefore do not support the changes and consider the current policy approach should continue with options D & E.

3.10 CHOICE ELEVEN – AFFORDABLE HOUSING

Whilst the Council's aspiration to build 20,000 affordable homes is noted, the aim to increase the affordable housing requirement to 35% from 25% requires to be carefully considered. Addressing affordability will require an element of subsidised affordable housing, but this should not be seen as the only policy mechanism necessary to address the issue. The focus requires to be on providing more housing of all tenures.

We note the proposed change from delivering 25% affordable housing land requirement to 35%. We note that this is an Edinburgh Council policy and not one that is supported by the existing Scottish Planning Policy which states that the 'level of affordable housing required as a contribution within a market site should 'generally be no more than 25% of the total numbers of houses' in paragraph 129.

In the absence of any Scottish Government policy allowing this, then we suggest the level of required affordable housing should remain as 25% and therefore we support option C under this choice. If the Council pursue the additional 10% affordable units then these should be as a palatable option for developers which can provide them with a financial return, such as unsubsidized Low-Cost Home Ownership. An alternative for use of the additional 10% would be to use it for provision of housing for older people as required by the new Planning Act.

3.11 CHOICE TWELVE – BUILDING NEW HOMES AND INFRASTRUCTURE

Choice twelve recognises the need for new homes to be built in Edinburgh and this will involve identifying new land for housing across the city.

The South-East Scotland (SESPlan) Strategic Development Plan (SDP) was approved in 2013 and does not break down housing requirements by local authority area beyond 2024. The evidence base for this MIR is therefore dated. We do concur that under the circumstances, with SESPlan2 being rejected by Scottish Ministers in 2019, it is reasonable that the Edinburgh target is set using the more updated HNDA 2 (2015).

Our client support the Councils' aim to provide over 20,000 affordable homes to 2032.

Choices 2030 sets out two options for a housing target, as follows:

- Preferred Option: 43,400 homes between 2019-32, comprised of 20,800 affordable homes and the market output for the HNDA 2 Wealth Distribution Scenario less completions between 2012 and 2019.
- Alternative Option: 52,800 homes between 2019-32, comprised of 20,800 affordable homes and the market output for the HNDA 2 Wealth Distribution Scenario less completions between 2012 and 2019.

Both options fall some way short of meeting housing need and demand in full. The preferred option would meet just 65% of identified need and demand in the HNDA 2 Wealth Distribution Scenario. The alternative option would meet 79% of identified



need and demand in the HNDA 2 Wealth Distribution Scenario or 65% of the Strong Economic Growth Scenario.

Choices 2030 and the Housing Study do not adequately justify why housing need and demand cannot be met in full. There is a reference to the other factors involved in setting the housing target in SPP (para. 115), but it is not explained in any detail why a downward adjustment from the HNDA output is considered to be justified. This is an important point given the historic severe undersupply of housing and housing land in Edinburgh and merits further significant attention.

The alternative target of 52,800 homes is discounted because it is argued that the supporting evidence to the HNDA suggested the Strong Economic Growth Scenarios was unrealistic. However, this evidence was produced in 2013 (Oxford Economics reference) and applied to the whole SESPlan region. It is not considered that these conclusions remain relevant to Edinburgh in 2020 or indeed the next decade to 2030.

Taking these factors into consideration we consider that the higher Housing Supply Target (HST) of 52,800 between 2019-32 is the most appropriate target. This equates to approximately 79% of the middle HNDA output. The Edinburgh housing market has self-containment in moves of between 81% and 90%. 79% is close to the lower threshold, but the unmet need and demand will need to be met elsewhere.

Our clients believe that the CEC should review the submissions to the MIR and then seek to ascertain how the land required for the full range of housing provision is met. To outline that land will either be provided by the Council and its partners or through market housing does not reflect the collaboration needed, to ensure all tenure provision is provided for in full, in Edinburgh, over the next decade.

To deliver new homes in the most sustainable manner, CEC have expressed a preferred option of these being delivered by the Council and its partners within the urban area, a brownfield sites approach. Our clients recognise the importance of reusing previously developed land as a key objective of the planning system and therefore suggest that the car park site is included in this land supply.

Our clients believe that overall, a balanced approach is required with a combination of brownfield and greenfield sites coming forward over the next decade to maximise the prospects of Edinburgh delivering the full range of homes it needs for its residents.

We note that the Council's preferred option of delivery of high density brownfield land in which the Council will have to intervene, potentially using Compulsory Purchase powers, is outlined in the Choices document as possibly not being financially viable. The acquisition of private land through Compulsory Purchase Powers, and its subsequent delivery for housing should not be underestimated and will represent a significant drain on Council resources over a long period of time.

Of the options suggested in the Choices document Option C would be our clients preferred option and seems the most pragmatic approach to delivering the much needed housing.

We note that page 46 allocates urban area housing led mixed use sites and note that the site to the south has been allocated but not the car park site. We would request that this area of red is expanded to include the car park site as we believe that this is a suitable site for a mixed use residential/office scheme.

We therefore support Option C and reiterate that our clients' land is available to form part of an allocation at the waterfront of Leith, which we consider appropriate for mixed use development.

3.12 CHOICE THIRTEEN – INNOVATION, UNIVERSITIES AND CULTURE

A policy provision in the LDP that supports social enterprises, startups, culture, tourism, innovation, learning and a low carbon sector are supported by our clients, as these enrich the City.

Our clients therefore support proposed change A.

3.13 CHOICE FIFTEEN – PROTECTING CITY, TOWN AND LOCAL CENTRES

Edinburgh fortunately benefits from a healthy range of local, town and thriving city centres. Our clients support the policy option to seek to strengthen local and town centres, as these are often in sustainable locations with good transport connections that provide a range of goods, services and community facilities. Particularly the Town Centre designation indicated for Leith Walk and local centres in Leith which would be located within walking distance of the site at 2 Ocean Drive.

Our clients therefore support the proposed changes A-E.

3.14 CHOICE SIXTEEN – DELIVERING OFFICE, BUSINESS AND INDUSTRIAL FLOORSPACE

An area of Leith (around Victoria Quay) has been designated as a strategic office location on maps 21 and 22. We note that much of this land comprises former commercial units which have been converted into residential flats (particularly at upper levels). We would therefore suggest that this area is widened and allocated for a mix of uses (to include the site at Ocean Drive) so that offices can come forward alongside residential uses to create the desired mixed use, sustainable community at the waterfront of Leith as per existing local development plan policy EW 1b. It will be important for the emerging local development plan to ensure that policy is in place to protect existing employment uses in Leith and encourage office development as part of any residential development proposed as there have been several applications in the surrounding area for the conversion of former office buildings to flats including:

- 27 Ocean Drive- Ref: 16/06040/FUL (granted September 2018)- a loss of 397sqm of office space
- 20 24 Constitution Street- Ref: 15/05492/FUL (granted Feb 2016)- a loss of 100sqm of office space
- 12-18 Bernard Street- Ref: 16/04094/FUL (granted November 2016)- a loss of 508.2sqm of office space

In the determination of these applications the focus was placed on the suitability of the buildings from a residential amenity perspective and impact on the surrounding transport networks. The loss of the office accommodation was not considered by the case officer. However cumulatively, these applications have resulted in a significant loss of office floorspace (over 1000sqm) in the surrounding area.

Our clients note that the Option A of the council's approach to delivering housing involves the use of large quantities of employment land for high density housing which would further expediate the growing loss of employment land within the city boundary. As the economy progresses and grows, the lost employment land will be required elsewhere in the plan area and therefore pressure may be put on the outer areas of Edinburgh including greenfield locations.

Our clients support the proposed change A which will support office use at strategic office locations, although would seek the boundary of the Leith strategic office location to be reviewed and a more appropriate larger mixed use area to include 2 Ocean Drive to be identified. Our clients would also support the requirement to provide significant office floorspace within major mixed-use developments. Our clients also support change B but would suggest the loss of office policy should just apply in the city centre as per change D rather than C so that future mixed use developments outside the city centre retain a degree of flexibility.



4 SUMMARY

Overall, we believe that the City Choices for 2030 provides an opportunity for the potential of the car park area at 2 Ocean Drive to deliver mixed use development and the boundaries allocated for a mix of uses/office uses in Leith. This can allow for a site specific allocation in the forthcoming Local Development Plan at this location, our clients landholding at 2 Ocean Drive. The site is located within a highly accessible location and therefore would be suitable for high density residential and/or office development. The redevelopment of this site would result in the loss of a large car park which currently encourages the use of the private car, and underutilises the development potential of this brownfield site within the urban area. We therefore respectively request that this site is included within the forthcoming City of Edinburgh Council Local Development Plan for mixed use development as part of the wider redevelopment of the Leith Waterfront area.





APPENDIX 1

Site Location Plan: 2 Ocean Drive, Edinburgh, EH6 6JB





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CONTACT DETAILS

Tel: 0131 240 7500

Colliers International 1 Exchange Crescent Conference Square Edinburgh EH3 8AN

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City of Edinburgh Council Main Issues Report – Choices for City Plan 2030

APRIL 2020

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LPBZ COMMERCIAL LIMITED

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COLLIERS INTERNATIONAL PROPERTY CONSULTANTS LIMITED

Company registered in England and Wales no. 7996509 Registered office: 50 George Street London W1U 7GA

Tel: +44 20 7935 4499 www.colliers.com/uk

Colliers International 1 Exchange Crescent Conference Square Edinburgh EH3 8AN

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4 SUMMARY

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1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 OVERVIEW

LPBZ Commercial Limited welcome the opportunity to comment on the City of Edinburgh Council Main Issues Report – Choices for City Plan 2030.

LPBZ Commercial Limited own the land outlined in red on the accompanying site plan in Appendix 1. The site is 0.6Ha in size and have planning permission to be occupied in Class 4 office use (granted planning permission for a change of use from a casino in May 2019 ref: 19/01801/FUL) and a large area of car parking (approximately 0.2ha). The office building provides circa 18,000sqft of accommodation over two floors and will be occupied by Build a Rocket Boy Games.



Figure 1: View of site from the South

Two Ocean Drive is located in an accessible location with both night and day bus service number 16 operating from Bernard Street which is a 5-minute walk from the site to the south. This service provides links from the site throughout Edinburgh. Additionally, councillors approved an extension to Edinburgh's tram line in March 2019. The extended line should be operational in the first quarter of 2023 and will include a stop directly outside the office building. This will provide the site with a direct tram link to Ocean Terminal, the new St James Development, the centre of Edinburgh including Waverly, Haymarket, Edinburgh Gateway and Edinburgh Park railway stations and Edinburgh Airport.

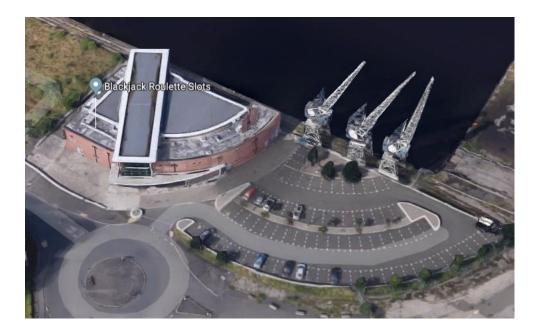


Figure 2: Satellite View of 2 Ocean Drive

The site is located within an area with a mix of uses. New build residential development is located to the west and south with industrial uses to the south east and Forth Ports docklands to the north. An application for 57 residential flats on the vacant site directly to the south east was granted at appeal in January 2018 (ref: 14/05127/FUL).

There are is no floodrisk identified on the site.

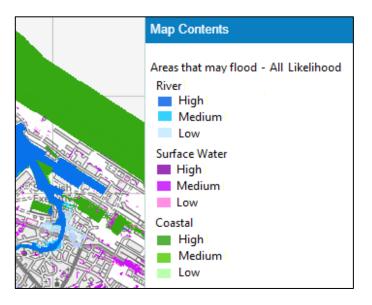


Figure 3: Extract from SEPA Floodrisk Map



The current Edinburgh Local Development Plan (2016) includes the following designations for the site:

- Edinburgh Waterfront: Central Leith Waterfront (EW 1b)
- Designated Conservation Area: Leith
- Urban Area
- A Cycle/footpath safeguarded route sits to the north
- Tram Route Safeguard located to the south

The site is not listed but Leith Docks, Albert Dock with swing bridge located to the north of the site is Category B listed.

The Central Leith Waterfront area (EW 1b) aims to achieve a mixed-use regeneration of this area to provide a significant number of new homes.



2 SCOTTISH PLANNING POLICY (SPP)

2.1 CONTEXT

The purpose of the SPP is to set out national planning policies which reflect Scottish Ministers' priorities for operation of the planning system and for the development and use of land. It is non-statutory, but the SPP is a material consideration that carries significant weight. In new planning reforms the SPP is to be incorporated within the National Planning Framework in the future, consolidating the Scottish Government spatial strategy and planning policy. This change will make Scottish Planning policy part of the development plan, however for the time being it remains a material consideration.

The SPP focuses on plan making, planning decisions and development design on the Scottish Government's Purpose of creating a more successful country, with opportunities for all of Scotland to flourish, through increasing sustainable economic growth.

For planning to make a positive difference, development plans and new development need to contribute to achieving a successful, sustainable place by supporting sustainable economic growth and regeneration, and the creation of well-designed, sustainable places. The SPP introduces a presumption in favour of development that contributes to sustainable development.

2.2 LOCAL DEVELOPMENT PLANS

The SPP sets out the overall aims of the Development plan which should:

- be consistent with the policies set out in this SPP, including the presumption in favour of development that contributes to sustainable development;
- positively seek opportunities to meet the development needs of the plan area in a way which is flexible enough to adapt to changing circumstances over time;
- support existing business sectors, taking account of whether they are expanding or contracting and, where possible, identify and plan for new or emerging sectors likely to locate in their area;

- be up-to-date, place-based and enabling with a spatial strategy that is implemented through policies and proposals; and
- set out a spatial strategy which is both sustainable and deliverable, providing confidence to stakeholders that the outcomes can be achieved.

In developing the spatial strategy, planning authorities should identify the most sustainable locations for longer-term development.

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- identify a generous supply of land for each housing market area within the plan area to support the achievement of the housing land requirement across all tenures, maintaining at least a 5-year supply of effective housing land at all times;
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Local development plans in city regions should allocate a range of sites which are effective or expected to become effective in the plan period to meet the housing land requirement of the strategic development plan up to year 10 from the expected year of adoption. They should provide for a minimum of 5 years effective land supply at all times. In allocating sites, planning authorities should be confident that land can be brought forward for development within the plan period and that the range of sites allocated will enable the housing supply target to be met.



Local development plans should allocate appropriate sites to support the creation of sustainable mixed communities and successful places and help to ensure the continued delivery of new housing.

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Given its brownfield location within the urban area of Leith, its proximity to key transport nodes with connections throughout the city, the current desire to minimise the use of the private car in Edinburgh and the lack of available brownfield sites in Edinburgh for housing and office development, it is considered that the car park element of the site at 2 Ocean Drive should be allocated in the emerging development plan for a high density mixed use development. Commentary is provided in this submission on the series of choices outlined by the Council in the Main Issues Report and the supporting documentation.

The Choices for City Plan 2030 document sets out a statement which outlines the vision for Edinburgh;

'By 2030, we want Edinburgh to be ..'

- A sustainable city which supports everyone's physical and mental wellbeing
- A city which everyone lives in a home they can afford
- A city where you don't need to own a car to move around
- A city where everyone shares in its economic success.

These are laudable aims and objectives for the new Local Development Plan to have and are supported. In particular the aim that everyone lives in a home they can afford is a particularly significant challenge and one which our client can assist with in providing land to the housing market for development.

Below we have addressed the individual 'Choices' outlined in the consultation document that are relevant to our client.

3.2 CHOICE TWO – IMPROVING QUALITY, DENSITY AND ACCESSIBILITY OF DEVELOPMENT

The efficient use of land is encouraged by Scottish Planning Policy so we support the proposed changes in choice 2. As the car park site is located in a highly accessible, brownfield location in close proximity to existing high density development, we believe that the plan should identify this location as being suitable for higher density housing development with a vertical mix of uses to support the efficient use of this land.

3.3 CHOICE THREE – CARBON NEUTRAL BUILDINGS

Our clients recognise that there is a requirement to reduce carbon emissions through both good design and use of low and zero carbon generating technologies. We note the Council's aim for all buildings in Edinburgh to be zero carbon by 2030 and 50% of the carbon reduction target being met through low and zero carbon generating technologies. However, our clients believe that emissions standards for new buildings should continue to sit within the building standards regulatory regime and not the planning system. This causes needless duplication, when the focus should be on maximising the efficiency of existing planning resource. Therefore, apart from an overall Edinburgh Council view of seeking to achieve carbon neutral buildings, this should not result in a bespoke planning policy in the LDP.

3.4 CHOICE FOUR – CREATING PLACE BRIEFS AND SUPPORTING COMMUNITY LOCAL PLACE PLANS

The ambition of CEC to have Place Briefs prepared in conjunction with local communities for all new housing sites is a significant increase in consultation requirements, especially for those sites below 2Ha in size and which are not major applications. It is considered that Place Briefs are best suited to strategic sites and that education, transport and infrastructure provision is best led by expert advice and evidence. There also requires to be a leading role for landowners and developers in the preparation of Place Briefs and the policy should be appropriately worded to involve landowners in this process.

The new Planning Act allows for Local Place Plans (LPP) to be prepared by local communities and set proposals for development of land of particular significance to a local area. However, it should also be highlighted that the LPP requires to adhere to the LDP and the policy should not the purpose of Local Place Plans should be to guide, not prevent development.

Our clients do not support proposed changes A and B and consider option C should be retained. If options A and B are taken forward recognition of the role landowners should play in the plan-making process should be acknowledged.

3.5 CHOICE FIVE – DELIVERING COMMUNITY INFRASTRUCTURE

Our clients concur with the Council's view that development should be directed to where there is existing or under-utilised infrastructure. If new infrastructure is required, improvements are sought and investment needed, then this requires to be guided by Planning Circular 3/2012 – Planning Obligations and the associated tests and also legal court judgements. A developer contribution must be proportionate and directly relevant to the development proposal. In addition, it is important that the Council notes that putting too much burden upon developers, and ultimately



landowners, to pay for infrastructure as developments can become unviable and land withdrawn from the market.

It is noted that in relation to Education infrastructure, key to the delivery of new housing, that two new non-denominational primary schools and one new non-denominational secondary school are considered to be required to support development in North Edinburgh. It is key when the council consider delivering this key infrastructure that they take into account the actual pupil numbers that will be produced by housing schemes. Denser developments over 65 units per hectare will be unlikely to deliver family housing (such as at the existing car park site).

The delivery of Healthcare infrastructure is contingent upon the NHS engaging with the plan-making process and development management process. The provision of appropriate health care to serve new developments is often a key concern of local communities during the planning application process and problems could often be reduced by better engagement by the health authorities and GP surgeries in the planning process. It is noted that a Healthcare Appraisal is to accompany the Proposed Plan and this is welcomed, provided the NHS appropriately input into its content.

Transport Infrastructure is key to the delivery of new development. As above it is important that any developer contributions to facilitate this are proportionate and meet the tests of the Planning Obligations circular.

Our clients therefore support proposed changes A – E.

3.6 CHOICE SIX – PEOPLE NOT CARS

Our clients would support the principle that new developments prioritise public transport, walking and cycling as mode of transports and support the proposed changes. The replacement of this existing car park, which currently encourages the use of the private car, will help to meet this aim. Additionally, as previously discussed, this site is well located in terms of existing and future public transport provision.

Our clients therefore support proposed changes A and B.

3.7 CHOICE SEVEN – REDUCE CAR USE

The key to reducing car use in Edinburgh is the provision of new and improved public transport, and an interactive approach between methods of transport; bus, trams, walking and cycling. If improved public transport provision is not provided alongside

developments then a modal shift from car to sustainable transport will not occur. We would support the proposed changes to the plan as outlined provided the requisite improvements and provision of public transport can be delivered at the outset of development.

Our clients therefore support proposed changes A-E.

3.8 CHOICE EIGHT – DELIVERING NEW WALKING/CYCLING ROUTES

The aim to provide new walking and cycling routes is laudable. Our clients believe that a review of the entire cycle/footpath network in the city should be undertaken, where deficiencies or improvements can be identified then these should be highlighted. Any request for development to contribute to these should be proportionate and relevant to the development proposal, as well as meeting all the tests of Circular 3/2012.

The proposals for the Edinburgh Waterfront Promenade and the Pilrig Park to Pirrie Street link, as outlined on Map five in the choices document is welcomed.

Our clients therefore support proposed changes A-C

3.9 CHOICE TEN - CREATING SUSTAINABLE COMMUNITIES

Our clients support the aim to increase the number of new homes in Edinburgh including affordable housing. However, we would caution against the requirement for proposals for student housing, hotels, and short-stay commercial visitor accommodation to provide 50% of the site for housing. This may well be a disincentive for investment in Edinburgh for specific types of developers.

Our clients therefore do not support the changes and consider the current policy approach should continue with options D & E.

3.10 CHOICE ELEVEN – AFFORDABLE HOUSING

Whilst the Council's aspiration to build 20,000 affordable homes is noted, the aim to increase the affordable housing requirement to 35% from 25% requires to be carefully considered. Addressing affordability will require an element of subsidised affordable housing, but this should not be seen as the only policy mechanism necessary to address the issue. The focus requires to be on providing more housing of all tenures.

We note the proposed change from delivering 25% affordable housing land requirement to 35%. We note that this is an Edinburgh Council policy and not one that is supported by the existing Scottish Planning Policy which states that the 'level of affordable housing required as a contribution within a market site should 'generally be no more than 25% of the total numbers of houses' in paragraph 129.

In the absence of any Scottish Government policy allowing this, then we suggest the level of required affordable housing should remain as 25% and therefore we support option C under this choice. If the Council pursue the additional 10% affordable units then these should be as a palatable option for developers which can provide them with a financial return, such as unsubsidized Low-Cost Home Ownership. An alternative for use of the additional 10% would be to use it for provision of housing for older people as required by the new Planning Act.

3.11 CHOICE TWELVE – BUILDING NEW HOMES AND INFRASTRUCTURE

Choice twelve recognises the need for new homes to be built in Edinburgh and this will involve identifying new land for housing across the city.

The South-East Scotland (SESPlan) Strategic Development Plan (SDP) was approved in 2013 and does not break down housing requirements by local authority area beyond 2024. The evidence base for this MIR is therefore dated. We do concur that under the circumstances, with SESPlan2 being rejected by Scottish Ministers in 2019, it is reasonable that the Edinburgh target is set using the more updated HNDA 2 (2015).

Our client support the Councils' aim to provide over 20,000 affordable homes to 2032.

Choices 2030 sets out two options for a housing target, as follows:

- Preferred Option: 43,400 homes between 2019-32, comprised of 20,800 affordable homes and the market output for the HNDA 2 Wealth Distribution Scenario less completions between 2012 and 2019.
- Alternative Option: 52,800 homes between 2019-32, comprised of 20,800 affordable homes and the market output for the HNDA 2 Wealth Distribution Scenario less completions between 2012 and 2019.

Both options fall some way short of meeting housing need and demand in full. The preferred option would meet just 65% of identified need and demand in the HNDA 2 Wealth Distribution Scenario. The alternative option would meet 79% of identified



need and demand in the HNDA 2 Wealth Distribution Scenario or 65% of the Strong Economic Growth Scenario.

Choices 2030 and the Housing Study do not adequately justify why housing need and demand cannot be met in full. There is a reference to the other factors involved in setting the housing target in SPP (para. 115), but it is not explained in any detail why a downward adjustment from the HNDA output is considered to be justified. This is an important point given the historic severe undersupply of housing and housing land in Edinburgh and merits further significant attention.

The alternative target of 52,800 homes is discounted because it is argued that the supporting evidence to the HNDA suggested the Strong Economic Growth Scenarios was unrealistic. However, this evidence was produced in 2013 (Oxford Economics reference) and applied to the whole SESPlan region. It is not considered that these conclusions remain relevant to Edinburgh in 2020 or indeed the next decade to 2030.

Taking these factors into consideration we consider that the higher Housing Supply Target (HST) of 52,800 between 2019-32 is the most appropriate target. This equates to approximately 79% of the middle HNDA output. The Edinburgh housing market has self-containment in moves of between 81% and 90%. 79% is close to the lower threshold, but the unmet need and demand will need to be met elsewhere.

Our clients believe that the CEC should review the submissions to the MIR and then seek to ascertain how the land required for the full range of housing provision is met. To outline that land will either be provided by the Council and its partners or through market housing does not reflect the collaboration needed, to ensure all tenure provision is provided for in full, in Edinburgh, over the next decade.

To deliver new homes in the most sustainable manner, CEC have expressed a preferred option of these being delivered by the Council and its partners within the urban area, a brownfield sites approach. Our clients recognise the importance of reusing previously developed land as a key objective of the planning system and therefore suggest that the car park site is included in this land supply.

Our clients believe that overall, a balanced approach is required with a combination of brownfield and greenfield sites coming forward over the next decade to maximise the prospects of Edinburgh delivering the full range of homes it needs for its residents.

We note that the Council's preferred option of delivery of high density brownfield land in which the Council will have to intervene, potentially using Compulsory Purchase powers, is outlined in the Choices document as possibly not being financially viable. The acquisition of private land through Compulsory Purchase Powers, and its subsequent delivery for housing should not be underestimated and will represent a significant drain on Council resources over a long period of time.

Of the options suggested in the Choices document Option C would be our clients preferred option and seems the most pragmatic approach to delivering the much needed housing.

We note that page 46 allocates urban area housing led mixed use sites and note that the site to the south has been allocated but not the car park site. We would request that this area of red is expanded to include the car park site as we believe that this is a suitable site for a mixed use residential/office scheme.

We therefore support Option C and reiterate that our clients' land is available to form part of an allocation at the waterfront of Leith, which we consider appropriate for mixed use development.

3.12 CHOICE THIRTEEN – INNOVATION, UNIVERSITIES AND CULTURE

A policy provision in the LDP that supports social enterprises, startups, culture, tourism, innovation, learning and a low carbon sector are supported by our clients, as these enrich the City.

Our clients therefore support proposed change A.

3.13 CHOICE FIFTEEN – PROTECTING CITY, TOWN AND LOCAL CENTRES

Edinburgh fortunately benefits from a healthy range of local, town and thriving city centres. Our clients support the policy option to seek to strengthen local and town centres, as these are often in sustainable locations with good transport connections that provide a range of goods, services and community facilities. Particularly the Town Centre designation indicated for Leith Walk and local centres in Leith which would be located within walking distance of the site at 2 Ocean Drive.

Our clients therefore support the proposed changes A-E.

3.14 CHOICE SIXTEEN – DELIVERING OFFICE, BUSINESS AND INDUSTRIAL FLOORSPACE

An area of Leith (around Victoria Quay) has been designated as a strategic office location on maps 21 and 22. We note that much of this land comprises former commercial units which have been converted into residential flats (particularly at upper levels). We would therefore suggest that this area is widened and allocated for a mix of uses (to include the site at Ocean Drive) so that offices can come forward alongside residential uses to create the desired mixed use, sustainable community at the waterfront of Leith as per existing local development plan policy EW 1b. It will be important for the emerging local development plan to ensure that policy is in place to protect existing employment uses in Leith and encourage office development as part of any residential development proposed as there have been several applications in the surrounding area for the conversion of former office buildings to flats including:

- 27 Ocean Drive- Ref: 16/06040/FUL (granted September 2018)- a loss of 397sqm of office space
- 20 24 Constitution Street- Ref: 15/05492/FUL (granted Feb 2016)- a loss of 100sqm of office space
- 12-18 Bernard Street- Ref: 16/04094/FUL (granted November 2016)- a loss of 508.2sqm of office space

In the determination of these applications the focus was placed on the suitability of the buildings from a residential amenity perspective and impact on the surrounding transport networks. The loss of the office accommodation was not considered by the case officer. However cumulatively, these applications have resulted in a significant loss of office floorspace (over 1000sqm) in the surrounding area.

Our clients note that the Option A of the council's approach to delivering housing involves the use of large quantities of employment land for high density housing which would further expediate the growing loss of employment land within the city boundary. As the economy progresses and grows, the lost employment land will be required elsewhere in the plan area and therefore pressure may be put on the outer areas of Edinburgh including greenfield locations.

Our clients support the proposed change A which will support office use at strategic office locations, although would seek the boundary of the Leith strategic office location to be reviewed and a more appropriate larger mixed use area to include 2 Ocean Drive to be identified. Our clients would also support the requirement to provide significant office floorspace within major mixed-use developments. Our clients also support change B but would suggest the loss of office policy should just apply in the city centre as per change D rather than C so that future mixed use developments outside the city centre retain a degree of flexibility.



4 SUMMARY

Overall, we believe that the City Choices for 2030 provides an opportunity for the potential of the car park area at 2 Ocean Drive to deliver mixed use development and the boundaries allocated for a mix of uses/office uses in Leith. This can allow for a site specific allocation in the forthcoming Local Development Plan at this location, our clients landholding at 2 Ocean Drive. The site is located within a highly accessible location and therefore would be suitable for high density residential and/or office development. The redevelopment of this site would result in the loss of a large car park which currently encourages the use of the private car, and underutilises the development potential of this brownfield site within the urban area. We therefore respectively request that this site is included within the forthcoming City of Edinburgh Council Local Development Plan for mixed use development as part of the wider redevelopment of the Leith Waterfront area.





APPENDIX 1

Site Location Plan: 2 Ocean Drive, Edinburgh, EH6 6JB





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CONTACT DETAILS

Tel: 0131 240 7500

Colliers International 1 Exchange Crescent Conference Square Edinburgh EH3 8AN

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