

Edinburgh Street Name Bank

Updated September 2025

Street Naming and Numbering

Waverley Court, 4 East Market Street, Edinburgh, EH8 8BG

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City Wide

<u>NAME of Street</u>	<u>Area</u>	<u>Sub Area (If Applicable)</u>	<u>Meaning and History</u>	<u>Available for Use</u>
Aalborg	City Wide		Added as a motion by Full Council on the 9th May 2024 in light of the 70th anniversary of the twinning of Edinburgh with Munich. Recognising Edinburgh's 'Sister Cities' (since 1991).	Yes
Aberdalgie	City Wide		Village near Perth. The land was given to William Oliphant of Aberdalgie by Robert the Bruce. Also the name of a House on the land (Aberdalgie House).	Yes
Aberdeen	City Wide		Edinburgh already has Perth, Glasgow and Dundee	Yes
Adam	City Wide		Robert Adam. Notable architect who was integral in designing neo-classical buildings in the New Town and throughout Edinburgh	In Use
Adamnan	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	Yes
Adams	City Wide		Robert Bellew Adams. Scottish VC recipient. Nawa Kil, India, 1858	In Use
Adler	City Wide		To honour Ruth Adler- first Scottish Development Officer for Amnesty International. Died in Edinburgh 18 February 1994	In Use
Aikman	City Wide		Frederick Robertson Aikman, Scottish VC recipient. Amati, India, 1858	Yes
Aird	City Wide		Thomas Aird. Scottish poet and editor of the Edinburgh Review and Waverley. He lived in Edinburgh and attended Edinburgh University.	In Use
Aitken	City Wide		New Zealand mathematician who was educated and lectured at Edinburgh University.	In Use
Alewife	City Wide		Occupation: Woman who runs a boozer	Yes
Angus	City Wide		William Angus, Scottish recipient of the VC. Givenchy-lès-la-Bassée, France, 1915. His medal is displayed at Edinburgh Castle.	In Use
Angus	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	In Use
Argentier	City Wide		Occupation: Treasurer	Yes
Arniston	City Wide	Gorebridge	Arniston Colliery was near Ormiston and closed in 1962	
Asaph	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	Yes
Ashmore	City Wide		John Wilson, Lord. Solicitor who was educated at the Royal High School. Scottish advocate.	Yes
Assizor	City Wide		Occupation: Juror	Yes
Babtie	City Wide		William Babtie, Scottish VC recipient. Battle of Coenso, South Africa, 1899	Yes
Bailiff	City Wide		Occupation: Guard of fishing rights on a river	Yes
Baillie	City Wide		Lady Griziel Baillie. Songwriter and poet from the 17th century. Whole name would be needed.	In Use

City Wide

Baldred	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	Yes
Baler	City Wide		Occupation: Mill worker who make cloth into bales.	Yes, but be mindful of Balerno
Balfre	City Wide		Lorne Balfre. Composer born in Inverness and educated at Fettes College	Still alive, use subject to street naming criteria
Balks	City Wide		Balk(s) is a historic word that refers to the green ridges of turf that separated the parcels of land in the rig system of land division. It was less common to see balks in urban areas where development was more concentrated.	Yes
Balmer	City Wide		Barbara Balmer. Artist and teacher who studied at Edinburgh College of Art.	Yes. Family consent required.
Banksman	City Wide		Occupation: Unloads coal from cases in a mine.	Yes
Bara parish	City Wide		Parish in East Lothian	Yes
Bard	City Wide		Occupation: Poet or storyteller	Yes
Barr/Finbar	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	Yes
Barrie	City Wide		JM Barrie. Scottish novelist and playwright. Creator of Peter Pan.	In Use
Barry/Bulkley	City Wide		James Barry. Pseudonym of Dr. Margaret Ann Bulkley, surgeon who took the name allowing her to practice medicine and become a surgeon when women were barred from the profession.	Yes, but avoid confusion with Barries's Close
Bartholomew	City Wide		George Bartholomew. Bartholomew & Sons. Were one of Edinburgh's first engravers. His descendant were cartographers and engravers. - John George Bartholomew. Cartographer to King George V. - John Jr Bartholomew. Developed colour contouring. Buried at Grange Cemetery. - John Sr Bartholomew. Founded Bartholomew & Sons Ltd. Did engraving for Treasure Island.	Yes
Bawbee	City Wide		Name for histoic denomination of Scottish currency	Yes
Baya	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	Yes
Beadle	City Wide		Parish officer employed to keep order	Yes
Beadman	City Wide		Licensed beggar	Yes
Beamer	City Wide		Weaver assistant	Yes
Beatrice	City Wide		Princess Beatrice, daughter of Queen Victora. Opened Sick Kids at Sciennes in 1895	Yes
Beattie	City Wide		Isobell Hogg Kerr Beattie. Perhaps the first female architect. Studied at Edinburgh College of Art.	Yes
Bedeswoman	City Wide		Female licensed beggar	Yes

City Wide

Beetler	City Wide		Cloth mill worker embossing fabric	Yes
Begbie	City Wide		Farm settlement. Or James Warburton Begbie, physician buried in Dean Cemetery. Died 1918.	Yes
Benchman	City Wide		Occupation: cuts leather for boots and shoes	Yes
Berchan	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	Yes
Bissett	City Wide		William Davidson Bissett. Scottish VC recipient. Maing, France 1918	Yes
Blaan	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	Yes
Blacklock	City Wide		Thomas Blacklock. 'The Blind Poet'. D. 1791 in Edinburgh	Yes
Blaker	City Wide		Frank Gerald Blaker. Scottish VC recipient. Taunghi, Burma, 1944	Yes
Blathmaic	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	Yes
Blaxter	City Wide		Bleacher of cloth	Yes
Bleacher	City Wide		Worker who bleaches textiles or paper	Yes
Bleilsman	City Wide		Licensed beggar	Yes
Bloomfield	City Wide		William Anderson Bloomfield. Scottish VC recipient. Miali, Tanganyika, 1916	Yes
Bodle	City Wide		Name for historic denomination of Scottish currency	Yes
Bogle	City Wide		Andrew Carthart Bogle. Scottish VC recipient. Oonano, Indiam 1857	Yes
Boisil	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	Yes
Bonar	City Wide		Horatius Boar. Poet and churchman born in Edinburgh 1808. Was considered a prodigious hymnodist.	In Use
Boniface	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	Yes
Bottleneck	City Wide		Parts of the city have rich history of brewing and therefore 'Bottleneck' could be used to reference this. It may also describe a path or road layout where there is a narrowing.	Yes
Boughey	City Wide		Stanley Henry Parry Boughey. Scottish VC recipient with the Royal Scots Fusilliers. El Burf, Palestine, 1917.	Yes
Bovell	City Wide		Emily Bovell, one of the Edinburgh Seven	Yes
Bower	City Wide		Bow maker (for arrows)	In Use
Bowman	City Wide		Sub tenant who farmed on a steel bow, i.e. had to return all of the farming goods supplied by the landlord at the end of his tenancy.	Yes
Boxmaster	City Wide		Treasurer or deacon of a trade guild	Yes
Brasier	City Wide		Occupation: Brewer	Yes
Brendan	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	Yes

City Wide

Bright McLaren	City Wide		Priscilla Bright McLaren was suffragist and anti-slavery campaigner who was once president of the Edinburgh Women's Suffrage Society and member of the Edinburgh Ladies' Emancipation Society. She died in November 1906.	Yes
Brioc	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	Yes
Brodie	City Wide		Walter Lorrain Brodie, Scottish VC recipient. Becelaere, Belgium, 1914. Born in Edinburgh, buried in France.	In Use
Brooke	City Wide		James Anson Otho Brooke, Scottish VC recipient. Gheluvet, Belgium, 1914. Born in Aberdeen and buried in Zantvoorde British Cemetery.	Yes
Buchadius	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	Yes
Burghlee	City Wide	Loanhead	Burghlee Colliery was south of Loanhead Station, just west of Bliston Glen Viaduct. It closed in 1964	Yes
Buttercup	City Wide		Buttercup Dairy, various places around the city and Scotland, including at one point the headquarters on Easter Road. It was founded in 1984 by Andrew Ewing on Elbe Street in Leith.	Yes
Byreman	City Wide		Occupation: Farm worker who tends to cows	Yes
Byron	City Wide		To honour Lord Byron who was a very colourful character and is listed as a Scottish poet as his mother was Catherine Gordon from Aberdeenshire and she raised her son there from a young age.	Yes
Caddie (Also spelt Cadie)	City Wide		A term for the 18th century occupation of messenger in Edinburgh. Caddies would run various errands throughout the city e.g. messengers, newspaper sellers, errand runners. The term is said to be derived from French <i>cadet</i> meaning student soldier.	Yes
Cadell	City Wide		Florence St John Cadell. Artist with Scottish roots who lived in Edinburgh and painted animals, children and landscapes in the Kintail area. Died 1966 and buried in Dean Cemetery.	Yes
Cadger	City Wide		Occupation: Travelling pedlar	Yes
Cadroe	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	Yes
Caldwell	City Wide		Thomas Caldwell, Scottish VC recipient. Audenarde, Belgium, 1918	Yes
Carbonarius	City Wide		Charcoal maker	Yes
Carder	City Wide		Brusher of wool to prepare it for spinning	Yes
Carman	City Wide		Driver of horse drawn tramcars.	Yes
Cartwright	City Wide		Maker of horse drawn carts	Yes
Caulker	City Wide		Sealing cracks with tar	Yes
Cawford	City Wide		John Cawford, Scottish VC recipient. Marteville, France, 1918	Yes
Cellarman	City Wide		Keeper of wine and spirits	Yes

City Wide

Chapman	City Wide		Dealer of goods - stall or travelling	Yes
Charleson	City Wide	Portobello?	Ian Charleson, Edinburgh born and educated actor who is most known for his role in Chariots of Fire. He also had a notable stage career. Died in 1990 due to AIDS, which helped to raise awareness and acceptance of the disease. He is buried in Portobello.	Yes
Charlotte Carmichael Stopes (C.C. Stopes)	City Wide		Born in Edinburgh, Stopes was a prolific campaigner for women's rights and suffrage. She studied at Edinburgh University when women were first allowed to take courses and pursued Shakesperean literature as an interest. Mother of birth control advocate Marie Stopes.	Yes, use full name.
Charmaig	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	Yes
Chowder	City Wide		Fish seller	Yes
Chowdhury	City Wide		Brajanath D Chowdhury was a member of the Edinburgh Indian Association in the early 20th century, and was vocal about the discrimination and racism that minorities experienced in Edinburgh, particularly in relation to The Colour Bar.	Yes
Chroman/Ghronan	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	Yes
Clamp	City Wide		William Clamp, Scottish VC recipient. Poelkapelle, Belgium, 1917	Yes
Clints Dod	City Wide		Hill in East Lothian	Yes
Colporteur	City Wide		Travelling bookseller	Yes
Comgall	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	Yes
Comman	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	Yes
Community	City Wide		Could use in refernce to Community Park or Community Way	Yes
Conan	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	Yes
Conan Doyle	City Wide		Arthur Conan Doyle, author of Sherlock Holmes	Yes
Conservator	City Wide		Guardian or custodian	Yes
Constantine	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	Yes
Cook	City Wide		Robin Cook, MP for Livingstone and ex Edinburgh Councillor who died in 2005. Is buried in the Grange. Or. John Cook, Scottish VC recipient. Peiwar Kotal, Afghanistan, 1878	Yes
Cordiner	City Wide		Maker of leather shoes and boots	In Use
Cordwainer	City Wide		Maker of leather shoes and boots	Yes
Courant	City Wide		Edinburgh Courant was a broadsheet newspaper published between 1705 and 1873 in various forms. It was considered Scotland's first regional	Yes
Cowper	City Wide		Maker of cups	Yes
Creeler	City Wide		Mill worker who arranged cones or spools on the creels for warping	Yes

City Wide

Crib Law	City Wide		Lammermuir Hills	Yes
Crofter	City Wide		Tenant of form and cottage - croft	In Use
Crossbill	City Wide		Large finch of conifer woodlands	Yes
Cumine	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	Yes
Cunibert	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	Yes
Cutler	City Wide		Maker of knives and surgical instruments	Yes
Dabius	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	Yes
Dacre	City Wide		The maiden name of Lady Mary Clerk. She had a bouse at 100 Princes street for many years. She was the wife of Sir James Clerk of Penicuik.	Yes
Darlugdach	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	Yes
Darner	City Wide		Occupation: Sewer/mender	Yes
Darwin	City Wide		Charles Darwin, Scientist who lived at 11 Union Place, Edinburgh.	Yes
Davis	City Wide		James Davis, Scottish VC recipient. Fort Ruhya, India, 1858	In Use
Dawson	City Wide		James Lennox Dawson, Scottish VC recipient. Hohenzollern Redoubt, France, 1915	Yes
Daykins	City Wide		John Brunton Daykins, Scottish VC recipient. Solesmes, France, 1918	Yes
Dempster	City Wide		Occupation: An officer whose duty it was to pronounce the doom of the court. Spokesperson	Yes
Dexter	City Wide		Occupation: dyer of cloth	Yes
Dick-Cunyngham	City Wide		William Hendry Dick-Cunyngham, Scottish VC recipient. Sherpur Pass, Afghanistan, 1879	In Use Separately
Digby-Jones	City Wide		Robert James Thomas Digby-Jones, Scottish VC recipient. Ladysmith, South Africa, 1900	Yes
Dominie	City Wide		Occupation: School Teacher	Yes
Donnan	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	Yes
Douglas-Hamilton	City Wide		Angus Falconer Douglas-Hamilton, Scottish VC recipient. Hill 70, France, 1915	In Use Separately
Draper	City Wide		Fabrics and sewing materials	Yes
Drayman	City Wide		Cart driver	Yes
Drostan	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	Yes
Drover	City Wide		Cattle dealer	In Use
Drysalter	City Wide		Dealer in salted or dried meats	Yes
Ducat	City Wide		Historical denomination of Scottish coinage.	Yes
Dunalastair	City Wide		Steam locomotive built for the Caledonian Railway and designed by John F McIntosh.	Yes

City Wide

Dunedin	City Wide		Added as a motion by Full Council on the 9th May 2024 in light of the 70th anniversary of the twinning of Edinburgh with Munich (since 1974)	In Use
Dunlop	City Wide		Historical denomination of Scottish coinage.	Yes
Dunnock	City Wide		Bird has been found nesting in Edinburgh	In Use
Dunsire	City Wide		Robert Dunsire, Scottish VC recipient. Hill 70, France, 1915	Yes
Duthac	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	Yes
Dynamo	City Wide	Leith?	The Edinburgh Lady Dynamos were a football team formed in the late 1940s by Mary Leslie & Lynda Clements of Leith. The team played regularly against other cities around the UK.	Yes
Ebba	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	Yes
Edmonstone	City Wide		John Edmonstone was formerly enslaved in Guyana and became a free man when he entered Scotland in 1817. He worked teaching taxidermy in the University of Edinburgh Zoology department;	
Edwards	City Wide		Alexander Edwards, Scottish Victoria Cross recipient. Ypres, Belgium, 1917	In Use
Egbert	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	Yes
Egidius/Giles	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	In Use
Eleanora Hog	City Wide		First female employee of a Scottish bank. Aged 23, she was employed by the British Linen Bank as a day book clerk in 1785.	Yes, use full name
Eliot or Launceton	City Wide		Launceton Eliot. Scottish weightlifter who competed at the Olympics and was Britain's first Olympic champion Died 1930.	Yes
Ella Morrison Millar	City Wide		1869-1959, Edinburgh's first female town councillor.	Yes, use full name
Emily Murray Paterson	City Wide		Scottish artist (1855-1934) known for her still lifes depicting botany and her landscapes. She had many paintings exhibited at the Royal Academy. She was educated at the Edinburgh College of Art and lived in the city.	Yes, use full name
Ena Thomson	City Wide		1097-1989. Air raid warden in Edinburgh's Air Raid Precaution corps during WW2	Yes, use full name
Ernan	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	Yes

City Wide

Esta	City Wide		Esta Henry née Louis. Owner of antique shops along Canongate and the Royal Mile. She was the first Jewish woman to be elected to public office becoming a councillor in the Canongate Parish ward in 1928. Women and children were central to her election campaigns and supported youth groups and sports tournaments throughout her career. She died in 1963 in an aeroplane crash in Sao Paolo, Brazil along with her husband. https://threadinburgh.scot/2025/01/15/the-thread-about-esta-henry-the-life-and-times-of-the-queen-of-the-high-street/	Yes
Europe	City Wide		Added as a motion by Full Council on the 9th May 2024 in light of the 70th anniversary of the twinning of Edinburgh with Munich	Yes
Fahmy	City Wide		Ernest Fahmy. Scottish obstetrician and gynaecologist who also played for Scottish Rugby internationally. He became a medical missionary in China, setting up hospitals for the poor in Zhangzhou.	Yes
Farmer	City Wide		Donald Dickson Farmer, Corish Victoria Cross recipient. Nooitgedacht, South Africa, 1900	Yes
Farney	City Wide		Living amongst ferns	Yes
Farquaharson	City Wide		Francis, Edward Henry Farquaharson, Scottish Victoria Cross recipient. Lucknow, India, 1858	Yes
Farrier	City Wide		Blacksmith/horse shoer	Yes
Feathelar	City Wide		Occupation: fiddle player	Yes, but avoid confusion with
Fencible	City Wide		Occupation, soldier recruited during WW1. Could be used near military locations.	Yes
Fergna	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	Yes
Fergusson	City Wide		Poet Robert Fergusson (1750-1774) was a highly influential figure in Edinburgh, writing works both in Scottish English and Scots	In Use
Fiacre	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	Yes
Finan	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	Yes
Fincastle	City Wide		Alexander Edward Murray Fincastle, Scottish Victoria Cross recipient. Nawa Kili, India, 1897	Yes
Finlayson Gauld	City Wide		Elizabeth Finlayson Gauld was a women's suffragist who was active throughout Edinburgh. She made public speeches and dramatized parts of the suffrage movement into plays.	Yes

City Wide

Florence	City Wide		Added as a motion by Full Council on the 9th May 2024 in light of the 70th anniversary of the twinning of Edinburgh with Munich. Recognising Edinburgh's 'Sister Cities' (since 1964).	In Use
Frickleton	City Wide		Samuel Frickleton, Scottish Victoria Cross recipient. Messines, Belgium, 1917	Yes
Fumac	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	Yes
Fyndoca	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	Yes
Fyvie Mayo	City Wide		Poet and author who was a staunch supporter of women's suffrage and equality. To find success in the literary world she published under the pseudonym Edward Garrett.	Yes
Gathan	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	Yes
Gaugnet, Chanticleer, Stour Mackerel, Ofish, Water Stoup, Crointer, Goukmey	City Wide		Historic Lothian names for fish caught around the coast of Scotland. (Garfish, Dragonet, Horse Mackerel, Octopus, Winkle, Gurnard, Gurnard)	Yes
Gaza	City Wide		Suggested by Cllr Booth in June 2024 to highlight the conflict in Gaza.	Yes
Gibbs	City Wide		Son of Gilbert	In Use
Gilbert	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	In Use
Gilzean	City Wide		To honour Tom Gilzean who was a prominent figure in Edinburgh. He was a fundraiser and passed away aged 99 on 4 November 2019	Yes. Family consent required.
Glascian/Maglastian	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	Yes
Gonval	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	Yes
Goonam	City Wide		After Dr. Kesaveloo Goonam. A South African doctor and anti-apartheid activist who was educated at the University of Edinburgh Medical School. She died in September 1991.	Yes
Graham	City Wide		John Reginald Noble Graham, Scottish recipient of the Victoria Cross. Battle of Istabulat, Mesopotamia, 1917	In Use
Grant	City Wide		Charles James William Grant, Scottish recipient of the Victoria Cross. Thobal, Burma, 1891	Yes, but be careful of confusion with Granton
Gresley	City Wide		Sir Herbert Nigel Gresley, accidentally born in Edinburgh in 1876. British railway engineer who was latterly Chief Mechanical Engineer of the London and North Eastern Railway (LNER).	Yes
Gripper	City Wide	Along a tram route	The gripper was the mechanism by which the old cable-hauled trams were linked to the cables.	Yes

City Wide

Haining	City Wide		Jane Mathison Haining (6 June 1897 – 17 July 1944) was a Scottish missionary for the Church of Scotland in Budapest, Hungary, they were recognized in 1997 by Yad Vashem in Israel as Righteous Among the Nations for having risked her life to help Jews during the Holocaust.	Yes
Hallow	City Wide		The Hallow Fair was an annual event around the time of Halloween, also known as Hallowmass. Robert Fergusson wrote a poem <i>Hallow Fair</i> which references the event.	Yes
Hannah	City Wide		John Hannah, Scottish Victoria Cross recipient. Antwerp, Belgium, 1940	Yes, but be careful of confusion with East Hannahfield
Harry Whyte	City Wide		Born in Edinburgh in 1907, Whyte was a LGBT journalist who worked across the globe including in Russia. Whilst resident there he wrote to Stalin advocating for the decriminalisation of homosexuality. He was one of Scotland's early advocates for LGBT rights.	Yes, use full name
Helen Monro Turner	City Wide		1901-1977. Founder of the studio glass department at Edinburgh College of Art.	Yes, use full name
Hercules	City Wide		The Hercules Fire Insurance Company was set up in 1809 in Edinburgh to provide fire suppression cover to households before the fire service was centralised and made freely available.	Yes
Higgit	City wide		John Higgit was a Reader in the History of Art at Edinburgh University. He had a particular interest in medieval manuscripts and carvings. He died in 2006.	Yes
Hilda	City Wide		(Elizabeth) Hilda Lorimer, born in Edinburgh in 1873 was a classical scholar and linguist. She published extensively throughout her life on her specialist area of Homeric Studies and also served with the Scottish Women's Hospital in Salonica in WW1. Post WW1 academic contributions would be focused on Yugoslavia, but writings on Homeric Sites would continue throughout her University Lectureship at Oxford University. She was named Lady Carlisle Research Fellow at Somerville College, Oxford in 1935 and served in the Air Raid Precautions organisation throughout WW2. She died in 1954 and is buried in Warison Cemetery, Edinburgh	In Use
Hogarth	City Wide		Catherine Dickens nee Hogarth was the wife of author Charles Dickens. She was born in Edinburgh in 1815.	Yes

City Wide

Holden	City Wide		Jenifer Holden resided at 19 Gayfield Square and was influential in the discovery of post-natal depression. Working as a psychologist, health visitor and researcher; her papers and extensive research now allow those suffering from postnatal depression to receive help that they require, and the health profession to understand the condition better including how to support patients. A scale named the Edinburgh Postnatal Depression Scale (EPDS) was devised by her and colleagues.	Yes. Family consent required.
Hollar	City Wide		Wenceslaus Hollar, Bohemian artist (1607-1677) noted for his artwork and cartography of Edinburgh	Yes
Huang Kung	City Wide		Dr Huang Kung was Britain's first chinese university graduate. They studied medicine at the University of Edinburgh and the graduation was widely reported. He moved to Canton to work with the Edinburgh Medical Missionary Society.	Yes
Huckster	City Wide		Historic name for those who sold fish and shellfish. Fish was usually brought up from Leith to the city centre for sale.	Yes
Huffman	City Wide		James Palmer Huffman, Scottish recipient of the Victoria Cross. St Servin's Farm, France, 1918	No, too similar to Hoffmann in use at West Craigs
Hunt Law	City Wide		Lammermuir Hills	In use
Inan	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	Yes
Indrecht	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	Yes
Indulf	City Wide		King Indulf (Ildulb mac Causantín) was King of Alba from 954-962	Yes
Inverness	City Wide		Edinburgh already has Perth, Glasgow and Dundee	Yes
Isabel Alison	City Wide		Covenanter, executed for treason in the Grassmarket in 1681.	Yes, use full name
James Gowans	City Wide		Architect who build numerous buildings through Edinburgh and beyond. He died in 1890 and is buried along with his first wife in The Grange Cemetery.	Yes
James McLevy	City Wide		Considered at Edinburgh's first detective and worked on over 2000 cases in his 30 year career. In the later part of the 19th century he turned his hand to crime writing where he found favour as an author.	Yes
Jarvis	City Wide		Charles Alfred Jarvis, Scottish Victoria Cross recipient. Jemappes, Belgium, 1914	Yes
Jenkinson	City Wide		Alexander Dixon Jenkinson. Influential in glass production of a Venetian style in Edinburgh in the early 20th century.	Yes

City Wide

Joan Hills (née Little)	City Wide		Born in Edinburgh she was the partner of artist Mark Boyle, part of the Boyle Family. They have art in collections in numerous renowned institutions including the National Galleries of Scotland and the Scottish Parliament	After 2029. Family consent required.
Julius Conradus Otto	City Wide		Chair of Hebrew and Oriental Languages at the University of Edinburgh from 1641. Said to be one of the first Jews in Scotland.	Yes
Kentigern	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	In Use
Kerr	City Wide		Helen Kerr. 1859-1940, social reformer who campaigned for better living and industrial conditions and the voice of women. She lived in the West End and is buried in Dean Cemetery.	In Use
Keyes	City Wide		Geoffrey Charles Tasker Keyes, Scottish Victoria Cross recipient. Beda Littoria, Libya, 1941	Yes
Killen	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	Yes
Kininmonth	City Wide		Scottish architect who worked in a style that blended Scottish vernacular with modern elements. Studied at Edinburgh College of Art with Sir Basil Spence. Examples of his buildings are throughout Edinburgh.	Yes
Kirkbraehead	City Wide		Kirkbraehead House was located in Edinburgh and was demolished to make way for the Caledonian Railway in 1869.	Yes
Krakow	City Wide		Added as a motion by Full Council on the 9th May 2024 in light of the 70th anniversary of the twinning of Edinburgh with Munich. Recognising Edinburgh's 'Sister Cities' (since 1995).	Yes
Kyiv	City Wide		Added as a motion by Full Council on the 9th May 2024 in light of the 70th anniversary of the twinning of Edinburgh with Munich. Recognising Edinburgh's 'Sister Cities' (since 1989). Out of the sister cities it has been suggested that this one should take priority for a street name.	Yes
Laigh	City Wide		Laigh meaning low-lying. A laigh shop was a shop in a cellar.	Yes
Laisren	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	Yes
Lammer Law	City Wide		Lammermuir Hills	Yes
Laserian	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	Yes
Lavender	City Wide		Term for a washerwoman. Came about due to laundresses using the herb on clothes to make them more pleasant.	Yes
Leitch	City Wide		Peter Leitch, Scottish recipient of the Victoria Cross. Sebastopol, Crimea, 1855	Yes
Libranus	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	Yes

City Wide

Liddell	City Wide		Eric Liddell, Scottish athlete who found great success in athletics, winning numerous medals at the Olympics. He studied at the University of Edinburgh in Pure Science. Edinburgh University Gym named after him.	In Use
Lileen Hardy	City Wide		1872-1947. Founder of St Saviour's Child Garden in 1906 in the Canongate.	Yes, use full name
Limner	City Wide		Occupation: Painter, especially of portraits or minatures. Also work on the illumination of manuscripts.	Yes
Lind	City Wide		James Lind, 18th century, Edinburgh born doctor who developed treatments for scurvy and hence improved nutrition for the Royal Navy. There was also another James Linden who also studied medicine, but focused on Malaria in Bengal. Use full name to avoid confusion with Lindean, Lindsay & Linden.	Yes
Lipton	City Wide		Thomas Lipton was a Scottish merchant, philanthropist and yachtsman who is most well known for the Lipton tea brand.	
Lithgow	City Wide		Scottish word meaning damp hollow, with connotations also to a lake/pool.	Yes
Little Valentine	City Wide		The name that anti-slavery campaigner Frederick Douglass was called by his mother. He visited Edinburgh numerous times to speak and campaign for freedom for slaves and racial equality, drawing large audiences at some of the city's most prestigious venues.	Yes
Lolan	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	Yes
Lovelace	City Wide		To honour Ada Lovelace, legitimate daughter of Lord Byron and mathematician who worked with Babbage	Yes
Luke	City Wide		Frederick Luke, Scottish recipient of the Victoria Cross. Le Cateau, France 1914	Yes
Lyell	City Wide		The Lord Charles Antony Lyell, Scottish recipient of the Victoria Cross. Dj Bou Ardada, Tunisia, 1913	Yes
Macbay	City Wide		Variant of Macbeth	Yes
Machalus	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	Yes
Mackessog	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	Yes

City Wide

Madge	City Wide		Margaret (Madge) Neill Fraser, born 1890, lived in Murrayfield. She was a notable amateur golfer and a member of the St Andrews Ambulance Association and a nurse. During WW1 she was stationed in Serbia and helped to establish the Scottish Women's Hospitals under the umbrella organisation of the French Red Cross. She was also a suffragette. Fraser dies aged 34 in 1915 from typhus that she contracted in Serbia, the epidemic killed many Scottish medical workers	In Use
Maelrhuba	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	Yes
Magnus	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	Yes
Malvina Wells	City Wide		Malvina Wells was an enslaved person belonging to the Macrae family, who were plantation owners in Grenada. Before 1851, she moved to Edinburgh and became a free woman.	Yes
Margaret	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	In Use
Marianus Scotus	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	Yes
Marion Harvie	City Wide		Covenanter, executed for treason in the Grassmarket in 1681.	Yes, use full name
Marnock/Marnan	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	Yes
Marthom	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	Yes
Mary Somerville	City Wide		Pioneer of mathematics and astronomy who was elected as honorary member of the Royal Astronomical Society in 1835. She was born in Jedburgh and educated in Musselburgh.	In Use
Maura	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	Yes
Mechtilde/Matilda	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	Yes
Meikle Says Law	City Wide		Lammermuir Hills. Highest point in East Lothian.	Yes
Meir Rintel	City Wide		Said to be the first rabbi of Edinburgh's first synagogue in the early 19th century.	Yes
Mercantile	City wide		Relating to trade.	Yes
Mercat	City Wide		Historic form of the word market, a place or event where people would meet to socialise and trade.	Yes
Merchard	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	Yes
Mercury	City Wide		Caledonian Mercury was a newspaper in Edinburgh that was published between 1720 and 1867	Yes
Middan	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	Yes
Miralles	City Wide		Enric Miralles was the architect behind the Scottish Parliament Building. Sadly he died in July 2000 before the work was completed.	Yes. Family consent required.

City Wide

Miranda	City Wide		After James Miranda Barry, born Margaret Anne Bulkley. Medical student at the University of Edinburgh in the 1800s. They concealed their born gender in order to be allowed entrance. Barry lived identifying as a man for their adult life and served in medical institutions across the world until their death in 1865.	Yes
Mirin	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	Yes
Mitchison	City Wide		Naomi Mitchison CBE was an Edinburgh born novelist. A successful author in her own right, she also proof-read Lord of the Rings for JRR Tolkien.	Yes
Mittan	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	Yes
Modan	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	Yes
Modenna/Medana	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	Yes
Monboddo	City Wide		After James Burnett, Lord Monboddo (1714-1799). A judiciary in Edinburgh	Yes
Monklands	City Wide		Cows to pasture. Ancient parish in Lanarkshire.	Yes
Moot	City Wide		Historically used term (Moot Hill) for a hill or mound/elevated place of meeting used to discuss and debate.	Yes
Mosman	City Wide		John Mosman was an Edinburgh goldsmith who remodelled the Crown of Scotland by adding 41 ounces of gold and precious stones and gems. He served James V of Scotland and other royals and nobility.	Yes
Mouse Brown	City Wide		To honour Irene Jessie Brown (nee Young) who was Edinburgh born and educated and was an author and code breaker at Bletchley Park. She died in Edinburgh on 7 June 2017	Yes
Mungo	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	Yes
Munich	City Wide		Added as a motion by Full Council on the 9th May 2024 in light of the 70th anniversary of the twinning of Edinburgh with Munich (since 1954)	Yes
Nannie Brown	City Wide		Nannie Brown after Agnes Henderson Brown. Suffragist and writer. Keen cyclist and walker who founded the Scottish Women's Rural Institute. Born in Edinburgh and lived on Princes Street during her childhood. Praised by the Scottish Saltire Society as one of the Outstanding Women of Scotland in 2014.	Yes
Nath	City Wide		Diwan Pitamber Nath was an Edinburgh medical student and member of the Edinburgh Indian Association in the early 20th century, and was vocal about the discrimination and racism that minorities experienced in Edinburgh, particularly in relation to The Colour Bar.	Yes
Naughlan	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	Yes

City Wide

Navalny	City Wide		Alexei Navalny. Russian campaigner and political activist. There has been several suggestions from members of the public to name a street after him. Died 2024.	After 2029. Family consent required.
Neill	City Wide		Neill & Co. Printers was established in Edinburgh in 1763. They were early pioneers of mechanical typesetting and published works for The Church of Scotland, the Royal Society of Edinburgh and editions of the Encyclopaedia Britannica. They ceased trading in 1971.	Yes
Neuberger	City Wide		Sigmund Neuberger was an illusionist and magician who died in the Empire Palace Theatre fire in the city in 1911. His stage name was 'The Great Lafayette' and he was buried in Piershill Cemetary along with his dog.	Yes
Newlands Ghill	City Wide		Lammermuir Hills	Yes
Nice	City Wide		Added as a motion by Full Council on the 9th May 2024 in light of the 70th anniversary of the twinning of Edinburgh with Munich. Recognising Edinburgh's 'Sister Cities' (since 1958).	Yes
Ninian	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	In Use
Noddy	City Wide		When sedan chairs were phased out in the city in favour of horse coaches during the early 19th cnetury. The 'Noddy' was a type of coach used. It was balanced on two wheels and as such had a habit of tilting the passengers when going up or down a hill.	Yes
Nonsunt	City Wide		Historical denomination of Scottish coinage.	Yes
Oda	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	Yes
Olaf	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	Yes
Oratory	City Wide		Small chapel for worship. There were many oratories around the city historically e.g. The Oratory of Mary of Guise.	Yes
Orr	City Wide		Christine Orr. (1899-1963). Scottish novelist and poet, remembered for her roles in theatre production, BBC Children's Hour in the 1930s and children's literacy publishing. She was also one of the 'uninvited eight' who were instrumental in the founding of the Edinburgh Festival Fringe.	In Use
Osbert	City Wide		Abbot of Holyrood who died on the 15th December 1150. He wrote 'the Acts of King David I'.	Yes
Oswald	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	In Use
Otago	City Wide		The Otago Peninsula in New Zealand has strong links with Edinburgh as many Scottish settlers lived there and gave the name Dunedin to the city. Dunedin comes from the Gaelic name for Edinburgh <i>Dún Èideann</i> .	Yes
Oxenford	City Wide		Former collirey near Ormiston. It was operative from 1926 until 1950	
Palladius	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	Yes

City Wide

Pease (Nichol)	City Wide		Elizabeth Pease Nichol, treasurer of Edinburgh Ladies' Emancipation Society. Born 5 January 1807 in Darlington where she lead the Darlington Ladies Anti Slavery Society. Moved to Edinburgh and became treasurer for the Edinburgh chapter of the National society for Women's Suffrage where she met Eliza and Jane Wigham. She died in Edinburgh 03.02.1897 and is buried in the Grange cemetery	Yes
Pechey	City Wide		Edith Pechey, one of the Edinburgh Seven	In Use
Peddie	City Wide		John More Dick Peddie. Architect who lived and is buried in Edinburgh. Died 1921. Examples of his buildings can be seen across Scotland. The Bank of Scotland George St branch and the Caledonian Station circa 1890.	Yes
Penshiel Hill	City Wide		Lammermuir Hills	Yes
Pettie	City Wide		John Pettie. Artist from Edinburgh who was exhibited in the Royal Academy. His paintings depict historical subject matter and take influence from the style of David Wilkie. (1839-1893)	Yes
Pillan/Faolan	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	In Use
Pinkie Cleugh	City Wide		Battle of Pinkie, 1547 Battle on the River Esk near Musselburgh.	Yes
Pistole	City Wide		Historical denomination of Scottish coinage	Yes
Plack	City Wide		Name for histoic denomination of Scottish currency	Yes
Ploverhall	City Wide		Ploverall Cottages near Roslin	No to avoid confusion with Ploverhall Cottages.
Quarryhole	Almond	Anywhere with quarrying activity	Evidence of quarrying in an area can often leave holes in the ground behind, known as quarryholes. The Edinburgh quarryholes were often thought to be on Herit Hospital Lane near Abbeyhill and were the site of military conflicts. Sometimes refferred to as the <i>Quarrell Hollis</i> .	Yes
Quernan	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	Yes
Rahman	City Wide		Dr. S A Rahman was a member of the Edinburgh Indian Association in the early 20th century, and was vocal about the discrimination and racism that minorities experienced in Edinburgh, particularly in relation to The Colour Bar.	Yes
Rangely Kip	City Wide		Lammermuir Hills	Yes
Redpath	City Wide		Anne Redpath OBE ARA was a Scottish artist known for her works depicting still life of domestic objects. She was president of the Scottish Society of Women Artists and was also admitted to the Royal Scottish Academy. She lived at London Street and died in 1965	Yes

City Wide

Remond	City Wide		Sarah Parker Remond was an anti-slavery campaigner that gave talks in Edinburgh and drew crowds that numbered upwards of 2000.	Yes
Rhind	City Wide		After David Rhind FRSE (1808-1883). Scottish architect who designed many buildings around Edinburgh such as The Dome and Stewart's Melville College. He is noted for this neo-classical and baronial styles.	Yes
Ridgeway	City Wide		Historic term for a road/track that followed the dry, firm surface of the watershed. Perhaps slightly elevated ground.	Yes
Ripley	City Wide		John Ripley, Scottish Victoria Cross recipient. Served with the Black Watch and is considered the oldest WW1 recipient of the VC for his work at Rue de Bois in 1915.	Yes
Rizzio	City Wide		David Rizzio was an Italian courtier who was the private secretary of Mary, Queen of Scots. He was murdered, allegedly out of jealousy by Lord Darnley, Mary's husband. He was stabbed 57 times and it is said that he is buried at either Canongate Kirkyard or on the grounds of Holyrood Palace.	Yes
Roget	City Wide		Peter Mark Roget, Known for publishing the Thesaurus of English Words and Phrases. He studied medicine at the University of Edinburgh.	Yes
Ronan	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	In Use
Rothiemay	City Wide		After the Gordon of Rothiemay map which is likely the most well known early map of Edinburgh.	Yes
Roy Robertson	City Wide		Professor Roy Robertson worked as a GP in Muirhouse for many years with a particular emphasis in helping those struggling with HIV/AIDs and injection drug use. He is currently, among other positions Chair to the Scottish Government on the Drug Related Harm advisory group. The suggestion to include his name on the street name bank was made by a member of the public.	Future use, subject to criteria. Family sconsent required. Use full name.
Ruddiman	City Wide		Walter Ruddiman was a Scottish painter and newspaper proprietor who conducted much of his work in Edinburgh in the 18th century. Thomas Ruddiman was assistant keeper of the Advocate's Library and Scottish classical scholar.	Yes
Runrig	City Wide		Also known as Rig-a-rendal is a system of land tenure known throughout Scotland.	Yes
Ryal	City Wide		Historical denomination of Scottish coinage	Yes
Samson	City Wide		George McKensie Samson, Scottish Victoria Cross recipient. Gallipoli, Turkey, 1915	Yes

City Wide

San Diego	City Wide		Added as a motion by Full Council on the 9th May 2024 in light of the 70th anniversary of the twinning of Edinburgh with Munich. Recognising Edinburgh's 'Sister Cities' (since 1977).	Yes
Sellar	City Wide		George Sellar, Scottish Victoria Cross recipient. Asmai Heights, Afghanistan, 1879	Yes
Servan/Serf	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	Yes
Shenzen	City Wide		Added as a motion by Full Council on the 9th May 2024 in light of the 70th anniversary of the twinning of Edinburgh with Munich. Recognising Edinburgh's 'Sister Cities' (since 2019).	Yes
Skinner	City Wide		John Kendrick Skinner, Scottish Victoria Cross recipient. Wijdendrift, Belgium, 1917	In Use
Smeal	City Wide		Stepmother and fellow suffragist of Eliza Wigham. Was the leader and secretary of the Glasgow Ladies' Emancipation Society. Helped to set up the Edinburgh organisation with her step daughter. Was also key in helping end slavery in the Caribbean	In Use
Soga	City Wide		Jessie M. Soga. Xhosa/Scottish suffragette and musician. Studied at Edinburgh College of Art and performed as a contralto classical musician.	Yes
Speakman	City Wide		William Speakman, Scottish Victoria Cross recipient. Served in the Black Watch and King's Own Scottish Borderers. His medal is on display at Edinburgh Castle.	Yes
Standpretty	City Wide		Farm at Wester Hailes	Yes
Stenton	City Wide		Parish in East Lothian	Yes
Stokes	City Wide		James Stokes, Scottish Victoria Cross recipient. Kervenheim, Germany, 1945	Yes
Suibhne	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	Yes
Susanna Mclver	City wide		Mclver ran a cookery school on the Lawnmarket for women of the middleclasses. She also published a cookery book <i>Cookery and Pastry</i> .	Yes
Ternan	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	Yes
Thenew/Thenog	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	Yes
Thompson	City Wide		George Thompson, Scottish Victoria Cross recipient. Dortmund-Ems Canal, Germany, 1945	In Use
Tithe	City Wide		Tithes (church taxes) would have been common in Edinburgh in earlier centuries.	Yes
Tollerton	City Wide		Ross Tollerton, Scottish Victoria Cross recipient. Battle of Aisne, France, 1914	Yes
Triduana	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	In Use

City Wide

Unicorn	City Wide		Historical denomination of Scottish coinage. Also the national animal of Scotland	Yes
Vancouver	City Wide		Added as a motion by Full Council on the 9th May 2024 in light of the 70th anniversary of the twinning of Edinburgh with Munich. Recognising Edinburgh's 'Sister Cities' (since 1977).	Yes
Viewfield	City Wide		Darm at Wester Hailes	In Use
Vousden	City Wide		Scottish recipient of the Victoria Cross. William John Vousden served in the British Indian Army. He died in Lahore in 1902.	Yes
Wark	City Wide		Wark is an old word for 'a work' which can refer to a building e.g. King's Wark was a 15th century fortification in Leith built by James I.	Yes
Wenceslaus	City Wide		Wenceslaus Hollar, Bohemian artist (1607-1677) noted for his artwork and cartography of Edinburgh	Yes
Whittinghame Parish	City Wide		Lammermuir Hills	Yes
Wigham	City Wide		To honour Eliza Wigham - born in Edinburgh 23.02.1820. treasurer of Edinburgh Ladies' Emancipation Society. She wrote the American Anti Slavery Cause in America and its martyrs. Died in 1899 in Dublin where she moved to care for relatives	In Use
William Macao	City Wide		Considered as the first Chinese Scotsman, William Macao travelled from China to Edinburgh and had a career spanning 50 years to become a senior accountant at the Board of Excise and Accountant of the Superannuation Fund. He died in 1831 and his chinese name is unknown.	Yes
Wilmot	City Wide		Sir Ian Wilmot was a world-renowned embryologist and specialist in regenerative medicine, who led the team that cloned Dolly the Sheep in 1996 – the first mammal to be cloned from an adult cell.	After Sept 2028. Family consent required.
Wood	City Wide		Scottish recipient of the Victoria Cross. John Augustus Wood was part of the 20th Bombay Native Infantry.	Yes, be careful of suffix use.
Woodmuir	City Wide		Colliery in West Lothian. Closed in 1963.	Yes
Xi'an	City Wide		Added as a motion by Full Council on the 9th May 2024 in light of the 70th anniversary of the twinning of Edinburgh with Munich. Recognising Edinburgh's 'Sister Cities' (since 1985).	Yes, but apostrophe not to be used.
Yett	City Wide		Another, less-often used word that means gate, just like port. <i>Water Yett</i> was located in the Canongate in the 18th century.	Yes
Yigean	City Wide		Saint in Calendar of Scottish Saints	Yes

City Wide

Younger	City Wide		After Capt. David Reginald Younger, Edinburgh born recipient of the Victoria Cross for his services in the Second Boer War. He died in Krugersdorp in 1900 aged 29.	Yes
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Almond

<u>NAME of Street</u>	<u>Area</u>	<u>Sub Area (If Applicable)</u>	<u>Meaning and History</u>	<u>Available for Use</u>
Aberdour	Almond	Ratho	Lord Aberdour. Owner of part of the Haltoun House estate when it was divided and sold.	Yes
Adamson	Almond	Cramond	William Adamson of Craigcrook owned the land from 1542	Yes
Airco	Almond	Turnhouse	The de Havilland Airco DH.9 was the aeroplane that was flown by the RAF 603 Squadron at RAF Turnhouse whe it was esdtablished in 1925.	Yes
Auster	Almond	Turnhouse	The Taylorcraft Auster was the name of the aeroplane type that was flown by the RAF 603 Squadron at RAF Turnhouse in 1945 for communications flights.	Yes
Aviation	Almond	Turnhouse	Reference to RAF Turnhouse that once operated in the area, also a nod to Edinburgh Airport nearby.	Yes
Avro	Almond	Turnhouse	Avro was the name of the aeroplane type that was flown by the RAF 603 Squadron at RAF Turnhouse in 1925.	Yes
Baker	Almond		Forth Bridge consruction	In Use
Beaufighter	Almond	Turnhouse	Bristol Beaufighter was the name of the aeroplane type that was flown by the RAF 603 Squadron at RAF Turnhouse in 1943.	Yes
Been	Almond	Ratho/Gogar	These names refer to some of the various pubs that have been located in and around Ratho on the banks of the Union Canal. At one point in history Ratho had a distillery and fourteen pubs to cater to the local population as well as those visiting due to canal business	Yes
Bentinck or Henrietta	Almond	Ratho	William Henry Cavendish-Scott-Bentinck, 4th Duke of Portland. Married to Henrietta Scott, previous owner of Haltoun House in the 18th century. Henrietta was born in Edinburgh in 1774	Yes
Bridge	Almond	Rath/Gogar	These names refer to some of the various pubs that have been located in and around Ratho on the banks of the Union Canal. At one point in history Ratho had a distillery and fourteen pubs to cater to the local population as well as those visiting due to canal business	In Use
Briggs	Almond		Forth Bridge consruction	In Use

Almond

Buchan	Almond	Ratho	Before the establishment of the Union Canal that changed Ratho's economic make up to transportation of coal, the area was known for distilling. Sources document that the distillery that was once located in Ratho was rented by Messrs Buchan.	Yes, be careful of confusion with Buchanan.
Burdock	Almond	South Queensferry	South Queensferry's Burry Man is covered in burdocks	In Use
Burnecruik	Almond	Gogar	May historically reference the large loop that Gogar Burn made on the shape of the landscape. Was referenced in a 1602 charter.	Yes
Camino	Almond	Turnhouse/ Cammo	There was a misspelling of Cammo on the 1895 Ordnance Survey map, the error wasn't repeated in subsequent issues.	Yes
Carswell	Almond	Kirkliston	Forth Bridge construction	In Use
Catelbock	Almond		Original name of Almondhill	In Use
Catstane	Almond		Catstane, an ancient monumental stone in the Edinburgh section of Kirkliston parish, on the peninsula between the Almond and Gogar Burn, 3½ miles WNW of Corstorphine village.	In Use
Cattle Track	Almond	Muirhouse	The path connecting the Silverlea development site to Marine Drive to the North.	In Use
Cavendish	Almond	Ratho	William Henry Cavendish-Scott-Bentinck, 4th Duke of Portland. Married to Henrietta Scott, previous owner of Haltoun House in the 18th century.	Yes
Chalybeate	Almond	Davidsons Mains and Silverknowes	Names from the Well in the grounds of Lauriston Castle	Yes
Chipmunk	Almond	Turnhouse/ Cammo	The Chipmunk was a plane model used at RAF Turnhouse. There is much evidence that they were extensively used by the Edinburgh University Avir Squadron as they made for excellent training planes.	Yes
Cockle Mill	Almond	Cramond	Alternative name for Cramond Mill which used to be a hub of economic activity.	Yes
Commodore	Almond	Silverknowes	There used to be a hotel on Marine Drive in Silverknowes named the Commodore.	Yes
Cottagefield	Almond	Cramond	From c1950 mapping (Site Currently Gamekeepers Road)	Yes
Crow Wood	Almond	Gogar	Referenced on historic OS maps from 1907, Crow Wood is attached to Addiston Gardens and abuts Kierhill Pond	Yes
de Lawdre	Almond	Ratho/Gogar	Alan de Lawdre, owner of Haltoun House from 1377 until 1430. Married to Alicia and latterly after her death to Elizabeth.	Yes

Almond

Dolerite	Almond	Ratho/Gogar	Geological term associated with the rocks and geology of the Ratho area. Edinburgh International Climbing Arena is also located in the area.	Yes
Dragon	Almond	Kirkliston	The ship's voice call-sign was appropriately named DRAGON; the unofficial name ROADRUNNER was used for sports etc. The 'roadrunner' logo was painted on the ship's paravanes which were towed astern to cut the mines moorings.	Yes
Dunkeld	Almond	Cramond	A tower-house in Cramond, probably built in the early 15th century, and part of a now-demolished larger establishment, was once a manor house of the Bishops of Dunkeld, of whose diocese Cramond was a part. It was made structurally sound and converted to a private dwelling in the 1980s.	In Use
Eilston	Almond	Kirkliston	Names proposed by Kirkliston Community Council. Origin of Proposed Name:- An ancient baronial pile in Kirkliston Parish on the left bank of the River Almond, It is supposed to have been an ancient hunting-seat of the Kings of Scotland, and mentioned in the annals of James 11 and James 1V	In Use
Esme Speakman	Almond	Ratho/Gogar	First ascents of many climbing routes in Glencoe e.g January Jigsaw, classic severe on Buchallie Etive Mhor. Member of the Ladies Scottish ClImbing Club. Died 1997/98	Yes
Ewen	Almond	Turnhouse or near Edinburgh airport	William Hugh Ewen (known as W.H.) ;settled in Leith. Ewen was awarded a Royal Aeronautical Society flying license in 1911 and was a regular at Lanark Aerodrome. He flew demonstrations at Portobello Marine Gardens Flying Week and died in Edinburgh in 1947 after having a varied career as aeroplane builder, RAF Major and composer of music.	Yes
Fermtoun	Almond	Gogar	Old term for Farmtown. A collection of cottages for the workers of a farm. As an agricultural community Gogar had a fermtoun.	Yes
Furrow	Almond	Gogar	Archaeological excavations at the RBS Gogar site uncovered marks and topographical features that are theorised to be cultivation furrows. This would be congruent with the idea that the land here was used for agriculture and pasture.	Yes
Gabbro	Almond	Ratho/Gogar	Geological term associated with the rocks and geology of the Ratho area. Edinburgh International Climbing Arena is also located in the area.	Yes

Almond

George Grubb	Almond	South Queensferry	George Grubb was a lord provost for the City of Edinburgh Council who was well liked in his constituency. The local community council suggested the name. His widow has indicated that she would be agreeable to the name being used.	In Use
Gibson	Almond	Ratho	James Gibson of Ingleston, purchase Haltoun houes in 1797.	In Use
Gloster Gladiator	Almond	Turnhouse	Gloster Gladiator was the name of the aeroplane type that was flown by the RAF 603 Squadron at RAF Turnhouse in 1934.	Yes
Gloster Meteor	Almond	Turnhouse	Gloster Meteor was the name of the aeroplane type that was flown by the RAF 603 Squadron at RAF Turnhouse in 1957 for training flights.	Yes
Gowk	Almond	Gogar	Scots term for a cuckoo. A bird that has historical significance and is also likely thought as the inspiration for the name Gogar.	Yes
Grainger	Almond	Gogar	Thomas Grainger, 19th century civil engineer and surveyor born at Gogar Green. Involved with railway station construction throughout Edinburgh and Fife and the sea walls at Newhaven Harbour. Died 1852	Yes
Greenstone	Almond	Ratho/Gogar	Geological term associated with the rocks and geology of the Ratho area. Edinburgh International Climbing Arena is also located in the area.	In Use
Gritty	Almond	Gogar	Much of the pottery assemblages recovered from Gogar were of one specific type; White Gritty wares. These were previously called East Coast Scottish Gritty wares and refers to the texture of the ceramic produced and its colour.	Yes
Grotto	Almond	Cramond	After the Grotto Gorge, a geological feature that is located in Cramond.	Yes
Grubenhaus	Almond	Ratho	Also called a pit-house, a grubenhaus has been excavated at Ratho and it signifies the Anglican influence in Scotland during the early 7th century.	Yes
Gyalzen/Gyalgen	Almond	Ratho/Gogar	Name of the Himalayan Mountain peak named by the LSCC expedition upon its first ascent. Named after the expedition's lead sherpa.	Yes
Haltoun	Almond	Ratho/Gogar	Alternative name for Hatton House which was a baronial house in the vicinity of Ratho. It burned down in the 1950s. John de Haltoun: Earliest known owner of Haltoun house until 1377, when he sold the property.	Yes

Almond

Hanley	Almond	Gogar	Demolished Lodge, the site is now part of Gogarburn Hospital. Architect William Burns in the early 19th century.	Yes
Harry Taylor	Almond	Muirhouse /Pennywell	Architect of the C listed Muirhouse St. Andrews Parish Church & Halls. The building is noted for its largely-unaltered post-war design.	Yes, whole name. Subject to charter criteria
Harvard	Almond	Turnhouse	North American Harvard was the name of the aeroplane type that was flown by the RAF 603 Squadron at RAF Turnhouse in 1953.	Yes
Hawker Hart	Almond	Turnhouse	Hawker Hart was the name of the aeroplane type that was flown by the RAF 603 Squadron at RAF Turnhouse in 1934.	Yes
Hawker Hind	Almond	Turnhouse	Hawker Hind was the name of the aeroplane type that was flown by the RAF 603 Squadron at RAF Turnhouse in 1939.	Yes
Hazelnut	Almond	Cramond	In archaeological excavations around Cramond many assemblages of hazelnut shells have been found.	Yes
Herring Row	Almond	Kirkliston	Names proposed by Kirkliston Community Council. Pre 1900 the names of houses at the foot of Path Brae and mentioned in a poem about a River Almond flood by a local poet, John McKean.	In Use
Hubbard	Almond	Turnhouse or near Edinburgh airport	Charles Hubbard of Viewforth built a Bleriot monoplane and tested it on Portobello Golf Course in 1910.	Yes
Hugh MacKenzie	Almond	Muirhouse	Former headteacher of Craigroyston Community High School from 1972 until 1993. He was considered an innovator in education, championing comprehensive and inclusive learning, that put the interests of the student first.	After March 2025. Family consent required.
Irene Fleeting	Almond	Muirhouse	In 1963 there was a campaign by residents for drying space in Muirhouse, Irene Fleeting was one of the campaigners.	Family consent required.

Almond

Isobel	Almond	Kirkliston	After Isobel Wylie Hutchison (1889-1982), Scottish explorer and botanist who was born and lived at nearby Carlowrie Castle. Please see map below. She travelled extensively to areas including the Arctic, Iceland and Alaska, collecting plant samples for the Royal Botanic Gardens in Edinburgh and Kew. In addition to this she wrote books and produced films documenting her experiences. In 1994 she was the first woman to be awarded the Mungo Park Medal by the Royal Geographical Society for outstanding contributions to geographical knowledge and understanding. Her film and photography work was included in a 2022-2023 exhibition at Edinburgh City Art Centre displaying the work of 20th century women filmmakers in Scotland. https://www.edinburghmuseums.org.uk/whats-on/glean-early-20th-century-women-filmmakers-and-photographers-scotland	Yes
Jane Inglis Clark	Almond	Ratho/Gogar	Scottish mountaineer and rockclimber. Co-founder of the Ladies' Scottish Climbing Club in 1908	Yes
Jansch	Almond			In Use
Kaye	Almond	Ratho Station and Newbridge	Edinburgh District Board of Control commissioned Stewart Kaye, the architect of Bangour Village Asylum, to design a colony for Gogarburn to accommodate, ultimately 1,000 mentally handicapped people. The colony was designed as a small village, each house or block to take 50 patients under the supervision of a housekeeper. In 1929 the foundation stone of the new admin block was laid by the Duke of York, later George VI.	Yes, but avoid confusion with Kane Neuk
Kellerstain /Kellerstane	Almond	Gogar	Hamlet or Lodge marked in historic maps circa. 1910	Yes
Kelp	Almond	Cramond	There was a seaweed harvesting industry here in previous centuries. At one oit it was said that 12 tonnes were harvested annually.	Yes
Kettleslaw	Almond	South Queensferry	Alternative name for Windy Edge. Appears in field names on Dundas and Plewlandsfield in 1769 – beside part of the old Builyeon Road	In Use
Kierhill	Almond	Ratho	The name of a pond on the Addiston House and Gardens Estate approximately 1 mile from Ratho.	Yes

Almond

Kilmorey	Almond	Kirkliston	HMS KIRKLISTON was a 'Ton' class minesweeper that was built by Harland and Wolff and laid down on Monday 2nd February 1953. She was launched on Thursday 18th of February 1954 and completed on Saturday 21st of August 1954. In August 1956 she was renamed KILMOREY as tender to Ulster division RNR (Royal Naval Reserve). July 1960 she reverted back to KIRKLISTON again.	In Use
Kirkliston Gala Queens	Almond	Kirkliston	Various - Contact Street Naming for details of names	Yes - Subject to checks on dates
Knock-about	Almond	Ratho/Gogar	Colloquial name for the field in which Tormain hill is located	Yes
Lampaiker	Almond	Gogar	An old spelling of lamp acre found in a document dating from 1550. The name of an acre parcel of land that was located near the Kirkland croft in Gogar. Lampaiker is still named in a 1685 document.	Yes
Langerwehe	Almond	Gogar	Pottery from this city has been found in Gogar excavations. This demonstrates the widespread trade of pottery and other goods across Europe and Scotland during the Medieval Era and the 15 th century.	Yes
Lauder	Almond	Ratho/Gogar	Sir Alexander Lauder, brother of Alan de Lauder who inherited the property in 1430 due to Alan de Lawdre's death. The Lauder family remained in charge of Haltoun House until 1675 when Richard Lauder of Haltoun, the last Laird died. Ownership then transferred to the Maitland family through marriage.	In Use
Levington	Almond	Gogar	After Christina Levington who was given life rent possession of Nether Gogar in 1490. She was a tenant who, as the lairds were absent was given control of her plot of land.	Yes
Lin	Almond	Ratho	William Lin. There are many mills located on the River Almond which flows near Ratho, one of which is Lin's Mill just a stone's throw from the Almond Aqueduct. It was operated and inhabited by William Lin, hence the local name of Lin's Mill. It has been said that Lin was the last person to die of the plague in Scotland in 1645.	In Use
Linsmiln	Almond	Ratho	The inscription on William Lin's grave reads "Here lyeth the dust of William Lin right heritor of Linsmiln who died in the year of the lord 1645". Linsmiln is another way of referring to Lin's Mill.	Yes

Almond

Lioness	Almond	Cramond	A roman statue of a lioness was unearthed at the mouth of the River Almond in 1997.	Yes
Loch	Almond	Drylaw	After James Loch, lawyer and estate commissioner who was born in Drylaw. Studied law at Edinburgh University.	In Use
Lucy Smith	Almond	Ratho/Gogar	Founding member of the Ladies Scottish Climbing Club in 1908. Edinburgh International Climbing Arena is located in Ratho.	Yes
Ludgate	Almond	Ratho	The Ratho Conservation Area Appraisal references a Ludgate House, Lodge and grounds and also notes that the church was once connected to the village centre by a road referred to historically as Ludgate. This road is now known as Baird Road. Ludgate also refers to an earlier version of Lord's Gate, hence the use for a road in connection with the church.	Yes
Mabel Jeffrey	Almond	Ratho/Gogar	Founding member of the Ladies Scottish Climbing Club in 1908. Edinburgh International Climbing Arena is located in Ratho.	Yes
Macgillivray	Almond	Gogar	After James Pittendrich Macgillivray, a Scottish sculptor who is buried in Gogar. Notable for his figures and portrait busts which can be viewed in Glasgow and Edinburgh.	Yes
MacKinnon	Almond	Kirkliston	In 1969 a new manufacturing plant for Drambuie opened just to the west of Kirkliston. This is a whisky liqueur including honey and other ingredients whose secret recipe was given by Bonnie Prince Charlie to a member of the MacKinnon family who had helped him after the Battle of Culloden.	In Use
Macmillan	Almond	Pennywell	Named for Maureen Macmillan, a local who helped establish the Muirhouse Housing Association and helped organise Muirhouse Against Racism Campaign among other things. The name was suggested by Muirhouse and Salvesen Community Council and her family have approved the use of the name.	In Use
Maitland	Almond	Ratho/Gogar	Charles Maitland, 3rd Earl of Lauderdale who married into the Lauder family and therefore inherited Haltoun House in 1652. It was sold by the Maitland family in 1792	In Use
Maltings	Almond	Kirkliston	Names proposed by Kirkliston Community Council. These are suitable for the Old Distillery Site	In Use
Marrow	Almond	Pennywell	Jenny Marrow was a local activist	In Use

Almond

Maslin	Almond	Gogar	Samples of numerous grains were uncovered in archaeological excavations in Gogar. It is theorised that farmers grew numerous species to create a 'Maslin', a mixture crop which may have helped production and prevent complete crop failure.	Yes
Maude	Almond	Kirkliston	Names proposed by Kirkliston Community Council. Origin of Proposed Name:-Steam Engine No; 65243 named after General F.S. Maude, saw service in France during first world war. Hauled goods to and from the Distillery and locally was affectionately known as Kirkliston's own train.	In Use
McKelvie	Almond	Ratho	James McKelvie. Owned part of the Haltoun estate in 1898.	Yes
McLaren	Almond	Davidsons Mains and Silverknowes	Edinburgh Croquet Club was founded in 1950 at a meeting organised by the distinguished author Moray McLaren. Located at Lauriston Castle. Full name would be required. Already McLaren Road	Yes
Meg White	Almond	Cramond	A name of a local ale wife (pub owner) found in the Kirk Session Minutes	Yes
Millburn	Almond	Gogar	After Millburn Tower which is in Gogar. It was an estate with numerous buildings but has since been divided up and sold.	Yes
Milnlands	Almond	Gogar	A rental of the Barony of Gogar from 1720 refers to the 'Newmiln of Gogar and the Milnlands'. This signifies the agricultural and milling economy of the area in the period.	Yes
Mitchell	Almond	Ratho	Joseph Mitchell. Referred to as "the Poet of Ratho", Mitchell originally considered part of the Scottish peasantry managed to provide a university education for his son. For himself he decided to travel throughout the British Isles trying his luck at being a poet and writer. While there was modest support from notable figures of the day such as Sir R Walpole and Lord Lauderdale, Mitchell would have mixed luck and eventually die due to a negative turn in his circumstances in 1738.	Is Use
Monica Jackson	Almond	Ratho/Gogar	Part of the first all-woman team expedition to the Himalayas who climbed the 22,000-foot peak in Jugal Himal, named Gyalzen after their lead sherpa.	Family consent required.
Morton	Almond	Ratho	Earl of Morton. Owner of part of the Haltoun House estate when it was divided and sold.	In Use
Muir o' Dean	Almond	Ratho	Historic maps reference a Muir o' Dean Plantation nearby Ratho, just south East of Dalmahoy House.	Yes

Almond

Murrize	Almond	Muirhouse/ Pennywell	Murrize was said to be an alternative name for Muirhouse, along with Murrais.	In Use
Myerton	Almond	Gogar/Ratho	Andrew Myreton was a wealthy merchant who purchased the Gogar estate in 1699. He also acquired lands of Leny in Cramond Parish, purchased East and West Craigs and Meadowfield and erected the whole into the Barony of Gogar in 1719. He was created 1st Baronet of Gogar in 1701. He died in 1720 and is buried in Gogar Chapel.	In Use
Myre	Almond	Gogar	There is some historic anecdotal records of a Gogar Loch near the parish of Gogar, however doubt is cast on whether this would be a freestanding body of water. Instead, the Statistical Account for Costorphine records the name a Goyle Myre. Also references Sir Robert Myreton who presided over the Barony of Gogar in the 18 th century.	Yes, but avoid confusion with Myreside & Myreton
Newmiln	Almond	Gogar	A rental of the Barony of Gogar from 1720 refers to the 'Newmiln of Gogar and the Milnlands'. This signifies the agricultural and milling economy of the area in the period.	Yes
Noltlaies	Almond	Gogar	A charter in 1602 refers to a 2-acre parcel of land that may be the same land as the wolflat as Noltlaies.	Yes
Oat	Almond	Gogar	In archaeological samples looking for interest, samples of oat and barley dominated the species found. This would signify agricultural cultivation, milling and habitation in the area.	Yes
Old Argyle/Argile	Almond	Ratho/Gogar	Alternative name for Hatton House which was a baronail house in the vicinity of Ratho. It burned down in the 1950s.	In Use
Parsonage	Almond	Gogar	Gogar was considered a free parsonage for most of the Pre-reformation period unlike many other parishes in Scotland.	Yes
Peter Hogg	Almond	Cramond	The last farmer who grazed animals and farmed the land on Cramond Island until he died in 1904.	Yes
Pirney/Pirnhall	Almond	Drylaw /Muirhouse	On maps from the 1820s Pirney Hall is marked in the Drylaw/Muirhouse area	In Use
Pittendrich	Almond	Gogar	After James Pittendrich Macgillivray, a Scottish sculptor who is buried in Gogar. Notable for his figures and portrait busts which can be viewed in Glasgow and Edinburgh.	Yes

Almond

Pop	Almond	Ratho/Gogar	These names refer to some of the various pubs that have been located in and around Ratho on the banks of the Union Canal. At one point in history Ratho had a distillery and fourteen pubs to cater to the local population as well as those visiting due to canal business	Yes
Potter's	Almond	Gogar	While very few items of archaeological interest have been found in Gogar and the surrounding areas; pottery shards have been found which indicate medieval settlements.	Yes
Quartz	Almond	Ratho/Gogar	Geological term associated with the rocks and geology of the Ratho area. Edinburgh International Climbing Arena is also located in the area.	Yes
Randall	Almond	Ratho	Rev. Thomas Randall. Owner of part of the Haltoun House estate when it was divided and sold.	In Use
Randalston	Almond	Muirhouse	Silverknowes area and the farmland associated used to be known as Randalston at one point in history.	In Use
Renton	Almond	Davidsons Mains and Silverknowes	The 56 Company Boys Brigade was formed by Davidson's Mains Church in 1929 under Captain Robert Renton,	Yes
Rev John G Carrie	Almond	South Queensferry	Minister at Queensferry Parish Church for 36 years. Died in March 2008.	In Use
Riding	Almond	Muirhouse	After the Silverknowes Riding School that once occupied a site on Muirhouse Parkway.	Yes. Do not use Park as a suffix, as already in use
Rusack	Almond	Ratho/Gogar	Ronnie Rusack MBE (d. 2020). Owner of the Bridge Inn nr. Ratho and campaigner for Scottish canal preservation. Since taking over the running of the Bridge Inn on the banks of the Union Canal Rusack looked to revive the popularity of the Union canal and the associated infrastructure with the vision of allowing its memories to live on and be enjoyed by locals and members of the public alike. Rusack helped to fund the Seagull Trust who specialise in canal tours for those with special needs. The Trust is still in operation today.	After 2025. Family consent required.

Almond

Scott	Almond	Ratho	Henrietta Scott. Bought Haltoun House in 1792 from the Maitland family and married to William Henry Cavendish-Scott-Bentinck, 4th Duke of Portland. She subsequently sold the estate to James Gibson of Ingleston in 1797.	In Use
Seigberg	Almond	Gogar	Pottery from this city has been found in Gogar excavations. This demonstrates the widespread trade of pottery and other goods across Europe and Scotland during the Medieval Era and the 15 th century.	Yes
Sentry Knowe	Almond	South Queensferry	Shown on Ordnance Survey 1852 north west of Springfield	In Use
Silverlea	Almond	Muirhouse	Silverlea Care Home used to be located on Muirhouse Parkway, it has since been demolished and will become a new housing site.	In Use
Sluice	Almond	Gogar	Historic maps show sluices for various waterways in the area.	Yes
Spitfire	Almond	Turnhouse	Spitfire was the name of the aeroplane type that was flown by the RAF 603 Squadron at RAF Turnhouse in 1939.	
Still House	Almond	Kirkliston	Names proposed by Kirkliston Community Council. These are suitable for the Old Distillery Site	In Use
Strawberry	Almond	Davidsons Mains and Silverknowes	Named after a plantation in the area (1800 Mapping)	Yes
Thea Musgrave	Almond	Barnton	Prolific Scottish composer who has produced numerous orchestral and operatic works.	Future use, subject to street naming criteria
Thrashing Mill	Almond	Muirhouse	Throughout history this area was location to farmland and associated infrastructure, including thrashing mills. Thrashing/threshing mills separate the edible grain from straw.	Yes
Thyne	Almond	Broomhouse	William Thyne & Co - paper and cardboard manufacturers. Thyne Scholarship established in 1963 and allows recipients to receive funding to study abroad.	Yes
Todshaugh	Almond	Kirkliston	Names proposed by Kirkliston Community Council. Origin of Proposed Name:- Now called Foxhall, to the east of the village and south of Almondhill. Was part of the Barony of Liston and appears in Records dated 1659.	In Use

Almond

Tormain	Almond	Ratho/Gogar	Tormain Hill is nearby Ratho and has stone carving of interest. A 'Witches Stone' is also present and it is said that the site is connected to local folklore.	In Use
Vampire	Almond	Turnhouse	The de Havilland Vampire was a type of aircraft flown by the 603 Squadron at RAF Turnhouse from 1951-57.	Yes
Vaux	Almond	Gogar	At one point in the 1300s, Over Gogar formed part of the estate owned by Sir John de Vaux. The Vaux family inherited the land.	Yes
Venour	Almond	Turnhouse or near Edinburgh airport	Middle name of Wilfrid Venour Foulis who lived on Heriot Row and was known for his aviation pursuits, including building a <i>Lane monoplane</i> , the British version of the Bleriot monoplane, and flying around the skies of Edinburgh.	Yes
Wapiti	Almond	Turnhouse	Wapiti was the name of the aeroplane type that was flown by the RAF 603 Squadron at RAF Turnhouse in 1930.	Yes
Weir	Almond	Gogar	Historic maps show weirs for various waterways in the area.	In Use
Whinstone	Almond	Ratho/Gogar	Geological term associated with the rocks and geology of the Ratho area. Edinburgh International Climbing Arena is also located in the area.	In Use
Whitelaw	Almond	Ratho	William White Law. Owned part of the Haltoun estate in 1915.	In Use
Wolflat	Almond	Gogar	In 1570 a mention was made to a parcel of land which has been divided off from a larger parcel. It was named 'the wolflat' and was situated on the east side of the 'torrent of Gogar' Could also have been named 'the Halflett'.	Yes
Wylie	Almond	Kirkliston	After Isobel Wylie Hutchison (1889-1982), Scottish explorer and botanist who was born and lived at nearby Carlowrie Castle. Please see map below. She travelled extensively to areas including the Arctic, Iceland and Alaska, collecting plant samples for the Royal Botanic Gardens in Edinburgh and Kew. In addition to this she wrote books and produced films documenting her experiences. In 1994 she was the first woman to be awarded the Mungo Park Medal by the Royal Geographical Society for outstanding contributions to geographical knowledge and understanding. Her film and photography work was included in a 2022-2023 exhibition at Edinburgh City Art Centre displaying the work of 20th century women filmmakers in Scotland. https://www.edinburghmuseums.org.uk/whats-on/glean-early-20th-century-women-filmmakers-and-photographers-scotland	Yes

Pentlands Hills

<u>NAME of Street</u>	<u>Area</u>	<u>Sub Area (If Applicable)</u>	<u>Meaning and History</u>	<u>Available for Use</u>
Agnes Sampsonne	Pentlands	Currie (Baberton)	Mentioned in records from 1590, Agnes Sampsonne was tried on 53 counts of witchcraft. She was found guilty.	Yes
Allermuir	Pentlands		Hill in the Pentlands	In Use
Baads	Pentlands		Baads Colliery was to the South West of Edinburgh and ceased production in 1962	Yes
Ballantyre	Pentlands	Currie/Balerno	William Ballantyne was a private in the 2nd Battalion, Black Watch. He died on 16th April 2016 following the battle of Neuve Chappelle. He is remembered on the memorial tablet in Balerno Parish Church and on the Currie War Memorial.	Yes
Byrehope	Pentlands		Named hill in the Pentlands. Most of the others are already used in Edinburgh street names.	In Use
Byrne	Pentlands	Currie/Balerno	Frank Byrne, of Ravelrig Crossing, Balerno, was killed in the First World War by wounds received in the attack on the attack on Ridge Redoubt near Serre.	In Use
Cassidy	Pentlands	Currie/Balerno	John Cassidy was a private in the 9th Battalion Royal Scots who died in fighting at the Somme on 25th July 1916. He is remembered on the memorial tablet in the former St Joseph's Chapel in Balerno and on the Curry War Memorial.	In Use
Clubbidean	Pentlands		Reservoir in the Pentland Hills	Yes
Craw Hill	Pentlands		Self explanatory, named for the presence of Crows	In Use
Curling	Pentlands	Mortonhall	The site of the now Mortonhall Tennis Club used to be a curling pond.	Yes
Enterkin	Pentlands		Enterkin's Yett is shown on Ordnance Survey 1852 in Juniper Green and is referred to in the field name Enterkin's Yett Park. The land which was to become Juniper Green was brought into Woodhall by John Cunynghame of Enterkine (Ayrshire)	Yes
Fairbairn	Pentlands	Currie/Balerno	James Garnet Fairbairn was a private from Balerno in the 1st Battalion, Canadian Infantry. He died on the 18th March 1915 at Hill 60 and is commemorated on the memorial tablet in Balerno Church.	In Use
Fala	Pentlands		Reservoir in the Pentland Hills. Supplies water to Edinburgh.	In Use
Fordell	Pentlands		Little Fordell seems to have extended over the rising ground east of Redford Bridge, possibly including the Gallowlee)	In Use
Fruid	Pentlands		Reservoir in the Pentland Hills. Supplies water to Edinburgh.	Yes

Pentlands Hills

Furzy	Pentlands	Braid Hills	Sir Walter Scott described the Braid Hills as the ' <i>Furzy Hills of Braid</i> ' in <i>Marmion</i> . The word furzy is thought to relate to the appearance of the hills as being covered in grasses that give the impression of fur/fuzz.	Yes
Gifford	Pentlands	Currie/Balerno	James Gifford was a private in the 1st Battalion, Gordon Highlanders who was killed on 25th September 1915 at Belleward, Ypres. He is remembered on the Balerno Church memorial tablet.	In Use
Gillon	Pentlands	Currie/Balerno	Robert Gillon was a private in the 2nd Battalion, King's Own Scottish Borderers who died on 4th October 1917 at the battle of Ypres. He is remembered on the Balerno Church memorial tablet.	In Use
Gladhouse	Pentlands		Reservoir in the Pentland Hills. Supplies water to Edinburgh.	In Use
Glencorse	Pentlands		Reservoir in the Pentland Hills. Supplies water to Edinburgh.	Yes
Halkerside	Pentlands		Spot in the Pentlands where Robert Louis Stevenson would sit and write. Mentioned in his work 'The Tropics Vanish, And Meseems from Songs of Travel.	Yes
Kemflet	Pentlands		Is shown in 1797 as a house and 19 acre field some 400 yards north west of Hatton House. The name is Scots kaim flat, the field below the kaim or ridge of the Craw Hill.	Yes
Lilacbank	Pentlands	Currie	Building on Lanark Road that housed the first school in Currie. Foundations were laid in 1699 and the building was used as a schoolhouse until the 1800s. It has also been used as Post Office.	Yes
Lucas	Pentlands		Edwin George Lucas was a local Juniper Green artist who lived in Belmont Road, Juniper Green from childhood in the 1920s through to the mid 1940s, then in Hailes Avenue till the early 1950s. He was at his most active as an artist throughout this period and was particularly fond of painting the local landscape. In his own words, he "tramped many miles looking for subjects to paint". His favourite locations included the Water of Leith valley, especially Juniper Green, Redhall Mill and Mossy Mill, Baberton Mains, Kingsknowe, Hailes and Currie. Some of these places were very different from how they are today.	In Use
Ludgate	Pentlands		Baird Road Ratho, which runs north-south through the village, was formerly known as "Ludgate" (or road to the church) being the road that connected the village to the church	Yes
Maiden's Cleugh	Pentlands		Landmark in the Pentland Hills	Yes

Pentlands Hills

Muirbank	Pentlands		The original name of Marchbank.	Yes
Naysmyth	Pentlands	Hermiston	Engineer and inventor of the steam hammer. Buried in Dean Cemetery. Attended Edinburgh School of Arts (now Heriot Watt University). James Naysmyth in use as a Heriot Watt building name.	Yes
Parley	Pentlands	Currie	The baker's shop in Currie was once known as Parley Hall on account of the names of the biscuits that were sold there.	Yes
Phantom's Cleugh	Pentlands		Landmark in the Pentland Hills	Yes
Randall	Pentlands		Rev Thomas Randall bought Haltoun (or Hatton) House from Sir James Gibson-Craig, 1st baronet Riccarton	In Use
Rorqual	Pentlands	Currie	Boat launched Messrs Ramage & Ferguson and launched at Leith in 1982. It was built by Messrs Bruce at Kinleith Paper Mill in Currie.	Yes
Rullion	Pentlands		The only significant battle of the Pentland Rising was Rullion Green. It was a revolt by the Covenanter dissidents against the Scottish Government in 1666.	Yes
Scald Law	Pentlands		The highest of the Pentland Hills either means bare hill or Blackberry hill according to what translation you look at (scawed meaning bare or scaldberry is an old name for blackberry)	In Use
Shiels	Pentlands	Currie/Balerno	The Shiels were tenants of Thriepmuir Farm	In Use
Sholto	Pentlands	Dalmahoy	Mary Diana Dods, wrote under the pen name of David Lyndsay and also went about their life as Walter Sholto Douglas. They were known for their literature, friendship with Mary Shelley and are considered be one of Scotland's queer pioneers.	Yes
Somerville	Pentlands	Currie/Balerno	The Somervilles were the last tenants of Bearby Bavelaw Farm	In use
St Cuthbert's	Pentlands	Colinton	Development opposite St Cuthbert's Church	In Use
Standpretty	Pentlands	Wester Hailes	Standpretty was a smallholding at Wester Hailes off what is now Dumbryden Drive	Yes
Talla	Pentlands		Reservoir in the Pentland Hills. Supplies water to Edinburgh.	In Use
Tansy	Pentlands	Currie/Balerno	Mill worker who was employed at Kinloch Mill	In Use
Watt	Pentlands		Watt's snuff mill was in the Juniper Green area on the Water of Leith	In Use
Windyrig	Pentlands	Wester Hailes	Windyrig was a farm at Hester Hailes off what is now Dumbryden Drive	In Use
Wintour	Pentlands	Currie/Balerno	Mill worker who was employed at Kinloch Mill	In Use
Yetton	Pentlands		Kirk Yetton, a geological feature of the Pentland Hills	Yes

Drum Brae Gyle

<u>NAME of Street</u>	<u>Area</u>	<u>Sub Area (If Applicable)</u>	<u>Meaning and History</u>	<u>Available for Use</u>
Buttercup	Drum Brae & Gyle	Drum Brae	Drum Brae housing was built on the grazing grounds of Buttercup Farm in the mid 20th century.	Yes
Capstone	Drum Brae & Gyle	Gyle	Stone cists (stone graves) have been uncovered at South Gyle and in order to seal in the remains/contents of the grave capstones were used.	Yes
Combe	Drum Brae & Gyle	Gyle	After Andrew & George Combe, 18th century phrenologists who lived at Redheughes as children.	In Use
Kininmonth	Drum Brae & Gyle		Sir William Kininmonth of Rowand Anderson, Kininmonth & Paul was the architect of the listed Craigsbank Parish Church & Halls.	Yes
MacGibbon	Drum Brae & Gyle		Architect of MacGibbon & Ross who build the category C listed Hillwood at 76 Clermiston Road	Yes
Marnin	Drum Brae & Gyle	South Gyle	Marnin Forrester is believed to be the founder of Clan Forrester. Suggested by Forrester and St Augustine's High Schools	In Use
McKay	Drum Brae & Gyle	Drum Brae	John Ross McKay of Richardson & McKay Architects was responsible for some of the design/construction of Drumbrae Cemetery in 1927.	Yes
Mott	Drum Brae & Gyle		One of the names of the architectural firm (Mott, Hay & Anderson) tasked with designing buildings for the R4 ROTOR Sector Operations Command Headquarters at Barnton Quarry	Yes, but Mottram Road exists in Muirhouse
Petrous	Drum Brae & Gyle	Gyle	Some of the bone fragments from the stone cists excavated at south Gyle were found to be of a petrous temporal bone.	Yes
Reg Kingman	Drum Brae & Gyle	Drum Brae	Reg Kingman was Chair of Drum Brae Community Council for thirty years and a tireless community activist. He was recognised for his services to the community by the former Lord Provost Donald Wilson.	After Jan 2029. Use full name. Family consent required.
Ridge	Drum Brae & Gyle	Drum Brae	Drum Brae means 'Brow of the Ridge'	Yes
Rotor	Drum Brae & Gyle		The listed R4 ROTOR Sector Operations Command Headquarters was located at Barnton Quarry and was used throughout the World Wars and Cold War and mainly focused on aerial defence	Yes

Drum Brae Gyle

Skewputt	Drum Brae & Gyle		East Craigs House is a listed 18th century building and in its Statement of Interest the skewputts are specifically mentioned. Skewputt is a Scots term for the stone at the corner of a gable. They are shaped to enable the coping stones above it to be supported. Also known as a skew corbel.	Yes
Sir Basil Urwin Spence	City Centre or Drum Brae & Gyle		Architect most known for his Brutalist/Modernist style. Buildings include Edinburgh University Library, St Andrew's Church in Clermiston and one on St Andrew Square. He studied and latterly taught at the Edinburgh College of Art.	Yes, but Spence Street exists.
Sundial	Drum Brae & Gyle		Sundials dating from the early 17th century are said to be all that remains of Barnton House and in Ordnance Survey notes from 1957 were identified as being preserved in the grounds of Sauchieburn House, Stirling.	Yes

Forth

<u>NAME of Street</u>	<u>Area</u>	<u>Sub Area (If Applicable)</u>	<u>Meaning and History</u>	<u>Available for Use</u>
Chestnut	Forth		Chestnut Street in Granton Harbour being demolished. The name could be reused. The Chestnut is a rock formation in the river Forth	In Use
Cleghorn	Forth	Granton	After George Cleghorn, an 18th century medical pioneer. He was a founder of the Royal Medical Society in Edinburgh and also served as an army surgeon. Born in Granton.	In Use
Esparto	Forth	Granton	Esparto grass is a key raw material for the manufacture of high-quality paper. Edinburgh's large printing industry required large quantities of esparto grass, and from the 1870s to the 1970s these were brought into Granton by ship (originally from Spain, then from North Africa). In the 1950s, 100,000 tonnes of esparto grass were brought into Granton Harbour – one-third of all esparto grass imported to the UK. One of the wharfs at Granton Harbour was known as "Esparto Wharf".	In Use
Ferranti	Forth	Crewe Toll/ East Pilton	Former electronics factory at Crewe Toll. It would be used to manufacture Gyro gunsights for the WW2 plan.	Yes
Goodsir	Forth		John Goodsir (March 20, 1814-March 6, 1867) was a Scottish anatomist, born at Anstruther, Fife. His anatomical lectures were remarkable for their solid basis of fact. He died at Wardie, near Edinburgh, on the 6th of March 1867, in the same cottage in which his friend Edward Forbes died. He is buried in the Dean Cemetery.	Yes
Gordon Strachan	Forth		Lived in Muirhouse , from Craigroyston Secondary School. This will require the full name as Gordon and Strachan are both in use.	Future Use subject to Street Naming Criteria
Gunpowder	Forth	Granton	Granton harbour was often used as a location for goods waggons and transfer to the railways. This lead to several industrial structures in the area including a gunpowder store that was constructed by the Edinburgh Corporation Gas Works.	Yes

Forth

Herring	Forth	Granton	Walter Ralph Herring (1862–1900s) was a London-born engineer who served as chief engineer and manager for the Edinburgh & Leith Corporations Gas Commissioners from 1897 to 1910. He helped select the site in Granton and designed all pre-1910 buildings on the complex. He lived in Granton House at Gypsy Brae.	In Use
Howkins	Forth	Granton	Scottish harbour engineer of the 19th century who was closely associated with Granton.	Yes
Irvine Welsh	Forth		Lived in Muirhouse , from Craigroyston Secondary School	Future Use subject to Street Naming Criteria
Jansch	Forth		Bert Jansch was a Scottish Musician who lived in West Pilton Area - Died 2011	In Use
Larkfield	Forth	Trinity	Larkfield View on the site of Trinity Park House has been put on as a temporary street name but has not been formally agreed.	In Use
Leviathan	Forth	Granton	<i>Leviathan</i> was a steamship built in Glasgow used for a ferry service between Granton Harbour and Burntisland in Fife between 1850 and 1890 (when the Forth Bridge made it unnecessary). She was the world's first railway ferry, able to carry trains over the Forth, avoiding the delays and inconvenience associated with passengers having to change trains on either side of the river.	Yes
Lighthouse	Forth		Acknowledges the seafaring and navigation history of the area.	Yes
Lockies	Forth		HMS Lochinvar Royal Navy Camp formerly built at Wardie School playing fields. Lockies was the local name used to describe the playing fields even 50 years after WW2.	Yes
MacArthur	Forth	Granton	MacArthur was the name of a family living at 27 Crewe Place whose home was bombed on 29 September 1940 during World War 2. Two children, Morag and Ronald MacArthur, were killed in the bombing (along with an adult neighbour, Charles Wilson) with a further 30 people injured. 27 Crewe Place still has a flat roof as a legacy of the bombing.	Yes
MacGill	Forth		Family name of the owners of Drylaw estate in the 1500's, from Craigroyston Secondary School.	In Use

Forth

Madelvic	Forth	Granton	Historic electric car company that was based in Granton. They produced the 'Brougham' car and it was used by the post service in Leith. Edinburgh astronomer William Peck was the mind behind the company.	In Use
Oliphant	Forth		Family name of the owners of Muirhouse in the 1300's, from Craigroyston Secondary School.	In Use
Peebles	Forth		Bruce Peebles Engineering , from Craigroyston Secondary School.	In Use
Pin Bone	Forth		This area of the city was known for its fishing industry, especially around Granton and Newhaven. Pinbone refers to the small bones found within fish which often have to be removed before eating.	Yes
Queen of Thanet	Forth	Granton	<i>HMS Queen of Thanet</i> was a minesweeper stationed in Granton Harbour during World War Two. Built in Glasgow in 1916, she was sold by the Royal Navy for use as a pleasure steamer before being requisitioned by the Navy upon the outbreak of World War Two. She took part in Operation Dynamo before being based at Granton Harbour. Following the end of the War she once again became a pleasure steamer before being broken-up in 1951.	Yes
Sim	Forth		Alastair Sim was born in Edinburgh in 1900. His father, Alexander Sim, was a prosperous businessman with property in Braemar and Edinburgh. He designed and paid for the construction of the Earl Haig Gardens in Edinburgh, for the use of returning servicemen to sit in during the day	Yes

Inverleith

<u>NAME of Street</u>	<u>Area</u>	<u>Sub Area (If Applicable)</u>	<u>Meaning and History</u>	<u>Available for Use</u>
Annand	Inverleith	Powderhall	James King ("J.K.") Annand (1908–1993) was a poet. He is best known for writing poetry for children ("bairn rhymes") in the Scots language. He was posthumously awarded an MBE for services to literature and the Scots language. Annand attended Broughton Secondary School on MacDonald Road.	Avoid confusion with Annandale
Ashwell	Inverleith	Dean	Lena Margaret Ashwell, buried in Dean Cemetery. Actress, theatre manager and producer. She latterly created the Lena Ashwell Players. Suffragette.	Yes
Bennett	Inverleith	Powderhall	Martyn Bennett (1971–2005) was a musician. He is known for his work on "Celtic fusion", blending Celtic music with modern music. He released five albums. Bennett attended the City of Edinburgh Music School, then located on Broughton Road, on a scholarship.	Yes
Bird	Inverleith	Dean	Maiden name of Isabella Bishop. Explorer, photographer and naturalist who was elected the first woman fellow of the Royal Geographical Society in 1892. Lived in Melville Street and buried in Dean Cemetery.	Yes, but Birdsmill Farm Road in use
Bishop	Inverleith	Dean	Isabella Bishop, Explorer, photographer and naturalist who was elected the first woman fellow of the Royal Geographical Society in 1892. Lived in Melville Street and buried in Dean Cemetery.	In Use
Bold	Inverleith	Powderhall	Alan Bold (1943–1998) was a poet who wrote extensively about social issues. He is also known for editing works by fellow poet Hugh MacDiarmid and for writing a biography of MacDiarmid. Bold attended Broughton Secondary School on MacDonald Road.	Yes
Bonanomi	Inverleith	Powderhall	Ida Bonanomi (1818–1854) was a "faithful and highly esteemed" maid of Queen Victoria. She is buried in Rosebank Cemetery where a monument was installed at the Queen's expense.	Yes
Curr	Inverleith	Powderhall	Tom Curr (1887–1958) was an artist and cartoonist. He worked for the Leith printer McLagan & Cumming, producing advertising graphics, among them the iconic Scott's Porage Oats packaging illustration. Paintings by Curr are held in the Government Art Collection and National War Museum. Curr lived at 14 East Claremont Street and was the captain of the 46 th Boys' Brigade.	Avoid confusion with Currie

Inverleith

Currier	Inverleith	Dean	Damside was the location of Dean Tannery. Currier refers to a person who cures or tans hides.	Yes, but avoid confusion with Currie
Edith Hughes	Inverleith	Stockbridge	Scotland's first female architect. Born in Stockbridge and later moved to Aberdeen and Glasgow, where she worked in practice and lecturing at the Glasgow School of Art. Worked on St Mary's Episcopal Cathedral and Music School in the 1950s.	Yes, but Hughes close already in use named after Edith Hughes
Faed	Inverleith	Comely Bank	James Faed was an artist and engraver who resided in the Comely Bank are of Edinburgh. He was famous for his landscape paintings and mezzotints. His pieces were collected by the Royal family and the Royal Academy.	Yes
Fletcher	Inverleith		Dr. Harold R. Fletcher. Formerly Regius Keeper of the Royal Botanic Garden, Edinburgh, he compiled the International Rhododendron Register for the Royal Horticultural Society and acted for some years as the International Registration Authority for the genus. Born in 1907, Dr. Fletcher spent 17 years as a botanist at the Royal Botanic Garden, followed by a period from 1951 to 1954 when he was Director of the Royal Horticultural Society garden at Wisley. He returned to Edinburgh as Assistant Regius Keeper and within two years was made Regius Keeper.	Now in use at Ocean Drive with different justification
Flockhart	Inverleith		Duncan, Flockhart & Co pharmaceutical chemists – they had a physic garden in the Warriston area. They produced the purified chloroform used by Dr Simpson in his first experiments with anaesthetics	Now in use elsewhere from different source
Garioch	Inverleith	Powderhall	Robert Garioch Sutherland (1909–1981), known by his pen name Robert Garioch, was a poet. He was raised at 109 Bellevue Road and attended the (now gone) St James's Episcopal School at 103 Broughton Street. He wrote poetry in the Scots language relating to social issues. From 1971 to 1973 he was the Writing Fellow of the University of Edinburgh.	Yes
Goodsir	Inverleith	Dean	Robert Anstruther Goodsir was an Arctic explorer and doctor who is buried at Dean cemetery.	Yes
Hector	Inverleith	Stockbridge	James Hector, Scottish-Kiwi geologist noted for his work with the Palliser Expedition and working with the New Zealand Geological Survey in the late 19th century.	Yes

Inverleith

Hilda	Inverleith	Warriston	(Elizabeth) Hilda Lorimer was born in Edinburgh in 1873. She was a scholar known for her research into archaeology and classical civilisations. She was also appointed vice-principal of Somerville College, Oxford during WW2. Buried in Warriston Cemetery.	In Use at West Craigs
Hughes	Inverleith	Warriston	Edith Hughes (1888 - 1971) was a Scottish architect. Among her designs was Glasgow's Mercat Cross. She was the first British female practising architect and she specialised in residential alterations and kitchen design. She is buried in Warriston Cemetery which is close to this development.	In Use
James Miller	Inverleith	Powderhall	Sir James Miller (1905–1971) was a politician and businessman who originally lived at 32 Bellevue Road. An architect by trade, Sir James founded the housebuilder Miller Homes in 1934. He entered municipal politics in 1936, serving as Lord Provost of Edinburgh from 1951 to 1954. In the 1950s he was knighted and named a fellow of the Royal Society of Edinburgh. From 1964 to 1965 he served as Lord Mayor of London, making him the only person to hold both offices.	Yes. Need to use full name
Kemp	Inverleith	Powderhall	Robert Kemp (1908–1967) was a playwright, novelist, and journalist. He wrote original plays, many of them dealing with events in Scottish history, as well as adapting older plays in the Scots language. He is also known for coining the name "The Fringe" for the then-satellite events to the Edinburgh International Festival. Kemp lived on Warriston Crescent and his plays were often staged by the Broughton Place Church Amateur Dramatic Society.	In Use
Legget	Inverleith	Dean	Robert Legget & Sons; skinnners, tanners and wool merchants was established in 1836 in Damside. Their site covered about an acre and the chemicals used for the skin processing gave Dean Village a characteristic odour.	Yes
MacDiarmid	Inverleith	Powderhall	Hugh MacDiarmid (1892–1978) was the pen name of a poet. He has been described as one of the most influential Scots poets of the 20th century. MacDiarmid was a student teacher at the former Broughton Junior Student Centre on MacDonald Road before deciding to work in journalism instead.	Yes

Inverleith

McNab	Inverleith		William McNab (1780-1848) was the Curator of Royal Botanic Gardens Edinburgh. His son James McNab (1810-1878) also became Curator of the Royal Botanic Gardens, Edinburgh and his son William Ramsay McNab (1844-1889) was a renowned botanist who was born in Edinburgh and educated at Edinburgh Academy and then Edinburgh University.	In Use
Pompey	Inverleith	Powderhall	Pompey was the drum horse of the Royal Horse Guards from 1938 to 1953. During the early years of the Royal Edinburgh Military Tattoo in the early-1950s, the horses of the Household Cavalry were billeted at the stable block in Powderhall. The horses were exercised in the area and each day would be ridden down to Edinburgh Castle.	Yes
Puddockie	Inverleith	Powderhall	During the 1800s, "Puddockie" was the local colloquial name for the riverbanks of the Water of Leith. The name Powderhall is thought to have derived from this.	Yes
Rumbling Bridge	Inverleith	Powderhall	The "Rumbling Bridge" was the local colloquial name for the prefabricated metal bridge over the Water of Leith at St Mark's Park which was installed in 1947 and replaced in 2008. The name was given due to the tendency of the bridge to sway when heavy weights passed over it.	Yes
Savoy	Inverleith	Stockbridge	The Savoy was a picture house on St Bernard's Row in Stockbridge.	
Shackleton	Inverleith	Craighleith	Ernest Shackleton, polar explorer and former Secretary to the Royal Scottish Geographical Society. He lived at 14 South Leamouth Gardens until 1910.	Yes
Stein	Inverleith	Cannonmills	Mr Stein's distillery is marked on a plan of Edinburgh & Leith from 1822. It specialised in whisky distilling.	Yes
Surenne	Inverleith	Dean	Gabriel Jacques Surenne. 19th century French-born military historian who lived and died in Edinburgh. He is buried in Dean Cemetery.	
Tivoli	Inverleith	Stockbridge	In 1901 there was the Tivoli Music Hall on St Stephen Street.	Yes
Urquhart	Inverleith	Warriston	After Dr Catherine Jane Urquhart, (1845–1902) early female doctor (graduated from the London School of Medicine for Women in 1892)	Yes

Inverleith

Wight	Inverleith	Powderhall	Dan Wight was in 1870 the winner of the inaugural Powderhall Sprint, a 160-yard race held annually at the now-demolished Powderhall Stadium until 1957.	Yes
Wilson	Inverleith	Powderhall	Robert Wilson (1834–1901) was an architect. He worked for the Edinburgh Board of Education and designed many of the schools built in Edinburgh in the late-19 th century, including Broughton Primary School.	Yes

Costorphine Murrayfield

<u>NAME of Street</u>	<u>Area</u>	<u>Sub Area (If Applicable)</u>	<u>Meaning and History</u>	<u>Available for Use</u>
Astoria	Costorphine & Murrayfield	Costorphine	The Astoria was a picture house on Manse Road in Costorphine. It is listed in the Edinburgh & Leith Post Office Directory for 1944-45.	Yes
Bucht Know	Costorphine & Murrayfield	Ravelston	Bucht Know was the name of a piece of land marked on a sketch of Ravelston map in 1821.	Yes
Cairncross	Costorphine & Murrayfield	Costorphine	Robert Cairncross (d. 1544) was a Scottish bishop. At various times he was Provost of Costorphine, Abbot of Holyrood. He was appointed Bishop of Ross in 1539, holding in commendam the abbacy of Fern. He also held office as Lord High Treasurer of Scotland from 1528 to 1529 and from 1537 to 1539.	Yes
Dey	Costorphine & Murrayfield	Costorphine	William Gordon Dey FRIBA. Architect who worked in collaboration with Moray House of Education. He was born and lived in Edinburgh, particularly Costorphine in his latter years. Died 1997.	Yes
Dovecot Shot	Costorphine & Murrayfield	Ravelston	Dovecot Shot was the name of a piece of land marked on a sketch of Ravelston map in 1821.	Yes
Elsbeth	Costorphine & Murrayfield	Murrayfield	After Elsbeth Buchanan, artist who was educated in Murrayfield and later studied at the Edinburgh College of Art. During WW2 she worked for the <i>Naval Intelligence Division</i> creating cartographic illustrations for their series of handbooks. She returned to Edinburgh in the 1950s to continue her illustrious career until her death in September 2011.	Yes
Erskine	Costorphine & Murrayfield	Murrayfield	From Mary Erskine who donated 12,000 merks towards the Merchants Maiden hospital. The girls' school by the same name is in Ravelston Dykes (also in Liberton-Gilmerton from different source)	Yes
Haining	Costorphine & Murrayfield	Ravelston	Haining Brae was the name of a piece of land marked on a sketch of Ravelston map in 1821.	Yes
Harvest	Costorphine & Murrayfield	Costorphine	Before modern housing settlements, Costorphine was farming land that grew a variety of crops essential for local consumption and further trade.	In Use
Hoy	Costorphine & Murrayfield	Murrayfield	Sir Chris Hoy MBE, celebrated cyclist and athlete is currently the second most decorated British olympian having won medals in the velodrome for track cycling. He is also an ambassador for mental health.	Future use, subject to criteria.

Costorphine Murrayfield

Jarvie	Costorphine & Murrayfield	Balgreen	Brothers Colin & Grant Jarvie grew up on Trquair Park West. Both are notable for their own achievements. Colin was an acclaimed photographer and Prof. Grant Jarvie has written many books on sport.	Yes. Colin died 2012. Grant still living.
Kinleen Rigs	Costorphine & Murrayfield	Ravelston	Kinleen Rigs was the name of a piece of land marked on a sketch of Ravelston map in 1821.	Yes
Kirk Steps	Costorphine & Murrayfield	Ravelston	Kirk Steps Park is marked on an 1821 sketch of Ravelston and Costorphine.	Yes
Laburnam	Costorphine & Murrayfield	Costorphine	Corstorphine – Cottages in St John's Road were called Laburnum Row – demolished 1936 the name can be reused	Yes
Magie Bell	Costorphine & Murrayfield		Magie Bell was said to be a woman from Corstorphine who was burned after being found guilty of witchcraft.	Yes
Moreland	Costorphine & Murrayfield	Costorphine	Between 1374 and 1377 King Robert II confirmed Adam Forester, a burgess of Edinburgh, in the lands of the Lordship of Corstorphine, which had previously been owned by William More of Abercorn. Forrester founded a chapel dedicated to St. John the Baptist, connected to the parish church of Corstorphine.	In Use
Physic Well	Costorphine & Murrayfield	Costorphine	In the early 18th century, one of the wells in the district was known as the Physic Well and purportedly had healing powers.	Yes
Plane Tree	Costorphine & Murrayfield	Costorphine	The Corstorphine Sycamore or Plane tree stood beside the Dovecot for over four centuries, possibly six, until it was finally blown down at 8.10pm in the strong winds of 26th December 1998. This tree has the more unusual distinction because it does not produce seeds and can only be propagated from cuttings. It is also a botanical subspecies on its own giving its name to the species - <i>Acer pseudoplatanus corstorphinensis</i> . Its nearest daughter tree is at the gate way to the Old Parish Church, at the east end of the High Street.	Yes
Quarry Shot	Costorphine & Murrayfield	Ravelston	Quarry Shot was the name of a piece of land marked on a sketch of Ravelston map in 1821.	Yes
Rigs	Costorphine & Murrayfield	Costorphine	Many of the parks in the Ravelston/Costorphine were called rigs. Shown on a sketch of 1821.	Yes
Sirright	Costorphine & Murrayfield	Saughtonhall	On an 1843 map, Miss Sirright is marked as the owner of land on the Water of Leith Embankment.	Yes

Costorphine Murrayfield

The Paddockholm	Costorphine & Murrayfield	old Costorphine Station	The Paddockholm was the site of the old Costorphine Station, and before that fields of the estate owned by MacTaggart & Mickel. By itself the work Paddockholm refers to frogs or "puddocks" that used to live in the fields. "Holm" refers to a pice of dry land.	In Use
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Sighthill Gorgie

<u>NAME of Street</u>	<u>Area</u>	<u>Sub Area (If Applicable)</u>	<u>Meaning and History</u>	<u>Available for Use</u>
Alan Longmuir	Sighthill & Gorgie	Dalry	Member of the band Bay City Rollers which also included his brother Derek. In later years worked as a solo musician and also had a stint as an Edinburgh Fringe performer. Died aged 70 in 2018 after a short illness.	Yes
Bitter	Sighthill & Gorgie		In association with breweries in the area. Bitter End could work for a no through road.	Yes
Broomview		South West	Old tower block name. Suggested by Forrester and St Augustine's High Schools	In Use
Burton	Sighthill & Gorgie		from the local biscuit factory. Suggested by Forrester and St Augustine's High Schools	In Use
Cupples	Sighthill & Gorgie		Anne Jane Cupples, Scottish writer and advocate for science. She wrote more than fifty children's books, died in 1896 and is buried in Dalry Cemetery.	Yes
Dalzells/Dalzellis	Sighthill & Gorgie	Saughton	There was a mill of this name in Saughton near the Water of Leith.	Yes
Draught	Sighthill & Gorgie	Gorgie	Slocken Draught Mills is annotated on Laurie's 1763 map of Gorgie Road.	Yes
Flagstone	Sighthill & Gorgie	Gorgie	Flagstone surfaces were uncovered during archaeological excavations, thought to be from the mill complex that was located in the area.	Yes
Gelatine	Sighthill & Gorgie	Gorgie	As part of the mill complex in Gorgie, there was a gelatine works.	Yes
Glenalmond	Sighthill & Gorgie		Old tower block name. Suggested by Forrester and St Augustine's High Schools	In Use
Glue	Sighthill & Gorgie	Gorgie	On an 1855 OS map of Gorgie Mills, a glue manufactory is marked.	Yes
Hadley	Sighthill & Gorgie	Sighthill	Name found in a list of post-war family names on a local history website	In Use
Handyside	Sighthill & Gorgie	Gorgie	There was a Handyside Place in Gorgie round about where Robertson Avenue is today Dropped about 1900	In Use
Jonet	Sighthill & Gorgie		Once owner of the Lands of Gorgyn (Gorgie) in the 17th century. Daughter of Sir Thomas Mudie of Dalry.	Yes

Sighthill Gorgie

Kempsel	Sighthill & Gorgie	Sighthill	Name found in a list of post-war family names on a local history website	In Use
Lind	Sighthill & Gorgie	Gorgie	18th century physician born in Gorgie. Was also an expert in Pliny and Lucretius, as well as pursuing hobbies in bassoon, silhouette artistry and antique collecting.	Yes
Little Edward	Sighthill & Gorgie	Armillan Terrace	Edward Stirling was eight years old when he was killed by a runaway tram near Ardmillan Terrace. He died in October 1925 and is buried in Saughton Cemetery. Condolences were sent by councillors and the Lord & Lady Provost.	Yes
Mackay	Sighthill & Gorgie	Gorgie	David Mackay played midfield for Heart of Midlothian and Tottenham Hotspur. He was born and grew up in Edinburgh often playing football for Scotland internationally. Died 2015.	Yes. Kate Mackay in Use at South Queensferry
McCrae	Sighthill & Gorgie		After McCrae's Battalion. Local name for 16th Battalion of the Royal Scots in WW1. Many Heart of Midlothian players and supporters enlisted.	In Use
McVitie	Sighthill & Gorgie	Gorgie	McVitie and Price's St. Andrews Biscuit Works was a biscuit manufacturer that had a factory in Gorgie in the late 19th century.	Yes
Mill Lade	Sighthill & Gorgie		A watercourse named Mill Lade is marked as running through Gorgie on Roy's map of c.1750.	Yes, but avoid Lane suffix
Otterburn	Sighthill & Gorgie	Gorgie	During the 16th and 17th centuries there was a lawsuit over land of the Manor House in Gorgie involving the Otterburn and Hamilton families.	In Use
Peploe	Sighthill & Gorgie		Samuel John Peploe (born 27 January 1871 Edinburgh – died 11 October 1935 Edinburgh) was a Post-Impressionist painter, noted for his still life works and for being one of the group of four painters that became known as the Scottish Colourists. He is buried in Dean Cemetery	Yes
Price	Sighthill & Gorgie		McVitie & Price (bakers of biscuits) started in Rose Street with Richard McVitie. Charles Price started out as a traveling salesman for Cadburys before he became a partner in the bakery business in 1888. Later in life he became a Liberal politician and then an MP. Then the company moved to Gorgie Road and finally ended up in Robertson Avenue. Bakers of at least two royal wedding cakes (including Queen Elizabeth II's).	Yes

Sighthill Gorgie

Salectun	Sighthill & Gorgie		Old form of Willow Farm, Salig = Willow. Saugh is also a derivation from salig and means willow. Saugh comes up frequently in nearby placenames e.g. Saughton	
Serlo	Sighthill & Gorgie		Early historic owner of the land around Gorgie and Dalry	Yes
Slocken	Sighthill & Gorgie	Gorgie	To slocken, means to quench or refresh, especially in relation to thirst. There was a Slocken Draught Mill noted on Knox's map of 1816 of the Gorgie and Balgreen area.	Yes
Tertaglia	Sighthill & Gorgie	Currie/Balerno	Family name found on local history website	In Use
Upper Wedge	Sighthill & Gorgie	Gorgie	Gorgie derives from the ancient British gor gyn, meaning 'upper wedge'	Yes
Weir	Sighthill & Gorgie	South West	Old tower block name. Suggested by Forrester and St Augustine's High Schools	In Use
Windyrig	Sighthill & Gorgie	South West	Local farm name	In Use

Colinton Fairmilehead

<u>NAME of Street</u>	<u>Area</u>	<u>Sub Area (If Applicable)</u>	<u>Meaning and History</u>	<u>Available for Use</u>
Ardnamurchan	Colinton & Fairmilehead	Buckstone	Lighthouse designed by Alan Stevenson. Edinburgh lighthouse engineer.	Yes
Cairn	Colinton & Fairmilehead	Fairmilehead	Burial cairns were destroyed during 18th century road construction.	In Use
Chanonry	Colinton & Fairmilehead	Buckstone	Chanonry Point. Lighthouse designed by Alan Stevenson. Edinburgh lighthouse engineer.	Yes
Corsewall	Colinton & Fairmilehead	Buckstone	Lighthouse designed by Robert Stevenson. Edinburgh lighthouse engineer.	Yes
Cromarty	Colinton & Fairmilehead	Buckstone	Lighthouse designed by Alan Stevenson. Edinburgh lighthouse engineer.	Yes
Galachlaw	Colinton & Fairmilehead	Fairmilehead	Site of the encampment used by Oliver Cromwell's army of 16,000 men during his campaigns that focused on Edinburgh in 1650.	In Use
George Harwell	Colinton & Fairmilehead		Last tenant farmer of Comiston Farm	Yes, use full name. Family consent required.
Hestan	Colinton & Fairmilehead	Buckstone	Hestan Island. Lighthouse designed by Robert Stevenson. Edinburgh lighthouse engineer.	Yes
Ivory	Colinton & Fairmilehead	Colinton	After James Ivory and his wife who resided at Laverockdale House in the 19th century. Mrs Ivory was the first person in Scotland to own a motorcar in 1902.	Yes
Jacob's Ladder	Colinton & Fairmilehead	Colinton	The local name for a set of steps cut into the hillside at Colinton used by the station master to meet stopping trains at Colinton Station.	In Use Colloquially
Jean Keppie	Colinton & Fairmilehead	Colinton	Former Treasurer to World Association of Girl Guides & Girl Scouts. Among other accolades, she was the first woman to pass her chartered accountant exams in Scotland, active member of YWCA Roundabout Centre, member of the council of St George's School and director of the Aged Christian Friends Society of Scotland. She also organised community events and collections for the RNLI and Colinton Cottage Homes in and around Colinton. Keppie was awarded an MBE in 1997 for contributions to society and the wider community. She died in December 2007.	Yes

Colinton Fairmilehead

John Currer	Colinton & Fairmilehead		Previous tenant of Comiston Farm , died July 1885.	Yes, use full name
Leslie Grahame-Thomson	Colinton & Fairmilehead	Fairmilehead	Architect of Fairmilehead Parish Church. Died 1940.	Yes, use full name
Lismore	Colinton & Fairmilehead	Buckstone	Lighthouse designed by Alan Stevenson. Edinburgh lighthouse engineer.	Yes
Mosey	Colinton & Fairmilehead	Colinton	The name of the brothers that originally owned Mossy Mill in the 17th century.	Yes
Mossy Mill	Colinton & Fairmilehead	Colinton	A paper mill in the area was named Mossy Mill. It produced cloth and later paper. It was shut in 1972.	Yes
Noss Head	Colinton & Fairmilehead	Buckstone	Lighthouse desinged by Alan Stevenson. Edinburgh lightouse engineer.	Yes
Paper Mill	Colinton & Fairmilehead	Colinton	There were paper mills in the area.	Yes
Porage	Colinton & Fairmilehead	Colinton	Scott's Porage Oats used to have a factory in the Colinton area. They have since moved to Cupar.	Yes
Sanda	Colinton & Fairmilehead	Buckstone	Lighthouse desinged by Alan Stevenson. Edinburgh lightouse engineer.	Yes
Tusitala	Colinton & Fairmilehead	Colinton	After Robert Louis Stevenson. The title given to Stevenson by Samoa, meaning 'the teller of tales'. Stevenson had a close history with Samoa as he lived on the island and died in Vailima	Yes
Waterwheel	Colinton & Fairmilehead	Colinton	Mills in the Juniper Green and Colinton area were often powered by waterwheels. They were used to drive paper, snuff and grinding machinery.	Yes
Waulk	Colinton & Fairmilehead	Colinton	Mossy Mill was originally a waulk mill before it converted to paper production. A waulk mill is a cloth fulling mill.	Yes, but Waulkmill in use.
Wellingtonia	Colinton & Fairmilehead	Colinton	A species of tree planted by the Prince of Siam after he had completed his training a Dreghorn Barracks in the early 20th century.	In Use

Fountainbridge Craiglockhart

<u>NAME of Street</u>	<u>Area</u>	<u>Sub Area (If Applicable)</u>	<u>Meaning and History</u>	<u>Available for Use</u>
Asa Wass	Fountainbridge & Craiglockhart	Fountainbridge	Asa Wass (1832 to 1898) was a Quaker born in Yorkshire who came to Edinburgh in the 1850s and established a rag and bone business in Fountainbridge, with several other yards and shops throughout the city. The business, later run by Wass' descendants, lasted for over a century and was a local fixture. Wass was a well-known figure in Fountainbridge; his name was turned by local children into the punning ditty: "Is he as he always is? Or is he as he was?" Michael Callan's eponymous biography of Sean Connery describes Wass as "Fountainbridge's uncrowned king", while <i>Auld Reekie: An Edinburgh Anthology</i> by Ralph Lownie describes him as "almost a legendary figure among Edinburgh schoolboys". 161 Fountainbridge (now demolished) was a tenement owned by Asa Wass where generations of Fountainbridge residents lived, with the rag and bone shop on the ground floor. The address of the tenement was historically "Asa Wass Pend".	Yes
Bainfield	Fountainbridge & Craiglockhart	Fountainbridge	Recorded in 1729 for James Bain of Bainfield. The small estate is named on Adair Cooper 1735 and on Roy 1753. Its last owner was Thomas Gibson who began to develop it as Gibson Terrace and Murdoch Terrace.	In Use
Bitter	Fountainbridge & Craiglockhart	Fountainbridge (Caledonian Brewery)	In association with breweries in the area. Bitter End could work for a no through road.	Yes
Coliseum	Fountainbridge & Craiglockhart	Fountainbridge	The name of Edinburgh's former largest cinema. It was located on the site of Hopetoun Iron Foundry at 125 Fountainbridge.	Yes
Cruft	Fountainbridge & Craiglockhart	Craiglockhart	Catherine Cruft. Attended school in Craiglockhart and was responsible for the listing survey in Edinburgh in 1956. She worked for RCAHMS and championed the preservation of historic buildings and monuments in Scotland. She died in 2015 aged 87.	Family consent required.
Dalgleish	Fountainbridge & Craiglockhart	Craiglockhart	Andrew Martin Dalgleish. Architect who lived in Edinburgh. Known for his practice located on Frederick Street and buildings across the city. Died 1999	Family consent required.
Encyclopaedia	Fountainbridge & Craiglockhart	Fountainbridge	The Encyclopaedia Printing Office occupied premises in Fountainbridge prior to the 19th century	Yes

Fountainbridge Craiglockhart

Foundry	Fountainbridge & Craiglockhart	Fountainbridge	During the height of the industrial activity around the Union Canal, Fountainbridge had numerous foundries specialising in niche goods such as iron and bronze.	Yes
Galoshes	Fountainbridge & Craiglockhart	Fountainbridge	The North British Rubber Co. Ltd. Had premises named Castle Mills around the Union Canal in Fountainbridge in the 1800s. They produced numerous good using Indian rubber including overshoes (galoshes), tyres and boots. As a company it continues to operate well into the 20th century	Yes
George Bell	Fountainbridge & Craiglockhart	Fountainbridge	Professor George Bell (1770 to 1843) was an advocate who served as professor of Scots Law at the University of Edinburgh and as a fellow of the Royal Society of Edinburgh. He was a recognised expert on bankruptcy law. His brother Sir Charles Bell (1774 to 1842) was an anatomist and surgeon; a graduate of the University of Edinburgh and later the chair of surgery, he is best known for his contributions to the nascent field of neurology, for which he was knighted in 1831. Both brothers were born in Fountainbridge - then a suburb of Edinburgh - and lived there until 1778 when their family relocated to the city proper.	Yes, use full name.
George Lorimer	Fountainbridge & Craiglockhart	Fountainbridge (Caledonian Brewery)	George Lorimer and Robert Clark founded the Lorimer & Clark Brewery in 1869. It was more recently known as the Caledonian Brewery	Yes, use full name
Granary	Fountainbridge & Craiglockhart	Fountainbridge	Names of buildings associated with the industries around the Union Canal and Fountainbridge in the 1850s.	Yes
Hydra	Fountainbridge & Craiglockhart		The hospital magazine that was published by Craiglockhart Hospital in 1917 until 1919. It had contributions from Sigfrid Sassoon and Wilfred Owen.	Yes
Kiln	Fountainbridge & Craiglockhart	Fountainbridge	Names of buildings associated with the industries around the Union Canal and Fountainbridge in the 1850s.	In Use
Labinjoh	Fountainbridge & Craiglockhart	Fountainbridge	Alfred Aina Labinjoh (1898 to 1965) was a Nigerian doctor who came to the UK in the 1910s as part of a delegation of Nigerians petitioning the British Government regarding the union of Northern and Southern Nigeria. Settling in the UK, he married a local woman, Annie Mackay, in 1934 and established a medical practice on Gardner's Crescent. He was a well-known figure in the area at a time when Edinburgh had very few residents of African origin. He was the local doctor for many residents of Fountainbridge during the 1940s and 1950s.	Yes

Fountainbridge Craiglockhart

Little Venice	Fountainbridge & Craiglockhart	Fountainbridge	The presence of the Union Canal lends itself for this area to reference Venice, Italy.	Yes
Locarno	Fountainbridge & Craiglockhart	Slateford	The New Locarno was a dance hall on Slateford Road. It has long been closed.	Yes
Mackay	Fountainbridge & Craiglockhart	Fountainbridge	The Mackay Bros factory at 146 Fountainbridge manufactured confectionary such as boiled sweets and toffee. The factory was enlarged in the 1920s and traded until the 1960s. Along with the North British Rubber Company factory and the Fountain Brewery, the Mackay Bros factory was part of the area's industrial heritage and helped give Fountainbridge the nickname "street of a thousand smells".	Yes, but Kate McKay used in South Queensferry, Builteon Road development
Macnee	Fountainbridge & Craiglockhart	Fountainbridge	James Macnee & Co was a major coachworks that operated at 142–148 Fountainbridge in the mid-1800s. The 1869 book <i>The Industries of Scotland, their Rise, Progress and Present Condition</i> by David Bremner describes the coachworks as being "of considerable extent...always splendid carriages on exhibition in their show-saloons." The coachworks are another element of the lost industrial heritage of Fountainbridge.	Yes
Malt House	Fountainbridge & Craiglockhart	Fountainbridge	Names of buildings associated with the industries around the Union Canal and Fountainbridge in the 1850s.	Yes
Mancini	Fountainbridge & Craiglockhart	Fountainbridge	George Mancini (1904 to 1989) was a craftsman. From the 1930s to the 1970s, he had a foundry at 125 Fountainbridge specialising in bronze. Recognised for his skill in casting bronze, he worked with many celebrated sculptors of the time including James Pittendrigh Macgillivray, J. Massey Rhind, and William Lamb. His works include the Fettes College War Memorial (now 'B' listed). He also lectured at Edinburgh College of Art, teaching many future sculptors.	Yes
Norris	Fountainbridge & Craiglockhart	Fountainbridge	Henry Lee Norris (1813 to 1881) was an American entrepreneur who, after licensing the rights to the Goodyear vulcanisation patent, came to Edinburgh in 1856 to establish a factory manufacturing rubber boots. Norris purchased the former Castle Silk Mills in Fountainbridge and established the North British Rubber Co. The North British Rubber Co. traded in Fountainbridge for over 100 years before closing in 1967, employing thousands of local people. Norris initially served as general manager and remained part of the company until 1871. His role in founding the factory had a huge impact on the evolution of Fountainbridge and provided jobs for many residents.	Yes

Fountainbridge Craiglockhart

Palais de Dance	Fountainbridge & Craiglockhart	Fountainbridge	In the 1900s after the Hopetoun Iron Foundry had ceased trading the site was developed into a public ice skating rink and then a dance venue. During its heyday of the 1930s it was a popular meeting place with often nearly 900 people meeting to dance. It was located on the site of Hopetoun Iron Foundry at 125 Fountainbridge.	Yes
Palladium	Fountainbridge & Craiglockhart	Fountainbridge	Named for a precious metal, the Palladium was a long-running entertainment venue in East Fountainbridge. It opened as a circus in 1896, became a cinema in 1911, became a theatre/venue in 1933, and became a bingo hall/nightclub in the 1960s. It was demolished in 1984. The Palladium was an entertainment staple in Fountainbridge for close to a century in multiple guises.	Yes
Silk	Fountainbridge & Craiglockhart	Fountainbridge	Silk Mills were located around the Union Canal in Fountainbridge to take advantage of the improved transport links with the rest of Scotland.	Yes
St Cuthbert	Fountainbridge & Craiglockhart	Fountainbridge	The St. Cuthbert's Co-operative Society (named after Cuthbert, a seventh century saint) was founded on Ponton Street in Fountainbridge in 1859, growing to become one of the largest co-operative societies in the UK. St. Cuthbert's went on to open several more premises in the Fountainbridge area including a dairy, stables, a drapery store, a pharmacy, a bakery, butcher's shop, and a head office. The St. Cuthbert's name endured until 1981 when the society merged with the Dalziel Society to create Scotmid. St. Cuthbert's had a major impact on the development of Fountainbridge as well as benefiting residents through the payment of dividends, the provision of fairly-priced goods, and education and recreation activities for members. It is also known in popular culture as an employer of then-milkman Sean Connery before he began his acting career.	In Use
Thimblehall	Fountainbridge & Craiglockhart	Craiglockhart	Lodging for sewing girls who worked in McNabs the Cleaners and Dryers. Also Thimbehall Garage owned by Hearts footballer Willie Woodburn was on the corner of Craighart Avenue.	Yes
Twine	Fountainbridge & Craiglockhart	Fountainbridge	After Elgin & McPake, Gilmore Rope and Twine Works that inhabited buildings on Leamington Road in the late 18 and early 1900s.	Yes
Vulcanite	Fountainbridge & Craiglockhart	Fountainbridge	The Scottish Vulcanite Co. (founded 1857) was a company that manufactured products made from vulcanite (hard vulcanised rubber, now known as ebonite) such as combs, jewellery and tokens for Edinburgh's tram network. In 1910 it was taken over by the North British Rubber Co. (which specialised in soft rubber). The company lent its name to the Vulcan Cycling Club, a cycling club based in the Fountainbridge area that was active around the turn of the century, training at Tynecastle Stadium.	Yes

Morningside

<u>NAME of Street</u>	<u>Area</u>	<u>Sub Area (If Applicable)</u>	<u>Meaning and History</u>	<u>Available for Use</u>
Audrey Shore Henshall	Morningside	Morningside	Archaeologist who was a devoted member of the Scottish Episcopalian Christ Church in Morningside. She was awarded an OBE for her services to archaeology and notably published works on Neolithic Cairns during her long career. She died in December 2021.	After Dec 2026. Family consent required.
Blanche	Morningside	Bruntsfield	The was once a grocer at 155-157 Bruntsfield Palce by the name of Blanche & Company.	Yes
Bore Stane	Morningside	Morningside	Stone monument located on Morningside Road that is attributed to the encampment army of King James IV Scotland in 1513 before the Battle of Flodden	Yes
Denholm	Morningside	Morningside	Denholm's Smiddy was one of the oldest instiutitions when Morningside was a village. It was recorded in the Post Office Directories of the 1890s as being located in Falcon Lane.	Yes
Egypt	Morningside	Canaan Lane/Woodbur n Terrace	An Egypt Farm is referenced as early as 1585 in city records as 'Littil Egypt'.	Yes
Ethel	Morningside	Morningside	After Charlotte Ethel Evans who lived in Morningside Park in the 20th century. She was the great granddaughter of artist and engraver David Deucher loaned some of his workd to the Edinburgh Public Library.	In Use
Falconar	Morningside	Morningside	Family name of the previous owners of Morningside Lodge. In latter years it was renamed Falcon Hall by 1815.	Yes
Hannah MacGoun	Morningside	Morningside	Scottish artist and first female elected as a member of the Royal Society of Watercolourists. Died at home at 69 Morningside Road in 1913.	Yes
Headsway-Hunter	Morningside	Bruntsfield	Dr. Alice Headsway-Hunter. First female fellow of the Royal College of Surgeons. She focused her work abroad to improve the lives of women and children, but died in Bruntsfield Hospital in1973.	Yes
Hippolyte	Morningside	Morningside	Hippolyte Jean Blanc was the Scottish architect of Church Hill Theatre along with numerous other buildings across Edinburgh. He is also noted for his work on the restorations of Edinburgh Castle. He died in 1917, aged 72 at his home at 17 Strathearn Place, Morningside.	Yes

Morningside

Kailyard	Morningside	Morningside	Kailyard refers to a kitchen garden. The kitchen gardens of the Paradise Cottages on the east side of Morningside Row were known as the Kailyards of Paradise.	Yes
Muriel Spark	Morningside	Bruntsfield	Scottish Novelist who was born in Bruntsfield and educated at James Gillespie's High School and Heriot Watt College. She is most well known for the novel <i>The Prime of Miss Jean Brodie</i> , but had a prolific literary career including poetry, other novels and short stories. Spark died in 2006.	Yes
Rhubarb	Morningside	Morningside	Morningside resident Dr. James Gregory was the inventor of 'Gregory's Powder' a rhubarb based laxative in the 18th century.	Yes
Saroj Lal	Morningside	Morningside	Saroj Lal was one of Edinburgh's earliest BAME primary school teachers in 1970. She campaigned for equality and multi-culturalism in the education system.	Yes
Susan Edmonstone Ferrier	Morningside	Morningside	Scottish novelist who was born and died in Edinburgh having lived in Morningside with her family. She wrote about Scottish life and female education.	Yes

City Centre

<u>NAME of Street</u>	<u>Area</u>	<u>Sub Area (If Applicable)</u>	<u>Meaning and History</u>	<u>Available for Use</u>
Aetherioscope	City Centre		In honour of Sir John Leslie, physicist and mathematician who lived at 62 Queen Street in Edinburgh. An aetherioscope measures the chilling effect of a clear sky. Leslie also invented the differential thermometer and various other instruments that measured aspects of heat.	Yes
Agnes Syme Macdonald	City Centre		Born in Dublin Street. Syme Macdonald was a suffragette who was secretary of the Edinburgh Branch of the Women's Social and Political Union and Edinburgh Women Citizens Association.	Yes, use full name.
Alwin	City Centre		Abbott of Holyrood who founded the Royal High School, Edinburgh in 1128.	Yes
Amphora	City Centre		Shards of amphoras have been found in the Grassmarket. It is thought that they held wine and other goods such as honey and olive oil that had been imported from southern Spain.	Yes
Anglia	City Centre		This was the original name of London Street.	Yes
Assay	City Centre		The Assay Office was near South Bridge and the Goldsmith's Hall. An assay office specialises in hallmarks and testing precious metals. The Edinburgh Assay Office is currently located on Broughton Street.	Yes
Baijen	City Centre		Baijen Hole was a baker's shop on the High Street, opposite the Old Tolbooth. The name comes from the French <i>béjaune</i> meaning freshman or greenhorn.	Yes
Baronial	City Centre		The Scottish baronial style of architecture is very well used throughout the Edinburgh Old Town and Marchmont. It consists of features such as crow-step gables and turrets and is considered a 19th century Gothic Revival.	Yes
Beattie	City Centre		Name of an historic close on north side of the Grassmarket. It was destroyed due to the City Improvements Act circa 19th century.	Yes
Belfast	City Centre		Along with Cardiff this capital city in the UK that has not been honoured by the City of Edinburgh.	Yes
Blomfield	City Centre		Robert Blomfield. Well known street photographer in Edinburgh who also worked in cities across Great Britain. His pieces were known to show real life and the challenges facing cities during modernisation. He died in 2020.	After Dec 2025. Family consent required.

City Centre

Bunney	City Centre		Herrick Bunney. Organist and Master of Music at St Giles cathedral from 1962 until retirement in 1996. Also organist to Edinburgh University and conductor of various choral groups. Died in 1997. Could also use Herrick as a street name.	Family consent required.
Butter Tron	City Centre	Old Town	The Butter Tron was a public weighing station that was on the route from West Port, over the Over Bow and down the High Street.	Yes
Canonball	City Centre	Castlehill	Canonball House was constructed in 1630 and had a canonball lodged in its wall. It is sometimes said to be from a 1745 seige, but alternative theories suggest it mark the gravitational height of Comiston Springs, put there when water pipes were being installed to the city. The building later became Castehill School and a theatre workshop.	Yes
Cardiff	City Centre		Along with Belfast this capital city in the UK that has not been honoured by the City of Edinburgh. It became capital in 1955	Yes
Catchpel	City Centre	Old Town	It is said that the buildings associated with the Royal Tennis Court (visible on Gordon's 1647 Map) were called the Catchpel, from Cache, a game now called <i>Fives</i> . This was a popular sport in the time of James VI's reign.	Yes
Catherine Sinclair	City Centre		Novelist and philanthropist who set up public drinking fountains and soup kitchens. She currently has a monument to her legacy located in Albyn Place/North Charlotte Street.	In Use
Chatelherault	City Centre		The Duke of Chatelherault is associated with Hamilton House which was constructed in the 16th century on the site of the University of Edinburgh Old College, South Bridge.	Yes
Claudero	City Centre		Claudero was the nom de plume of the poet James Wilson who resided in High School Wynd in the 17/18th century.	Yes
Cleriheugh	City Centre	Royal Mile	Cleriheugh was said to be the name of the owner of a tavern called 'The Star & Garter' in Writer's Court. It is refrenced in Sir Walter Scott's <i>Guy Mannering</i> .	Yes
Crater	City Centre	Grassmarket /Vennel	In 1916 a bomb was dropped on the Grassmarket by a German Navy zeppelin. It injured three and killed one.	Yes
Creech	City Centre	Royal Mile nr. St Giles	A building name now no longer in use, after William Creech, the chief publisher in Edinburgh in the 18th century. The building was located in the Luckenbooths that were located next to St Giles until they were demolished in the 1800s.	Yes

City Centre

Cresser			Robert Cresser was a brush maker and seller who had a shop at 40 Victoria Street in the Old Town in 1873	Yes
Dame Sarah Elizabeth Siddons Mair DBE	City Centre		Campaigner for women's suffrage and education. Founder of the Ladies' Edinburgh Debating Society in 1865. Awarded an honorary LLD from Edinburgh University in 1920 and a DBE in 1931.	Yes, use full name.
Darwin	City Centre		In honour of Charles Darwin who came to Edinburgh in 1825 to study medicine and resided at 11 Lothian Street (now demolished and part of the National Museum of Scotland built on the site)	Yes
Delft	City Centre	Canongate	Delft tiles originating from the Netherlands have been excavated on the Canongate. These would have been very expensive and therefore only found in buildings of incredibly high status.	Yes
Dorothy Dunnett	City Centre		Author, educated and lived in Edinburgh. Known for her series called the Lymond Chronicles and her mystery and historical fiction. Died 2001	Yes. Family consent required.
Drumadoon	City Centre		Donald Sage Mackay, Baron Mackay of Drumadoon was a judge of the British Supreme Courts, Lord Advocate and the country's senior Law Officer. He was born, resided in Edinburgh and studied Law at the University of Edinburgh.	Yes. Family consent required.
Eben	City Centre		Eben Wilson was once the bell-ringer of the Tron Church. He died in 1823.	Yes
Eagle	City Wide		After the seed shop at Todrick's Wynd Eagle & Henderson. It was presumably named after Alexander Henderson and his son Eagle Henderson.	Yes
Evans	City Centre		Helen de Lacey Evans was one of the Edinburgh Seven, seeking to earn a degree in medicine from Edinburgh University. She died in 1903 in St Andrews.	Yes
Evelyn Gillan	City Centre		Edinburgh Council worker who spearheaded the Zero Tolerance Campaign in addition to other Social policy causes. She also organised many events for the celebration of International Women's Day and was made an honorary fellow by the Royal College of Physicians of Edinburgh for her work promoting Scotland's health.	Yes
Esplin	City Centre	Bell's Wynd area	There was a wallpaper printer owned by a Mr Esplin in Bell's Wynd during the 1770s.	Yes

City Centre

Fergusson	City Centre		In honour of Robert Fergusson, the Scottish poet. He is buried in Canongate Kirkyard and Robert Burns had the original headstone erected.	In Use
Foliot	City Centre		John & Bartoulme Foliot are purported to be the first people employed to pave the High Street in 1532. The grave of Bartoulme Foliot is marked by a monument in the chapel at Holyrood.	Yes
Frechen	City Centre		Frechen stoneware remnants have been uncovered in excavations in various parts of the Old Town	Yes
Glendinning	City Centre		Elizabeth Glendinning Kirkwood Hewat, educated at Edinburgh University and was the first woman to graduate with BD and PhD degrees from New College in 1934.	In Use
Gordon Park	City Centre		Former Street Naming Officer at Edinburgh City Council. Whole name need to be used to avoid confusion with Park Road, Place, Grove etc. in Newhaven, Liberton & Newcraighall.	In Use
Grant & Moire	City Centre	Paterson's Court area	A printing company that operated in the Paterson's Court area of the city in the late 1700s. Records refer to them as they were the subject of safety concerns from neighbours due to the open fires and vats of oil they used during production.	Moire yes, Grant already in use
Grizel	City Centre		The name of Major Weir's sister sometimes known as Jean, a resident of The West Bow. She was burned for alleged witchcraft in The Grassmarket. Public witchcraft/sorcery burnings and hangings were considered as good entertainment, often with large crowds forming.	Yes
Guelders	City Centre	Jeffrey Street area	After Mary of Guelders, consort of James II. She founded the Trinity College Church and Hospital that once stood between Leith Wynd and the Nor' Loch in 1460. It was demolished to make way for the railway and was partly rebuilt nearby under the name of Trinity Apse.	In Use
Haddo	City Centre		George Gordon, Lord Haddo laid the first foundation stone of South Bridge on the 1st August 1785.	Yes
Haldane	City Centre	New Town	Elizabeth Sanderson Haldane (1862-1937), born in Edinburgh was an author, suffragist, social welfare campaigner and reformer who worked to improve housing conditions in Edinburgh. In 1920 she became the first female Justice of the Peace in Scotland.	Yes
Hallmark	City Centre		Edinburgh has one of the last four Assay offices, specialising in precious metals and hallmarking in the UK.	Yes

City Centre

Hardy	City Centre		Henry Hardy of Hardy & Wright Architects. Lived and worked in the city. Resided at Minto Street and his firm offices were in St Andrew Square. He died in 1908 of old age.	Yes
Harriet Siddons	City Centre		Scottish actress and theatre manager who, along with her husband managed the Theatre Royal at the east end of Princes Street. She lived in the New Town until her death in 1844 and is buried at Greyfriars's Kirkyard.	Yes
Hewat	City Centre		Elizabeth Glendinning Kirkwood Hewat, educated at Edinburgh University and was the first woman to graduate with BD and PhD degrees from New College in 1934.	Yes
Hook	City Centre	West Bow/ Upper Bow Port	A historic relic that was once located in the West Bow. A large iron hook which hung on a gate of the city wall.	Yes
Horsegate	City Centre		Given the high level of horse activity in the city centre in the 18th century; Horsegate may tie into names like Cowgate.	Yes
Hutt	City Centre	Old Town	Lothian Hutt is marked in Bell's 1773 Map of Edinburgh on the Canongate near Holyrood. It is recorded that Douglas Stewart wrote many of his works here. It was demolished in the early 19th century to make way for a brewery.	Yes
Ivor	City Centre		Ivor Reginald Guild CBE. Died 2014. Known as the Duke of Princes Street he was a lawyer and patron of the arts working for Holyrood House and the Royal Botanic Gardens.	Yes. Family consent required.
Jak	City Centre	Canongate	William Jak was a cordiner (leather worker) who had a house on the Canongate in the 1500s.	
Jamieson	City Centre		Name of an historic close on north side of the Grassmarket. It was destroyed due to the City Improvements Act circa 19th century.	Yes
Jean Watson	City Centre		Many paintings and pieces of art in the City Collection have been purchased using money left as a bequest by Jean Fletcher Watson. She died in 1974, but her legacy is still used to purchase art for the city today.	Yes, use full name
Jesse	City Centre		Jesse Ewing Glasgow Jr. (c.1837-1860), prominent campaigner for black rights and student at the University of Edinburgh. Sadly he died before he could graduate.	Yes
Krame	City Centre	Old Town	A merchants booth or stall where goods are for sale. These stalls were often in alleyways in the Old Town as they could navigate the narrow streets and pathways more easily.	Yes

City Centre

Lessels	City Centre		John Lessels. Architect who lived at 21 Heriot Row during the 19th century. His buildings can be seen across the Scottish Borders and Edinburgh where he designed various parts of the New Town including Melville Crescent, Drumsheugh Gardens and Palmerston Place.	Yes
Linen/Toile	City Centre	Picardy Place	Picardy Place, named after Picardy in France was home to many French weavers in the 1700s. As immigrants they were excluded from the Weavers' Incorporation and so aimed to conduct business as a separate entity.	Yes
Luckenbooth	City Centre	Old Town	After a historic row of tenement buildings that were located on the Royal Mile. They were entirely demolished by 1817	Yes
MacLaren MacGregor	City Centre		Dr. Jessie MacLaren MacGregor was one of the first women to graduate from Edinburgh University with a degree in medicine in 1899. She was central in establishing the Muir Hall of Residence for Women Students in Edinburgh on the Royal Mile in addition to hospices that greatly helped the poor.	Yes, either name or combination.
Maiolica	City Centre	Canongate	Maiolica tiles originating from Renaissance Italy have been excavated on the Canongate. These would have been very expensive and therefore only found in buildings of incredibly high status.	Yes
Maltbarn	City Centre		Maltbarns were common in the city centre when there was a thriving brewing industry. One was specifically recorded near Sugarhouse Close.	Yes
Margaret Todd	City Centre		Scottish doctor who coined the term isotope in 1913. She studied at the Edinburgh School of Medicine for Women and was appointed Assistant Medical Officer at Edinburgh Hospital and Dispensary for Women and Children. She is also assumed to have had a romantic relationship with Dr. Sophia Jex-Blake.	Yes, but Toddshill Road and Toddrick's Wynd in use.
Marjoribanks	City Centre		The Marjoribanks family owned a house in the New Town, said to be no. 39 at the corner of George St (around the Hanover St area).	In use
Marlyn	City Centre		Marlyn's Wynd was a passage on the Canongate that has long been demolished	Yes
Mauchine	City Centre		Former Old Town close that was demolished for redevelopment of the area.	Yes
Methven	City Centre		Jessie. C. Methven. Edinburgh born suffragette. Lived at Great King Street.	Yes

City Centre

Midden	City Centre	Old Town	A midden is a pile of accumulated material. Cowgate is built upon middens that measure up to 10m thick.	Yes
Mud Brig	City Centre		Regent Morton after living in the Old Town moved to Princes Street and was one of the projectors of The Mound, which due to its appearance was once referred to as the "Mud Brig".	Yes
Nightwatch	City Centre		During the 16th century there was a period when each night every fourth citizen was to be 'watching and warding' as the authorities were worried about attack of the city following the defeat at Flodden.	Yes
Orme	City Centre		Emily Rosaline Orme. Leader of the Edinburgh National Society for Women's Suffrage. Lived in various locations around the city.	Yes, avoid confusion with Ormelie
Pirlie	City Centre	Old Town	Excavations of Jeffrey Street uncovered shards of pottery thought to be from Pirlie Pigs. These containers are the 15th/16th century equivalent of a piggy bank, featuring a slit in which to dispense coins.	Yes
Plainestane	City Centre		Name of an historic close on north side of the Grassmarket. It was destroyed due to the City Improvements Act circa 19th century.	Yes
Posthouse/ Old Post Office	City Centre	Old Town	Posthouse/Old Post Office Close was named after the post office which was on the High Street circa 1720. It was redeveloped following the expansion of the City Chambers in 1930. Can be reused in Edinburgh city centre. Old Post Office Lane exists in South Queensferry.	Yes
Primrose	City Centre	Old Town	After Primrose Campbell of Mamore, widow of Simon Lord Lovat. She was beheaded on Tower Hill in 1747. She lived on the Royal Mile in what used to be Strichen's/Rosenhaugh Close.	Yes
Raeren	City Centre	Cowgate	Raeren pottery samples have been unearthed at St Patrick's Church on the Cowgate. The pottery itself originates from Raeren, a town in Belgium.	Yes
Rhenish/Rhine	City Centre	Cowgate	Rhenish pottery samples have been unearthed at St Patrick's Church on the Cowgate. The pottery itself originates from the Rhine valley of Germany and the Low Countries of Europe.	Yes
Rogan	City Centre		Pat Rogan pioneered the campaign against Edinburgh's slums, working for housing improvements in the quality of buildings and living conditions. He served as a Labour councillor between 1954 and 1974.	Family consent required.

City Centre

Roumieu	City Centre	West Bow	After Frenchman Paul Roumieu who was said to be the first watchmaker in Edinburgh in 1677. He lived in Clockmaker's Land in the West Bow and he is said to have influenced the high standard of watchmaking in the city from 1700 onwards.	Yes
Sage	City Centre		Donald Sage Mackay, Baron Mackay of Drumadoon was a judge of the British Supreme Courts, Lord Advocate and the country's senior Law Officer. He was born, resided in Edinburgh and studied Law at the University of Edinburgh.	Yes
Sir Basil Urwin Spence	City Centre or Drum Brae & Gyle		Architect most known for his Brutalist/Modernist style. Buildings include Edinburgh University Library, St Andrew's Church in Clermiston and one on St Andrew Square. He studied and latterly taught at the Edinburgh College of Art.	Yes, but Spence Street exists.
Skinner	City Centre		17th century 'skinners' employed in the leather trade in Edinburgh's Old Town used water from the Nor' Loch for washing hides which cased the city to smell and eventually was the reasoning behind the draining of the loch. The loch is now Princes St Gardens.	In Use
Spalding	City Centre	Canongate	Charles Spalding was a confectioner and amateur engineer who lived in the Canongate area and operated his business of sugar refining and confectionary sales from the Royal exchange on the Royal Mile.	Yes
Taillefer	City Centre		John Taillefer was the mason that reinforced the Telfer Walls in 1618 as ameasure to increase the protection of the city.	Yes, similar to Telfer
Thieves' Hole	City Centre	Canongate	There was once a prison/jail on the site of the Tolbooth, this was known by some as the Thieves' Hole.	Yes
Thomas Dickson Armour	City Centre	Haymarket	Know as the Silver Scot, Armour was a professional PGA golfer who was born in Edinburgh and educated at Boroughmuir High School. His accolades include the US Open, The Open Championship and the PGA Championship. Armour died in 1968 in New York aged 71.	Yes
Tillie	City Centre		Dr. Joseph Tillie was a 19th century Scottish pharmacologist and physician who had a specialist knowledge of exotic poisons. He lived on the Royal Mile and Castle Terrace, graduating in Medicine from Edinburgh University in 1886. Latterly lived in Gilmerton.	Yes
Tolmie	City Centre		Thomas Tolmie Paterson. Edinburgh architect who worked in the city as a Brewer's Architect and Engineer. He is buried at Grange Cemetery.	Yes

City Centre

Watson	City Centre	Grassmarket /Vennel	Bessie Watson, suffragette and piper. She founded the Broughton High School pipe band and the school is directly opposite the development site for Powderhall. She died two weeks before her 92nd birthday in 1992 - youngest suffragette	Yes
Wattle	City Centre		A common material/construction type of the fences initially used to deliniate wynds in the old town.	Yes
Weaver	City Centre	Calton Hill	Incorporation of Weavers. Also called Websters or Wobsters was granted an guild seal from the Edinburgh City Council in 1475.	In use
Westerwald	City Centre		Westerwald stoneware remnants have been uncovered in excavations in various parts of the Old Town	Yes
Wilkie	City Centre		Sir David Wilkie (1882-1938) was among the first of the new breed of professors of surgery appointed at a relatively young age to develop surgical research and undergraduate teaching. At the University of Edinburgh, he established a surgical research laboratory from which was to emerge a cohort of young surgical researchers destined to become the largest dynasty of surgical professors yet seen in the British Isles. He is widely regarded as the father of British academic surgery.	In Use
William Peck	City Centre	Calton Hill	Astronomer and instrument maker who also founded the Madelvic Motor Carriage Company in 1898. He lived at Observatory House on Calton Hill and was director of the Edinburgh City Observatory from 1889 until his death in 1925.	Yes
Woodhouselee	City Centre		Alexander Fraser Tytler, Lord Woodhouselee. Born Edinburgh died Edinburgh buried Greyfriars. He was a Scottish advocate, judge and historian who worked at the University of Edinburgh.	Yes
Wyndham	City Centre		For Frederick W P Wyndham, actor and theatre impresario – helped to build and owned the King's theatre as well as the Lyceum and the Theatre Royal all in Edinburgh	Yes
Yester	City Centre		Names after Margaret, Lady Hay of Yester. She funded the completion of Tron Kirk. She also has a church in the Old Town named after her.	Yes

City Centre

Zottarelli	City Centre	St Giles Ward	John (Giovanni) Zottarelli. Edinburgh soldier died in WW1 in Flanders. Company Quartermaster Sergeant Giovanni (John) Zottarelli was a Scottish soldier in the British Army. Born at St Giles in Edinburgh, the son of Italian born professional harpist Donato and Barbara Zottarelli. He enlisted in June 1911 with the Royal Scots and serviced in Gallipoli. Died age 27 on the Western Front while serving with the 239th Company Machine Gun Corps (Infantry). He is buried in Ypres, Belgium and commemorated in the Castle War Memorial	Yes
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Leith Walk

<u>NAME of Street</u>	<u>Area</u>	<u>Sub Area (If Applicable)</u>	<u>Meaning and History</u>	<u>Available for Use</u>
Aileron	Leith Walk		In 1909 John Gibson designed model aeroplanes from his workshop in the Leith Arches. His aeroplanes had three wheels and wings that upturned at the end into 'ailerons' which helped control the roll of the aircraft. He would test many designs on Leith Links.	<u>Yes</u>
Amos	Leith Walk		After Pettigrew & Amos, photography company that was located at 131 Leith Walk in 1898. Run by John Pettigrew and Walter Amos.	In Use
Bessie Watson	Leith Walk	Broughton Road	Bessie Watson was the youngest suffragette and in later life she was a music teacher at Broughton School. There is a plan to build a development opposite the school at Powderhall and it has been suggested that this name would be suitable for that.	Yes, use full name
Botany	Leith Walk		The Botanic Cottage, which is now located in the Demonstration Garden at the Royal Botanic Gardens was once located on Leith Walk. When the gardens were located on Leith Walk this cottage was the home of the head gardener and also delineated the main entrance to the garden grounds.	Yes
Cadell	Leith Walk		Grace Cadell was a doctor and suffragist. She studied in Edinburgh and worked as a surgical resident at Bruntsfield Hospital. President of the Leith branch of the Women's Social and Political Union in 1907. Lived at the site of 145 Leith Walk	Yes
Fitzpayne	Leith Walk		Frederick Andrew Fitzpayne was an engineer who is credited with building Scotland's first electric tram and running the Edinburgh Corporation Tramway system. He lived at 5 Smith Place. (b.1878-d.1935)	Yes
Gallow Lee	Leith Walk		The place of public executions on a hillock half-way between Edinburgh and Leith, on Leith Walk. It is now the site of Shrubhill.	Yes
Liddell	Leith Walk	Beaverhall Road	Laundry formerly located on Beaverhall Road owned by George and Adrian Meiras.	In Use
Marr	Leith Walk		George Marr's fruit and sweet shop was located at the Foot of Leith Walk in 1898.	Yes
Muddle	Leith Walk	Pilrig Street	The Pilrig Muddle was the intersection at Pilrig Street where tram passengers had to change trams from electric to cable drawn, to travel the entire length of Leith Walk in the early 20th century.	Yes

Leith Walk

Painterly	Leith Walk		James Craig & Hugh Rose manufactures paint for their company Craig & Rose in a factory on Leith Walk (Stead's Place & Springfield Street). They provided paint for the Forth Bridge for over a century.	Yes
Pettigrew	Leith Walk		After Pettigrew & Amos, photography company that was located at 131 Leith Walk in 1898. Run by John Pettigrew and Walter Amos.	Yes
Pidgeon	Leith Walk		Sculptures of pigeons by Shona Kinloch were commissioned to sit on Elm Row in 1996. They were removed due to the tram works in 2006 and reinstalled once works were complete.	Yes
Skeleton	Leith Walk	Constitution Street	During excavation/archaeological work for the Trams to Newhaven project a medieval cemetery was uncovered under Constitution Street. So far more than 750 burials have been found at the site making it one of the largest skeleton assemblages in Scotland and the largest in Edinburgh.	Yes
Whalebone	Leith Walk	Constitution Street	During excavations for the Edinburgh Trams, the radius and ulna of a large adult male sperm whale were uncovered on Constitution Street. Leith also has a historic whaling industry.	Yes

Leith

<u>NAME of Street</u>	<u>Area</u>	<u>Sub Area (If Applicable)</u>	<u>Meaning and History</u>	<u>Available for Use</u>
Adjutant	Leith		Captain Marshall was the last adjutant in Edinburgh before the army left	Yes
Alhambra	Leith		Alhambra cinema on the corner of Springfield, now gone.	Yes
Andrew Wood		Western Harbour	Sir Andrew Wood was the Scottish naval captain most associated with the 'Great Michael' launched at Newhaven in 1511. There is already a street in Newhaven named after the 'Great Michael'.	In Use
Australia	Leith		In 1822 a company was formed to carry trade between Leith and Australian ports, chiefly Sydney. It was styled the 'Australian Company', but its longevity was not entirely successful. It ceased business around 16 years later.	Yes
Ballast	Leith		In history there was a quay on North Leith Bank, once made out of wood and was referred to as The 'ballast quay'.	Yes
Ben	Leith		from Ben Line Steamers. Founded in Leith by Thomson family in 1825. Moved south to Sunderland in 1902	Yes
Benvorlich, Benmacdhui, Benalder, Benavon, Benvenue, Benlawerg, Bennhor, Bennatow, Benloyal, Bencruachan	Leith		Names of Ben Line steamers. The company was originally founded in Leith in 1825. It specialised in Eastern European trade with countries such as Estonia and Russia.	Yes
Bertram	Leith	Commercial Street	Bertram's Wine and Spirits Emporium, former ship in 19th century Leith.	In use
Bitter	Leith		In association with breweries in the area. Bitter End quite good.	Yes
Bond	Leith		Residents worked at the whisky bonds	Yes
Bow-Tow	Leith	Newhaven	The local name for those who were born in Newhaven. Bow in old Scots means buoy and Tow being a term for an anchor. Marriages were often described as Bow-Tow with the man being the bow and woman the Tow.	Yes
Boxmaster	Leith	Western Harbour	Title of the leader of the Newhaven Society of Free Fishermen	Yes

Leith

Brazier	Leith		Listed in historic Post Office directories, Leith was the location of no less than three coppersmiths & braziers.	Yes
Brewster	Leith		Occupation: One who makes beer. Suitable for Leith due to breweries and distilleries in the area.	In Use
Britannia	Leith		From the Royal Yacht Britannia moored at Ocean Terminal	Yes
Caller Herrin	Leith /Newhaven	Western Harbour	Call of the Newhaven Fishwives	Yes
Calshot	Leith		After Calshot Harbour at Edinburgh of the Seven Seas on Tristan da Cunha.	Yes
Cellarman	Leith		Listed in historic Post Office directories, Leith was the location of numerous spirit merchants. Occupation: keeper of wine and spirits.	Yes
Cheverton	Leith		Charlotte (Lottie) Cheverton taught at Fettes College and founded the Leith school of Art in 1988 along with Mark Cheverton. They both died in a car accident in 1991.	Yes. Family consent required.
Chowder	Leith		Occupation: Fish Seller. Appropriate given Newhaven's history as a fishing village.	Yes
Cornelius Waugh	Leith		Born in Leith and was Dux of Leith Academy. (Died 2009). He was a Leith Councillor from 1969 - 1995 for the progressives and then the Conservatives, serving for a time as Leader of Edinburgh District Council. He is also remembered as an active member of Leith Academicals Rugby Club, Leith Franklin Cricket Club and Leith Rules Golf Society.	Yes. Family consent required.
Creel	Leith		Term for a wicker basket designed to hold fish. Synonymous with fishing communities such as Newhaven and Leith.	Yes
Crux Pellit	Leith		During excavations in Bernard Street a 'Crux Pellit' penny and two James III 'black farthings' were buried among the soil. They date to circa 1452-1480.	Yes
Dahl	Leith		Simon Kolbjørn Johnny Dahl. Killed crew member of the illfated Salvestria ship which hit a mine in 1940 on the Firth of Forth within sight of Leith. The ship was part of the Salvesen shipping company which had long used Leith as one of its bases, and the company contributed to the city greatly.	Yes
Distant Post	Leith		The 1804 Ainslie Map of Edinburgh marks a Distant Post on the Leith Sand. This area was also marked as a Race Ground. There is also a 'Winning Post'.	Yes
Dominie	Leith		Scottish name for a teacher	Yes

Leith

Eduardo Paolozzi	Leith		Born in Leith , was a world renowned Pop artist. He was Her Majesty's sculptor in ordinary for Scotland from 1986 until his death in April 2005. His family are delighted that he is to be honoured with a street name but did ask if it could be specifically in Leith.	In use
Eldorado	Leith		From the dance hall /wrestling venue Eldorado Ballroom, Mill Lane/Great Junction Street. Also the name of a fortified wine in the same ilk as Buckfast	Yes
Eric "Winkle" Brown	Leith		Born in Leith in 1919 and died 21 February 2016 aged 97. He held the Guinness World record for the most types of aircraft flown (487) and most carrier landings (2407, including the first aircraft carrier landing. In 1947 he was just beaten to b the first man to reach Mach 1 by Chuck Yeager. he started flying when he was 18 years old and retired at 70. His nickname is short for Periwinkle given to him by colleagues because of his short stature. Periwinkle is a small mollusc.	Yes
Esparto	Leith		Ship coming into Granton Esparto Grass was landed at Granton from North Africa and Egypt and was then transported to the paper Mills at Balerno, Currie and Achendinny.	In Use
Ferguson	Leith		Ramage and Ferguson were established in the port of Leith in 1878 and were incorporated in 1892. They built small vessels and specialised in luxury yachts. The yard closed in 1934 and the premises were acquired by Henry Robb & Co, also of Leith.	In use
Fisherlassies	Leith	Newhaven	Another name for the women working in the fishing industry at Newhaven. In 1896 the Fisherlassis' Choir was formed in the Victoria Primary School. It later became the Fishergirls' Choir.	Yes
Fishermen's		Western Harbour	No apostrophe	Yes
Fishquay Bridge	Leith		The former name for Sandport Place Bridge before it was modernised.	Yes
Fishwife	Leith		Term for a fisherman's wife.	In Use
Flanders	Leith		As a port, Leith had strong trading ties with Flanders in Belgium	In Use
Flourmill		Western Harbour	Chancelot Mill where they used to mill Lofty Peak flour nearby	Yes
Flower		Western Harbour	The 'Yellow Carvel' and the 'Flower' were other ships of Sir Andrew Wood occasionally used for naval purposes	Yes

Leith

Fotheringham	Leith	Brunswick	From Agnes Fotheringham who was a well loved lollipop lady for Leith Walk Primary School at Brunswick. She died suddenly of cancer in October 2007 - suggested by Paul Devaney	Yes. Family consent required.
Furnace	Leith	Baltic Street area	This area was used as glassworks for a period of time. It is makred on maps from 1794 and the industry was quite extensive in the area. Glassworks is also the origin for Salamander Street's name.	Yes
Fyfe	Leith		There was a Fyfe's Place as a side name to Leith Walk at Pilrig until about 1888	In Use
Glass House	Leith		Maps from 1974 show a yard of Glass Houses just off of Bailie Street in Leith.	Yes, but Glassbrook in use
Golden Penny	Leith		A historic levy on ships built or sold in Leith.	Yes
Haggart	Leith		North Leith wine merchant who owned land in the area.	Yes
Halley	Leith		The Halley type fire engines were used bt the Leith Fire Brigade in the ealry 1900s.	Yes
Hammerscale	Leith		Hammerscale is a flaky by product of the iron forging process. Evidence of this material has been uncovered at excavations in Leith, presumably left due to the industry in the area.	Yes
Harbourpark	Leith	Western Harbour	New park in the harbour	Yes
Harehaugen	Leith		Ivar Harehaugen. Killed crew member of the illfated Salvestria ship which hit a mine in 1940 on the Firth of Forth within sight of Leith. The ship was part of the Salvesen shipping company which had long used Leith as one of its bases, and the company contributed to the city greatly.	Yes
Heatly	Leith		Sir Peter Heatly. Leith born diver who competed in the Olympic and Empire Games. Studied engineering at the University of Edinburgh. Died in 2015.	Yes. Family consent required.
Henry Robb	Leith		Henry Robb, established in 1918, became the only main shipbuilder in Leith. Yard was at West Pier. Employed 700 in 1960s	Yes
Hertford	Leith		Named after the invading Earl of Hertford who built the first pier on the Water of Leith in 1544.	Yes
Hood	Leith		On the 1804 map of Edinburgh there is a plot of land just to the south west of Leith Links as being owned by a Miss Hood.	

Leith

Ian Ruthven	Leith		Was a polymath and publican credited with creating the "Leith sur mer" In Use image of Leith in the early 1980's. He is widely credited with starting Leith's reputation for good food by opening Skippers Bistro and then the Waterfront Wine Bar. He sadly died in 1996.	
Iolanda	Leith		Steam yacht built in 1908 in Leith by Ramage & Ferguson shipbuilders. Originally built for a wealthy business woman she would go on to be chartered for the British Navy during WW1 and WW2. In 1958 she was scrapped in the Netherlands, but several artefacts survived and were auctioned.	Yes
James Brown	Leith		James Brown was Firemaster of the Leith Fire Brigade for 34 years until 1909, and contributed a lot to the service. His obituary in an unknown newspaper in January 1913 tells us that in 1877 when the Leith Brigade moved to custom-built premises at Fire Engine House, Junction Place, Firemaster Brown had a large share in designing the building. It was on his recommendation that the Town Council adopted the system of street fire alarms, and before he retired he strongly advocated the introduction of motor-driven machines. He also invented an improved valve hydrant.	Yes
James "Tancy" Lee	Leith		From Leith and Scotland's first winner of the Lonsdale belt in 1922. Other titles include British Flyweight Champion (1915 - 16) British Featherweight Cham[pion (1917- 19) and Scottish Bantamweight Champion (1917)	Yes
Jenner	Leith		Charles Jenner and Charles Kennington came from the south to work as drapers in W & R Spence, Drapers, Leith Walk, Edinburgh. They asked for a day off to attend the Musselburgh Races, but were refused. Nevertheless they went to the races and they were sacked when they returned to work. Requiring other employment, Charles Kennington and Charles Jenner decided to open their own shop. The shop, Kennington & Jenner opened in 1838 at 47 Princes Street offering Fancy Goods for Ladies. It went on to become Jenners, probably the best known of Edinburgh's shops. It is still at the same address in Princes Street opposite the Scott Monument.	Yes

Leith

Jimmie Hoy	Leith		James Hutchison Hoy, Baron Hoy PC (21 January 1909 - 7 August 1976) was a Scottish Labour politician and life peer. Educated at Causewayside and Sciennes Public Schools, Edinburgh, he initially worked as an interior decorator. He was elected as Labour member of Parliament for Edinburgh Leith at the 1945 general election, holding seat until 1970. He served as Parliamentary Private Secretary to the Secretary of state for Scotland from 1947 - 1950, and was joint Parliamentary Secretary to the Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food from 1964 - 1970. He was appointed Vice-President of the Trustee savings Bank Association in 1957. He was appointed a Privy Councillor in 1969. On his retirement from the house of Commons in 1970, he was created a life peer as Baron Hoy of Leith in the County of the City of Edinburgh	Yes
Jimmy Rutherford	Leith		From Newhaven and an International Brigadier who was captured twice by Franco's troops. He was murdered by a Fascist firing squad in Jarma Valley, Spain. The names of Robert Bridges and John Dalglish both leithers who went to Spain with him and died at Jarma, are also suggested.	Yes
Johansen	Leith		Karl Johansen & Alf Johansen. Killed crew members of the illfated Salvestria ship which hit a mine in 1940 on the Firth of Forth within sight of Leith. The ship was part of the Salvesen shipping company which had long used Leith as one of its bases, and the company contributed to the city greatly.	Yes
John Crighton	Leith		Former Councillor - 21 June 2010	Yes. Family consent required.
Kalizma	Leith		Likely the last remaining Leith built luxury yacht in existence after the El Quosseir was scrapped. Kalizma was bought by Elizabeth Taylor's husband Richard Burton after being used as a military yach, and named after their three children, Kate, Liza and Maria.	Yes

Leith

Kennington	Leith		Charles Kennington and Charles Jenner came from the south to work as drapers in W & R Spence, Drapers, Leith Walk, Edinburgh. They asked for a day off to attend the Musselburgh Races, but were refused. Nevertheless they went to the races and they were sacked when they returned to work. Requiring other employment, Charles Kennington and Charles Jenner decided to open their own shop. The shop, Kennington & Jenner opened in 1838 at 47 Princes Street offering Fancy Goods for Ladies. It went on to become Jenners, probably the best known of Edinburgh's shops. It is still at the same address in Princes Street opposite the Scott Monument.	Yes
Kilpatrick	Leith		School Named after David Kilpatrick which is now the site of Ferrylee Care Home, 33 North Junction Street. He was minister of the Church which is now Alien Rock, 8 Pier Place.	In Use
Kingdom		Western Harbour	View of the Kingdom of Fife	Yes
Lady Maxwell	Leith		Dowager Lady maxwell resided on 2 acres of ground at Shrubhill.	Yes
Lighthouse	Leith	Western Harbour	There is a lighthouse there	Yes
George Liston	Leith	Newhaven	Amateur photographer who spent over 50 years documenting Newhaven and its history on film.	Yes, use full name. Family consent required.
Licht	Leith		As the Naval Administration for Leith, Trinity House would collect Licht Money (light money) in order to fund coal-fired light beacons in the Forth to improve safety for sailors. These beacons would eventually morph into lighthouses.	Yes
Locks	Leith	Western Harbour	Locks at Leith Docks	Yes
Madras	Leith	Western Harbour	There was a 'Madras' School in Newhaven between 1862 and 1888, financed by a grant from the Bell Trustees. Dr Andrew Bell of St Andrews had developed a method of teaching while in Madras, hence the name. The secondary school in St Andrews is still called Madras College for the same reason.	Yes

Leith

Manila	Leith		Manila ropes are a fibrous rope that was imported and sold by Edinburgh Roperies & Sailcloth Company throughout previous centuries. It shows the strong link between Leith and the seafaring industry of the area.	Yes
Mantrap	Leith	Western Harbour	The track between Newhaven and Leith was so eroded away by wave action in the mid 19 th century that it was known as the 'Mantrap'.	Yes
Marble	Leith		Maps from 1974 show marble yards marked adjacent to Bernard Street in Leith.	Yes
Marlinspike	Leith		An essential tool for splicing ropes and untying knots for sailors. Commonly found around Leith when the fishing and shipbuilding trade was at its height.	Yes
Mary Crudelis	Leith		Campaigner for women's education and founder of the Edinburgh Association for the University Education of Women. Lived in Newhaven.	Yes
Melrose	Leith	Newhaven	bru	In Use
Mercurius	Leith		Mercurius Scoticus was allegedly the first newspaper printed in Scotland in August 1651. Leith has been known for its printing and publishing industry throughout history.	Yes
Morgan	Leith		Alexander Morgan. Born in Leith in 1860 he was heavily involved with the Moray House and Edinburgh University teaching course and qualifications where he was principle of the faculty.	In Use
Norbeck	Leith		Karl Gustav Norbeck. Killed crew member of the illfated Salvestria ship which hit a mine in 1940 on the Firth of Forth within sight of Leith. The ship was part of the Salvesen shipping company which had long used Leith as one of its bases, and the company contributed to the city greatly.	Yes
Ormond	Leith	Easter Road	William (Willie) Ormond OBE. Footballer. One of the Famous Five (Hibs).	Yes. Family consent required.
Oysterbeds	Leith	Western Harbour	Newhaven fishermen once exploited oyster beds in the Firth of Forth, maybe under the very site of the streets suggested for the name! These beds were otherwise known as the 'City Scalps'.	Yes
Palisade	Leith		Associated with the original purpose of the Fort - a place of refuge and safety	Yes

Leith

Palladium	Leith		Associated with the original purpose of the Fort - a place of refuge and safety	Yes
Parapet	Leith		Associated with the original purpose of the Fort - a place of refuge and safety	Yes
Pilots	Leith	Western Harbour	Reference to Leith Docks pilotage	Yes
Polder	Leith	Western Harbour	A reminder that this area is on reclaimed land	Yes
Port of Grace	Leith	Western Harbour	An early name given to Newhaven was 'Our Lady's Port of Grace'.	Yes
Prime Gilt	Leith		There was a 12d levy on each ton of goods landed in Leith in 1380, applied by the Incorporation of Master Mariners. The funds raised were towards the care of sick, poor and widows of mariners, in addition to retired mariners. The tax was abolished in 1862.	Yes
Queen Elizabeth	Leith	Western Harbour	Monarch until 2023.	After 2028. Subject to naming criteria. Royal permission required
Ramage	Leith	Leith	Ramage and Ferguson were established in the port of Leith in 1878 and were incorporated in 1892. They built small vessels and specialised in luxury yachts. The yard closed in 1934 and the premises were acquired by Henry Robb & Co, also of Leith.	In Use
Reliance	Leith	Western Harbour	Reliance was the name of the last boat made in Newhaven, launched in 1929.	Yes
Rendel	Leith	Western Harbour	Two engineers called Rendel were the engineers most associated with the 19 th century development of Leith Docks.	Yes
Reverend Elizabeth Wardlaw	Leith		Was minister of hermitage United Free Church. She was the Liberal-Democrat Councillor for Leith links from 1984 - 2003. Leith Links Community Council remembers her with bulb planting on Leith Links. She was a supporter of Leith Festival and is also remembered by the Leith Festival Elizabeth Wardlaw award. Both her first name and surname will require to be used to avoid confusion with the Wardlaws at Gorgie.	Yes. Family consent required.

Leith

Sailcloth	Leith		Leith was once home to what was considered to be one of the finest rope and sailcloth makers in Britain (The Edinburgh Ropery & Sailcloth Company) and was known primarily for the high quality of its products.	Yes
Sandeman	Leith		Sandemans port - Cockburns of Leith. There is also a mention of Patrick Sandeman who appears to have been a wine merchant in Leith in the 19th Century and also a collector of the City of Edinburgh's shore dues.	Yes
Sakeous	Leith		John Sakeous was an Inuk who stowed away on a whale ship and once reaching Leith entertained residents with his kayaking and harpooning tricks. He later was employed as a guide and interpreter for future expeditions to the Northwest Passage.	Yes
Solheim	Leith		Einar Karsten Solheim. Killed crew member of the illfated Salvestria ship which hit a mine in 1940 on the Firth of Forth within sight of Leith. The ship was part of the Salvesen shipping company which had long used Leith as one of its bases, and the company contributed to the city greatly.	Yes
Souness	Leith		Timber merchants, Leith. Premises on Warriston Road, Canonmills	Yes
South Georgia	Leith	Western Harbour	There is a whaling station on the island of South Georgia called Leith Harbour	Yes
Spiers	Leith		Timber merchants, Leith. Premises on Warriston Road, Canonmills	In Use
Spud	Leith		Spuds were an integral part of the Mulberrys used at the D-Day landings. In total approximately 23 spuds were built at Leith with the input of many locals and Henry Robb & Co. Shipbuilders. The majority of employees and locals who lived near the construction were oblivious what the structures were or what they were to be used for.	Yes
Steadfast	Leith		From the Boys Brigade motto "Sure and Steadfast"	Yes
Stevedore	Leith		Dock Labourer and longshoreman. The word stevedore originated in Spain or Portugal, and entered the English language through its use by Sailors. It started as phonetic spelling of Spanish estivador "A man who stuffs"	In Use

Leith

Stewart Blaik	Leith		Stewart died on 9 November 2011. He served on the Leith Neighbourhood Partnership Board since it formed in June 2007; representing Leith Central Community Council in his capacity as Chair, a role he held for many years. He was also active member of the Housing and Built Environment Action Group. Stewart was very much involved in many activities and community life in Leith for over 50 years, particularly through his membership of the Labour Party and Trade Union. Suggested through Leith Partnership for use ASAP.	Yes. Blaikie in use at West Craigs
Syversen	Leith		Sigvart Kristian Syversen. Killed crew member of the illfated Salvestria ship which hit a mine in 1940 on the Firth of Forth within sight of Leith. The ship was part of the Salvesen shipping company which had long used Leith as one of its bases, and the company contributed to the city greatly.	Yes
Storjohann	Leith		Johan Storjohann was the Norwegian priest who established the Norwegian Seamen's Mission Church on North Great Junction Street in Edinburgh in 1865.	Yes
Tarrette	Leith	Western Harbour	Jacques Tarette was the designer of the 'Great Michael', the carrack/great ship that was built by Newhaven Dock in 1505. It was eventually sold to France.	Yes
The Scramble	Leith		The scramble is one of the primary forms of tournament play for golf associations, charity events and the like. A scramble is usually played with 4 person teams.	Yes
Thompson	Leith		On the 1804 map of Edinburgh there is a plot of land on the approximate site of present day Dock street marked as being owned by a Miss Thompson.	In Use
Tods	Leith	Commercial Street	Tod's Mill was originally located on Commercial Street and processed wheat into flour in the late 19th century. During it's history it expereinced many fires, but each time was rebuilt. Be careful of confusion with Toddshill, Toddrick's & Todshaugh.	Yes
Tristan da Cunha	Leith		After the Island that has Edinburgh of the Seven Seas as its main settlement.	Yes
Turnbull	Leith	Easter Road	Footballer. One of the Famous Five (Hibs). Also served in the Royal Navy during WW2, posthumously awarded the Arctic Star in 2015.	Yes. Family consent required.

Leith

Vinegar	Leith	Yardheads	On the 1794 map of Leith for Aitchison's Dictionary there is a Vinegar Close marked just off of Yardheads. It would be the approximate position of Spier's Place.	Yes
Vouts	Leith		Leith name for Vaults, a building in Timber Bush which would have originally held imported wine and alcohol from the continent.	Yes
Whale	Leith	Western Harbour	Leith was once a whaling port. Newhaven was known as The Whale (Whale Brae) and/or Whale Bank	Yes
William Wedgwood Benn	Leith		Served as MP for Leith from 1918 to 1927, following a distinguished war service. He supported the call for Leith to remain independent from Edinburgh in the "Lightning plebiscite" of 1920. He resigned from Parliament leaving the liberal party to join the labour Party and is the father of politician Anthony Wedgwood Benn.	Yes
Willis	Leith		Robert Willis was a physician in Leith, born 1799. He was the first librarian at the Royal College of Surgeons in London in 1828.	Yes
Yellow Carvel	Leith	Western Harbour	The 'Yellow Carvel' and the 'Flower' were other ships of Sir Andrew Wood occasionally used for naval purposes	Yes

Craigentiny Duddingston

<u>NAME of Street</u>	<u>Area</u>	<u>Sub Area (If Applicable)</u>	<u>Meaning and History</u>	<u>Available for Use</u>
Abercorn	Craigentiny & Duddingston		The Abercorn family once held the Barony of Duddingston. Purchased by James Hamilton the 8th Earl of Abercorn in 1745. His principally resided at Duddingston House near Edinburgh.	In Use
Annealer	Craigentiny & Duddingston	Abbeyhill	Edinburgh and Leith Flint Glassworks has a premises on Norton Place near Abbeyhill.	Yes
Balmarino	Craigentiny & Duddingston		Part of Restalrig was sold to Lord Balmerino, a family to whom fortune was to prove even more unkind than to the Logans.	Yes
Boscho	Craigentiny & Duddingston	Duddingston	William de Boscho, chancellor of Scotland in the early 13th century. Signatory of the proclamation that Duddingston shall be resided over by the Abbots.	Yes
Brus	Craigentiny & Duddingston	Duddingston	De Brus, Norman surname associated with the Norman invasion of the Duddingston area.	Yes
Caup	Craigentiny & Duddingston		Wooden measure of one quarter of a peck. Used to measure salt.	Yes
Coulson	Craigentiny & Duddingston	Abbeyhill	Steel, Coulson & Co. Ltd. Brewery used to be located at Abbeyhill. It ceased brewing in 1960.	Yes
Curling	Craigentiny & Duddingston		Duddingston Loch was famous for curling. The Duddingston Curling Society was formed in 1796. In 1803 the Society established the first code of rules. (Curling is used as a street name prefix in Glasgow, Cupar, Ceres, Cowdenbeath and several other places in Scotland)	Yes
Deuchars	Craigentiny & Duddingston		Former brewery in Craigmillar/Duddingston area.	Yes
Dodin/Dodine	Craigentiny & Duddingston		Throughout history Duddingston has had variations on its name with some of them referring to Dodin and Dodine, derived from a surname of families that resided in the area in the 12th and 13th centuries	Yes
Dunsappie	Craigentiny & Duddingston		From an iron age fort on Arthur Seat overlooking Duddingston (and Dunsappie Loch)	Yes
Edrom	Craigentiny & Duddingston		the Logans of Edrom, have a large enclosed burial-place in Restalrig Churchyard to-day.	Yes
Figgate	Craigentiny & Duddingston		After the Forest of Figgate located in Craigentiny.	In Use

Craigentinny Duddingston

Flaxfield	Craigentinny & Duddingston		A course type of linen was produced in the Duddingston area called Duddingston hoardings. The raw materials were the reeds from Duddingston Loch. It was processed and woven locally.	Yes
Flint	Craigentinny & Duddingston	Abbeyhill	Edinburgh and Leith Flint Glassworks has a premises on Norton Place near Abbeyhill.	In Use
Fressinglaye	Craigentinny & Duddingston	Duddingston	Geoffrey de Fressinglaye was the proprietor of the barony or manor of Western Duddingston in 1311.	Yes
John Dobbie	Craigentinny & Duddingston	Meadowbank	John Dobbie was a local runner who found success in the Ladbroke Classic 110m sprint. John died of MND in 2017	Yes
Lawrie Reilly	Craigentinny & Duddingston		Lawrance (Lawrie) Reilly (28 October 1928 - 22 July 2013 was a footballer who was a member of Hibernian's "famous 5"	In Use
Morevil	Craigentinny & Duddingston	Duddingston	De Morevil, Norman surname associated with the Norman invasion of the Duddingston area.	Yes
Ormond	Craigentinny & Duddingston		William 'Willie' Esplin Ormond OBE (23 February 1927 – 4 May 1984) was a Scottish football player and manager. As a player, Ormond was well known as one of Hibernian's Famous Five forward line, winning three league championships in the late 1940s and early 1950s. He then returned to prominence as a manager, first with a successful spell at St. Johnstone, and then taking Scotland to the 1974 World Cup. Scotland were unbeaten at that World Cup, but were eliminated on goal difference.	Yes
Pattisons	Craigentinny & Duddingston		Former brewery in Craigmillar/Duddingston area.	Yes
Salter	Craigentinny & Duddingston		Occupation: worker in the salt-pans.	Yes
Salt-Pan	Craigentinny & Duddingston		After Duddingston Salt-pans. They are a group of cottages on the coast east of Joppa.	Yes
Samson	Craigentinny & Duddingston	Duddingston	After Samson's Ribs, a rock outcrop in Holyrood Park. Columnar basalt.	Yes
Templeton	Craigentinny & Duddingston	Meadowbank	Doug Templeton, captain of the Edinburgh Monarchs speedway team during the 60s.	Yes. Family consent required.
Thomson	Craigentinny & Duddingston	Duddingston	Robert chilsholm Thomson OBE, Assistant Chief Constable of Edinburgh Police who was shot whilst on duty on Willowbrae Road in 1940.	In Use

Craigentinny Duddingston

Treverlen	Craigentinny & Duddingston		The original name of Duddingston – it means the settlement by the lake of reeds. This later became Dodin's village then Duddingston. The former site of Portobello High School is now a park and known as Treverlen Park so anything in the close area could have it as a name	Yes
Turnbull	Craigentinny & Duddingston		Edward Hunter Turnbull (12 April 1923 – 30 April 2011) was a Scottish professional football player and manager. During the late 1940s and 1950s he was one of the Famous Five, the noted Hibernian forward line, along with Gordon Smith, Bobby Johnstone, Lawrie Reilly, and Willie Ormond. During his time with Hibernian they won three Scottish Football League titles, and in 1955 he was the first British player to score in a European club competition.	Yes
Vesci	Craigentinny & Duddingston	Duddingston	De Vesci, Norman surname associated with the Norman invasion of the Duddingston area.	Yes
Votadini	Craigentinny & Duddingston	Arthur's Seat	It was said that Arthur's Seat was the stronghold of the Votadini Tribe, a group of celts who's territory extended over south-east Scotland and north-east England in the Iron Age (approx 400AD).	Yes
Webster	Craigentinny & Duddingston		Dr Webster made the first recorded census of Duddingston Parish in 1755.	In Use
Whinney	Craigentinny & Duddingston	Duddingston	Hill near Duddingston	Yes

Southside Newington

<u>NAME of Street</u>	<u>Area</u>	<u>Sub Area (If Applicable)</u>	<u>Meaning and History</u>	<u>Available for Use</u>
Agassiz	Southside & Newington	Blackford Hill	Agassiz Rock provided the evidence for Swiss Glaciologist Louis Agassiz that glaciers had had an impact on the landscape through their movement in the 19th century.	Yes
Ailsa Maxwell	Southside & Newington	The Grange	Educated at Edinburgh University, Ailsa was a code breaker for Bletchley Park from 1943 until 1945. After WW2 she worked on the 1945 General Election and for the General Registrar Office for Scotland. She lived much of her life in The Grange with her family.	Yes. Family consent required.
Andesite	Southside & Newington	Blackford Hill	Purple andesite lava is the lave that formed Blackford Hill around 410 million years ago during the Devonian Period.	Yes
Arbuthnott	Southside & Newington	The Meadows	The jawbones that once stood at the entrance to Jawbone Walk and were part of the Zetland & Fair Isle Knitters stall at the 1886 <i>International Exhibition of Industry, Science & Art</i> were provided by a Mrs Arbuthnott. Perhaps the Hon. Mrs Arbuthnott of Arbuthnott, Kincardineshire.	Yes
Barbara Muir	Southside & Newington	The Meadows	One of the organisers of the the Zetland & Fair Isle Knitters stall at the 1886 <i>International Exhibition of Industry, Sciend & Art</i> that took pleace in The Meadows. Their stall was partailly constructed of the well known 'arctic whale' jawbones that once stood in The Meadows until 2014 on Jawbone Walk.	Yes, full name
Broadstairs	Southside & Newington		Broadstairs House stood on the land now bounded by Salisbury Place and Duncan Street. It was demolished to make way for Mr. T.C. Jack's printing works in the 18th century.	Yes
Brown	Southside & Newington	The Grange	Irene "Mouse" Brown. Author and codebreaker for Bletchley Park during WW2. She grew up and was educated in Edinburgh.	In Use
Cabbagehall	Southside & Newington	Newington	Cabbagehall was the name of one of the feus in Newington, with reference made to it in the 18th century where in 1782 William Archibald had puchased "five acres and a bit known as Cabbagehall" from James Carfrae. Other nearby feus were names Gairnshall, Turniphall and Summerhall, the latter is still referenced in the building of the same name today. Cabbagehall was located around the St Patrick Square area of Newington.	Yes
Calvert	Southside & Newington	Marchmont	Edward Calvert. Architect born in Middlesex, but lived and worked in Edinburgh where he designed many baronial tenements in Marchmont and the Old Town. 1847-1914.	Yes

Southside Newington

Candlish	Southside & Newington	Southside	Dr. Robert Candlish was a preacher and theologian who was born in West Richmond Street. He served many years with the Free Church and was involved with New College.	Yes
Dame Elizabeth Blackadder	Southside & Newington	The Grange	Artist who was the first woman to be elected to both the Royal Scottish Academy and the Royal Academy. Her works can be seen in the Tate Gallery, Scottish Museum of Modern Art and MoMA among others. She has also has a series of stamps featuring her work.	In Use
Eister	Southside & Newington		In 1586 the city magistrates, in written recordings refer to the Eister Mure. It is in this area that Newington and Mayfield would be established.	Yes
Ellen King	Southside & Newington		Scottish swimmer who represented at the 1928 Olympic Games, member of the Warrender Baths and once held the title of British Champion in three swimming styles. Died 1994	Yes, but use whole name
Elijah McCoy	Southside & Newington	King's Buildings	Engineer of African-American decent who studied mechanical engineering at Edinburgh University. He invented lubrication systems for steam engines.	Yes
Ewing	Southside & Newington	King's Buildings	James Alfred Ewing was a Scottish academic, physicist and engineer who was educated at Edinburgh University. Known as "The Cipher King" and "The U-boat Trapper" for his work in admiralty intelligence in the First World War. He also became Vice Chancellor at Edinburgh University in 1916.	Yes
Fairfield	Southside & Newington	Newington	Cicily Isabel Fairfield was an author better known as Rebecca West. She was a travel journalist and spent her childhood at Hope Park Square.	In Use
Fairholm	Southside & Newington	Greenhill	Adam Fariholm, owner of the lands at Greenhill in 1720.	In Use
Fleeming Jenkin	Southside & Newington	King's Buildings	Regius Professor of Engineering at Edinburgh University from 1868. He was noted for his works on telpherage as well as cable engineering and art.	Yes
Gairdin	Southside & Newington	Greenhill	Adam Garidin former owner of the lands of Greenhill in 1673.	Yes
Gairns	Southside & Newington		Property was about 14 ½ acres south of Crosscauseway and between the Causeyside and Dalkeith Road feued to James and John Gairns	Yes

Southside Newington

Gairnshall	Southside & Newington		Houses that were constructed on the site of Goose Dub following its draining.	Yes
Gall	Southside & Newington	Newington	The name is associated with the founding of the Royal Blind School, the Gall and Inglis map company and the Gall projection of maps, Carrubbers Christian Centre and much, much more. James Gall (1808-1895) was associated with the Southside of Edinburgh and the explosion of map making in the city.	In Use
Glenorchy	Southside & Newington		Landy Glenorchy was a quodam parish near Nicholson Street.	In Use
Goose Dub	Southside & Newington		A pond that was exploited for brewing water and excavated during the development of Teviot Row. It was drained in approximately 1715 and converted into gardens.	In Use colloquially
Gowan	Southside & Newington		Architect. He is noted for building several villas in Edinburgh, including a home for himself, Rockville on Napier Road, although this was demolished in 1965. Gowan was also an early pioneer of good housing for workers, building worker's cottages and tenement blocks. Gowan is buried in Grange Cemetery in Edinburgh.	Yes
Herzfeld	Southside & Newington		Gertrude Herzfeld (1890-1981) qualified in 1914 at Edinburgh – first practicing female surgeon at the Sick Children's Hospital, she spent her professional life in Edinburgh specialising in paediatrics and gynaecology. She was also a surgeon at Bruntsfield Hospital from 1920 - 1955	Yes
Higgs	Southside & Newington	King's Buildings	After Prof. Peter Higgs, Nobel Prize winner in Physics for his work on theoretical physics and the Higgs Boson particle (the God Particle). He leaves behind an extensive legacy in science and was a professor at the University of Edinburgh. He died aged 94 in Edinburgh.	After April 2029. Family consent required.
Hogistoun	Southside & Newington		Hogistoun in the Burgh Muir was owned by prominent burgess Robert Hog of Hogistoun. Roughly where St Margaret's Convent is today	Yes
James Gall	Southside & Newington		Cartographer in Edinburgh who is noted for the Gall and Inglis Map Company and the Gall projection of maps. The family name of Gall is also associated with the founding of the Royal Blind School	In Use
Jean McDowell	Southside & Newington		Scottish swimmer who represented at the 1928 Olympics. She was a member of the Warrender Baths. Died 2000	Yes

Southside Newington

John Crofton	Southside & Newington		Sir John Crofton, 27 March 1912 – 3 November 2009(Achievements in the field of respiratory disease, most notably in relation to tuberculosis and smoking related lung cancer. At the University of Edinburgh, Scotland, Crofton was appointed chair of the respiratory diseases and tuberculosis department in 1952.[1] In Scotland, he developed what came to be known as the "Edinburgh Method" for tuberculosis treatment.	Yes
Katherine Schoor	Southside & Newington	The Meadows	One of the organisers of the the Zetland & Fair Isle Knitters stall at the 1886 <i>International Exhibition of Industry, Sciend & Art</i> that took place in The Meadows. Their stall was partailly constructed of the well known 'arctic whale' jawbones that once stood in The Meadows until 2014 on Jawbone Walk.	Yes, use full name
Laidlaw	Southside & Newington	Southside	(William) Laidlaw Purves, born in Hill Place in Southside was a aural and ophthalmic surgeon. Also remembered for contributions to golf by designing courses and being an active supporter of women's golf and regular played at Bruntsfield Links.	Yes
Meenie Trotter	Southside & Newington	Blackford Hill	Miss Meenie Trotter was the owner/occupant of Blackford House throughout the latter half of the 19th cenutry. She was considered an eccentric character by some.	Yes
Middlemass	Southside & Newington		1835-1974 Biscuit manufactures – had a big factory at Salisbury Place – now the site of the map collection of the National Library of Scotland	Yes
Phoebe Blyth	Southside & Newington	Newington	Scottish Philanthropist and campaigner for women's education. She lived in Newington and was a founding member of the Edinburgh Society for Promoting the Employment of Women.	Yes
Piazzi Smyth	Southside & Newington	King's Buildings	Italian born British astronomer Charles Piazzi Smyth was appointed as Astronomer Royal for Scotland and was based at the Calton Hill Observatory and lectures at the University of Edinburgh. He died in 1900.	Yes
Sellers	Southside & Newington	King's Buildings	Piers John Sellers a British-American meteorologist and NASA Astronaut who was educated at the University of Edinburgh and was awarded a BSc in Ecological Science. During his career he was the Director of Earth Sciences at Goddard Space Flight Centre. He died from pancreatic cancer in 2016	Yes. Family consent required.

Southside Newington

Spiganovicz	Southside & Newington	Causewayside	After Victor de Spiganovictz d. 1881, Odessa, founder of the Causewayside Lads Institue in Causewayside in 1903, which aimed to help ' friendless lads' and give them purpose in society.	Yes
Tremamondo	Southside & Newington		Italian Angelo Tremamondo was the first master of the Royal Riding Menage in Edinburgh. He lived on Nicholson Street and died in 1805.	Yes
Turnbull	Southside & Newington		A John Turnbull owned a large amount of property in the Newington area round about Lutton Place/Clerk Street	Yes

Liberton Gilmerton

<u>NAME of Street</u>	<u>Area</u>	<u>Sub Area (If Applicable)</u>	<u>Meaning and History</u>	<u>Available for Use</u>
Affleck	Liberton - Gilmerton	Gilmerton	Local soldier who died in WW1.	In Use
Amos	Liberton - Gilmerton	Burdiehouse	Family names taken from the 1834 parish records of Liberton - This family are listed as living in Burdiehouse	In Use
Armour	Liberton - Gilmerton	Carthall	Family names taken from the 1834 parish records of Liberton - NOT Avenue or will be too similar to Jean Armour Avenue	Yes
Arniston	Liberton - Gilmerton		After the former colliery of the same name. It shut in 1962.	Yes
Avro	Liberton - Gilmerton	Gilmerton	Type of aircraft (Avro 504K) used at Gilmerton Landing Ground from 1918.	Yes
Baddinsgill	Liberton - Gilmerton	Liberton - Gilmerton	Name of a reservoir suggested by Liberton & District Community Council	Yes
Baigrie	Liberton - Gilmerton	Howdenhall	Family names taken from the 1834 parish records of Liberton - This family are listed as living in Houdenshall (now Howdenhall)	Yes
Ballenie/Balleny	Liberton - Gilmerton	Gilmerton	Robert Ballenie and William Balleny, colliers at Gilmerton Coalworks 1738.	Yes
Balm Well	Liberton - Gilmerton	Liberton	St Catherine's Balm Well near Liberton has connotations with healing and folklore.	Yes
Bamberry	Liberton - Gilmerton	Gilmerton	Family names taken from the 1834 parish records of Liberton - This family are listed as living in Gilmerton	Yes
Beale	Liberton - Gilmerton	Gilmerton	Gilmerton resident killed in WW1	In Use
Beale	Liberton - Gilmerton	Gilmerton	Local soldier who died in WW1.	In Use
Bennet	Liberton - Gilmerton	Moredun	Family names taken from the 1834 parish records of Liberton	Yes
Beveridge	Liberton - Gilmerton	Gilmerton	Gilmerton resident killed in WW1	Yes
Bilston Glen	Liberton - Gilmerton	Loanhead	After the former colliery of the same name. It shut in 1989.	Yes
Birrell	Liberton - Gilmerton	Gilmerton	George William Birrell was born in Gilmerton	Yes

Liberton Gilmerton

Blue	Liberton - Gilmerton	Gilmerton	Colour of Gilmerton limestone	Yes
Blyth	Liberton - Gilmerton	Gilmerton	Archibald Blyth was born in Gilmerton and was a sergeant in the Royal Scots. He won the military medal in The Great War and was killed in action in France and Flanders on 23 March 1918.	Yes, previously approved by councillors
Boston	Liberton - Gilmerton	Drum	Family names taken from the 1834 parish records of Liberton	Yes
Brocken Briggs	Liberton - Gilmerton		North west of Gilmerton - hamlet called Brocken Briggs which disappeared in the early 19th century	In Use
Brockie	Liberton - Gilmerton	Greenend	Family names taken from the 1834 parish records of Liberton	Yes
Brusher	Liberton - Gilmerton	Gilmerton	Occupation: Coal miner who repairs passages. Suitable due to collieries in the area.	Yes
Burndale	Liberton - Gilmerton	Hyvot	Name of a level of coal seam in Gilmerton coal works	In Use
Burton	Liberton - Gilmerton	Liberton	Social reformer and suffragist, Mary Burton campaigned for the Watt Institution and School of Arts (now Heriot-Watt University) to admit female students. She lived in Liberton Bank House between 1844 and 1898.	In Use
Caldwell	Liberton - Gilmerton	Gilmerton	Family names taken from the 1834 parish records of Liberton - This family are listed as living in Gilmerton	Yes
Carter	Liberton - Gilmerton		In the vicinity of Gilmerton are some of the oldest coal and lime workings in the district but its fame throughout the Lothians has been chiefly on account of its ancient community of carters, whose roughness of speech and behaviour, and notably during the annual Saturnalia of the 'Carters' Plan', was proverbial.	In Use
Chisholm	Liberton - Gilmerton	Stonehouse	Family names taken from the 1834 parish records of Liberton	Yes
Clapperton	Liberton - Gilmerton	Stonehouse	Family names taken from the 1834 parish records of Liberton	Yes
Clarkson	Liberton - Gilmerton	Gilmerton	Gilmerton resident killed in WW1 (not Avenue, Road or Place)	In Use
Clarkson	Liberton - Gilmerton	Gilmerton	Local soldier who died in WW1.	In Use

Liberton Gilmerton

Comyn	Liberton - Gilmerton	Gilmerton	John Comyn. Scottish Army commander during the Battle of Roslyn	Yes
Corbie	Liberton - Gilmerton	Gilmerton	Corbie Coal, type of coal found in Gilmerton colliery.	In Use
Crosbie	Liberton - Gilmerton	Gilmerton	Family names taken from the 1834 parish records of Liberton - This family are listed as living in Gilmerton	Yes
Cumming	Liberton - Gilmerton	Alnwickhill	Family names taken from the 1834 parish records of Liberton - The Cummings lived in Alnwickhill	Yes
Dalglish	Liberton - Gilmerton	Penticox	Family names taken from the 1834 parish records of Liberton	Yes
Denholm	Liberton - Gilmerton	Gilmerton	Family names taken from the 1834 parish records of Liberton - This family are listed as living in Gilmerton - Not Terrace, Place or Avenue so does not clash with Denham Green	Yes
Disher	Liberton - Gilmerton	Mortonhall	Family names taken from the 1834 parish records of Liberton	Yes
Dow	Liberton - Gilmerton	Gilmerton	Family names taken from the 1834 parish records of Liberton - This family are listed as living in Gilmerton	Yes
Edgehead	Liberton - Gilmerton	Mayfield	After the former colliery of the same name. It shut in 1959.	Yes
Edgely	Liberton - Gilmerton	West Edge	Family names taken from the 1834 parish records of Liberton - not Rigg so does not clash with Edglaw Rigg	Yes
Emily Pit	Liberton - Gilmerton		Pit name at Arniston Colliery	Yes
Erskine	Liberton - Gilmerton	Liberton Kirk	Family names taken from the 1834 parish records of Liberton (also in Western Edinburgh from different source)	Yes
Ewart	Liberton - Gilmerton	Gilmerton	Family names taken from the 1834 parish records of Liberton - The Ewarts lived in Brockenbridge (or Brocken Brigg)	In Use
Fairly	Liberton - Gilmerton	Liberton West Mains	Family names taken from the 1834 parish records of Liberton	Yes
Fala	Liberton - Gilmerton	Gracemount	Name of high rise block in the area which is due for demolition but would be nice to keep the name	In Use
Finnie	Liberton - Gilmerton	Meadowhead	Family names taken from the 1834 parish records of Liberton	Yes
Fordell	Liberton - Gilmerton	Gilmerton	Gilmerton colliery was Gilmerton Colliery was once owned by Fordell Mains (Midlothian) Coal Company	In Use

Liberton Gilmerton

Fortune	Liberton - Gilmerton		Robert Fortune 1813 – 1880 Botanist and plant-hunter. He came to Edinburgh, working at Moredun before joining the Royal Botanical Garden in 1839	In Use
Frail	Liberton-Gilmerton	Gilmerton	Gilmerton resident killed in WW1	Yes
Fruid	Liberton - Gilmerton		Name of a reservoir suggested by Liberton & District Community Council	Yes
Garvald	Liberton - Gilmerton	Gracemount	Name of high rise block in the area which is due for demolition but would be nice to keep the name	In Use
Gibb	Liberton - Gilmerton	Mortonhall	Family names taken from the 1834 parish records of Liberton	Yes
Galach	Liberton-Gilmerton	Mortonhall	Galach in Gaelic signifies valour and fortitude. It is also the name of a cairn near Mortonhall; Galachlaw Cairn.	In Use
Gilbert	Liberton - Gilmerton	Gilmerton	Sir Gilbert Herring. Part of the Herring dynasty who controlled the lands of Gilmerton in the 14th century.	In Use
Gilchrist	Liberton - Gilmerton	Liberton Kirk	Family names taken from the 1834 parish records of Liberton	Yes
Girdwood	Liberton - Gilmerton	Gilmerton	Thomas Girdwood was born in Gilmerton and served as a private in the Royal Scots. He was killed in the Great War on 30 September 1918 in France and Flanders	Yes
Glencorse	Liberton - Gilmerton		Name of a reservoir suggested by Liberton & District Community Council	Yes
Good	Liberton - Gilmerton	Liberton West Mains	Family names taken from the 1834 parish records of Liberton	Yes
Gore Pit	Liberton - Gilmerton		Pit name at Arniston Colliery	Yes
Greig	Liberton - Gilmerton	Gilmerton	Family names taken from the 1834 parish records of Liberton - This family are listed as living in Gilmerton - Not Hill so doesn't clash with Greig's Hill in Kirkliston	Yes
Grosert	Liberton - Gilmerton	Edgehead	Family names taken from the 1834 parish records of Liberton	Yes
Harper	Liberton - Gilmerton	Gilmerton	Family names taken from the 1834 parish records of Liberton - This family are listed as living in Gilmerton	In Use
Herring	Liberton - Gilmerton	Gilmerton	Sir John Herring who held the lands of Gilmerton in early history.	In Use

Liberton Gilmerton

Innes	Liberton - Gilmerton	Gilmerton	Family name - the Innes family of Stow owned the Drum Estate. When Jane Innes inherited on the death of her brother, Gilbert, it was the largest inheritance in Scotland at that time, equating to £80 million. When she died childless, the estate was inherited by a nephew.	In Use
Jack	Liberton - Gilmerton	Gilmerton	Family names taken from the 1834 parish records of Liberton - This family are listed as living in Gilmerton	Yes
Keddie	Liberton - Gilmerton	Carthall	Family names taken from the 1834 parish records of Liberton - This family are listed as living in Carthall	Yes
Kennedy	Liberton - Gilmerton	Gilmerton	James Kennedy. Scottish locomotive and marine engineer born in Gilmerton	Yes
Kitchen	Liberton - Gilmerton	Burdiehouse	Family names taken from the 1834 parish records of Liberton	Yes
Knox	Liberton - Gilmerton	Upper Liberton	Family names taken from the 1834 parish records of Liberton	Yes
Laird	Liberton - Gilmerton	Stonehouse	Family names taken from the 1834 parish records of Liberton	Yes
Lamb	Liberton - Gilmerton	Gilmerton	Family names taken from the 1834 parish records of Liberton - This family are listed as living in Gilmerton - Avoid Court or Close	Yes
Langside	Liberton - Gilmerton	Gilmerton	Battle of Langside - Mary, Queen of Scots	Yes
Lees	Liberton - Gilmerton	Niddrie	Family names taken from the 1834 parish records of Liberton - Not Crescent so it does not clash with Lee Crescent	Yes
Lugton	Liberton - Gilmerton	Liberton - Gilmerton	Sir David Crichton of Lugton acquired the lands of Gilmerton from his father Patrick Crichton of Cranston-Riddel in 1609.	In Use
Lumsden	Liberton - Gilmerton	Gilmerton	Gilmerton resident killed in WW1 (not Court)	In Use
Lyon	Liberton - Gilmerton	Liberton Mains	Family names taken from the 1834 parish records of Liberton - there is Lyon's Close but may get away with this	Yes
Macbet	Liberton - Gilmerton	Liberton	Macbet de Liberton is listed as one of the witnesses in the charters of St. David to the Abbey of Holyrood House.	Yes
Macintosh	Liberton - Gilmerton	Liberton Kirk	Family names taken from the 1834 parish records of Liberton	Yes
Macracken	Liberton - Gilmerton	Liberton Kirk	Family names taken from the 1834 parish records of Liberton	Yes

Liberton Gilmerton

Mark	Liberton - Gilmerton	Kaimes	Family names taken from the 1834 parish records of Liberton	Yes
Marr	Liberton - Gilmerton	Gilmerton	Gilmerton resident killed in WW1 (not Street)	Yes
Menteith	Liberton - Gilmerton	Gilmerton	Earl of Monteith was superior of the lands of Gilmerton in the 15th century after marrying the sole heir of David Earl of Strathearn.	Yes
Moodie	Liberton - Gilmerton	Gilmerton	Gilmerton resident killed in WW1	In Use
Moodie	Liberton - Gilmerton	Gilmerton	Local soldier who died in WW1.	In Use
Moxey	Liberton - Gilmerton	Liberton Kirk Cottage	Family names taken from the 1834 parish records of Liberton	Yes
Neville	Liberton - Gilmerton	Gilmerton	Sir Robert Neville, army commander who camped with 10,000 men near Gilmerton Grange before the battle of Roslyn in 1302	Yes
Newbyth	Liberton - Gilmerton	Liberton - Gilmerton	Mr John Baird, Lord of Session, under the title Lord Newbyth, purchased the lands of Gilmerton from Sir Dasvid Crichton of Lugton in 1669, and also purchased Foord and Whitekirk in Haddingtonshire, having them under one barony of Newbyth	In Use
Nimmo	Liberton - Gilmerton	Burdiehouse	Family names taken from the 1834 parish records of Liberton	Yes
Nisbett	Liberton - Gilmerton	Liberton - Gilmerton	In 1862 Mr Alexander Mitchell of Stow sold the property to John More Nisbett of Cairnhill, who also bought the Drum Colliery. In 1865 Mr More Nisbett bought half the lands of Todhills from Mr Tod's trustees	In Use
Niven	Liberton - Gilmerton	Straiton	Family names taken from the 1834 parish records of Liberton	Yes
O'Donnell	Liberton - Gilmerton	Gilmerton	Local soldier who died in WW1.	In Use
Page	Liberton - Gilmerton	Gilmerton	Gilmerton resident killed in WW1	Yes
Parkneuk	Liberton - Gilmerton	Cameron Toll	Also known as Little Paisley because most of the inhabitants were hand loom weavers. Location was near the north east entrance to Cameron toll shoppin cente, Lady Road	Yes
Peacock	Liberton - Gilmerton	Stonehouse	Family names taken from the 1834 parish records of Liberton	In Use

Liberton Gilmerton

Peacock	Liberton - Gilmerton	Gilmerton	Peacock coal found near Gilmerton	In use
Peerie	Liberton - Gilmerton	Gilmerton	Thomas Peerie collier at Gilmerton Coalworks 1738	Yes, previously approved by councillors
Penman	Liberton - Gilmerton	Gilber	Family names taken from the 1834 parish records of Liberton	Yes
Philip	Liberton - Gilmerton	Niddrie Mains	Family names taken from the 1834 parish records of Liberton	In Use
Plenderlieth	Liberton - Gilmerton	Stonehouse	Family names taken from the 1834 parish records of Liberton	Yes
Pretswell	Liberton - Gilmerton	Liberton Kirk	Family names taken from the 1834 parish records of Liberton	Yes
Renton	Liberton - Gilmerton	Gilmerton	Family names taken from the 1834 parish records of Liberton - This family are listed as living in Gilmerton	Yes
Roger	Liberton - Gilmerton	Burdiehouse	Family names taken from the 1834 parish records of Liberton	Yes
Sandy Knowe	Liberton- Gilmerton		Sir Walter Scott spent the first six years of his life at Sandyknowe Farm which belonged to his grandfather and as there are quite a few streets in the area named from his books, this might be a nice addition.	Yes
Skirving	Liberton - Gilmerton	Liberton	Born about 1745, William Skirving was one of the five Scottish Martyrs for Liberty and campaigner for political reform. He was eventually convicted of spreading radical political reform information and transported to Australia where he died. An obelisk in the Olde Calton Cemetary commemorates the Scottish Martyrs for liberty.	Yes
Smart	Liberton - Gilmerton	Liberton Kirk	Family names taken from the 1834 parish records of Liberton	Yes
Spittleton	Liberton- Gilmerton	Liberton	The parish of Over or Upper Liberton is sometimes refered to as 'The lands of Spittleton' in old writings circa 1625.	Yes
Sutra	Liberton - Gilmerton	Gracemount	Name of high rise block in the area which is due for demolition but would be nice to keep the name	In Use
Top Hosie	Liberton - Gilmerton	Gilmerton	Limestone found in Gilmerton area.	Yes

Liberton Gilmerton

Torrance	Liberton - Gilmerton	Gilmerton	Family names taken from the 1834 parish records of Liberton - This family are listed as living in Gilmerton	In Use
Train	Liberton - Gilmerton	Burdiehouse	Family names taken from the 1834 parish records of Liberton	Yes
Tully	Liberton - Gilmerton	Burnhead	Family names taken from the 1834 parish records of Liberton	Yes
Veitch	Liberton - Gilmerton	Straiton	Family names taken from the 1834 parish records of Liberton	In Use
Vexhim	Liberton - Gilmerton	Gilmerton	Limestone found in Gilmerton area.	In Use
Vint	Liberton - Gilmerton		George Vint. Coalgrieve at Gilmerton Coalworks from 1735-1755	In Use
Westwater	Liberton - Gilmerton	Liberton - Gilmerton	Name of a reservoir suggested by Liberton & District Community Council	Yes
Wright	Liberton - Gilmerton	Gilmerton	Gilmerton resident killed in WW1 (not Houses)	In Use
Waggon/Waggon way	Liberton/Gimer ton	Little France	The Edmonstone Waggonway was built by Alexander Laing as a railway that served Edinburgh. It had a terminus in Little France circa 1818.	Yes

Portobello Craigmillar

<u>NAME of Street</u>	<u>Area</u>	<u>Sub Area (If Applicable)</u>	<u>Meaning and History</u>	<u>Available for Use</u>
Antonius	Portobello - Craigmillar	Newhailes	After Henry Antonius. He was employed as carpenter and upholsterer to the Dalrymple family in the 18th century for the work of Newhailes House.	Yes
Arcari	Portobello - Craigmillar	The Wisp	Local ice cream maker/vendor located in The Wisp	Yes
Barmkyn	Portobello - Craigmillar	Craigmillar	Craigmillar Castle was considered to have a 'barmkyn'; a thick rampart wall, as recorded in the <i>Account of the Parish of Liberton</i> .	Yes
Barnie	Portobello - Craigmillar		Dr William Edward "Ned" Barnie was a Portobello resident and the first person to swim the English Channel three times. He was a science teacher at a number of Edinburgh schools throughout his career, including St Anthony's and David Kilpatrick's Schools. A commemorative plaque was erected in 2006 at 7 Straiton Place, where he lived for many years.	In Use
Bauld	Portobello - Craigmillar	Craigmillar	Willie Bauld, ex-footballer from Newcraighall (24 January 1928 – 11 March 1977)m He played for Newtongrange Star, Heart of Midlothian, Edinburgh City and the Scotland national team	In Use
Benhar	Portobello - Craigmillar	Craigmillar	One of the mining companies from the area	In Use
Bertram	Portobello - Craigmillar	Craigmillar	Craigmillar Doctor	In Use
Bill Douglas	Portobello - Craigmillar	Newcraighall	Bill Douglas was a filmmaker, born in Newcraighall, best known for a trilogy of films about his upbringing in the area. He went on to teach at the National Film and Television School and amassed a large collection of artifacts relating to the history and prehistory of cinema that is now housed at the University of Exeter. An award at the Glasgow Short Film Festival is named in his honour	In Use
Bolton	Portobello - Craigmillar	Craigmillar	Reg Bolton, Reginald Ernest Bolton (13 November 1945 – 14 July	In Use

Portobello Craigmillar

Bolton	Portobello - Craigmillar	Niddrie Mains	Reg Bolton was a circus clown and teacher who was director of Theatre Workshop, responsible for producing a number of plays and teaching circus skills in the housing estates of Edinburgh. Following this, he was Arts Co-Ordinator of the Craigmillar Festival Society and involved in international festivals of children's theatre worldwide before moving to Australia in 1985. He passed away in 2006.	In Use
Bowes,	Portobello - Craigmillar	Craigmillar	Niddrie Family Names from the First Government Census 1841:	In Use
Campion	Portobello - Craigmillar	Craigmillar	Friar Campion was the parish priest at St Thereasa's in the 60's for at least 6 years. He died in the 80's in Glasqow. Organised a youth	In Use
Capella	Portobello - Craigmillar	Craigmillar	In 1502 a chapel called "Capella de Nudry-Merschale" stood on the north side of the rivulet at the west end of the Wauchope family's Niddrie House. It was one of two chapels, which beside the parish kirk existed in the parish of libertine in former times.	In Use
Chapel of Ease	Portobello - Craigmillar		Now named Portobello & Joppa Parish Church at Brunstane Road. The church was originally constructed as a 'Chapel of Ease' in 1808, and opened in 1810.	Yes
Christian (Edington) Gurthrie Wright	Portobello - Craigmillar	Near Queen Margaret University	Founder of The Edinburgh School of Cookery & Domestic Economy in 1875 along with Louisa Stevenson. The school would later become Queen Margaret University who have their campus near Musselburgh and Newcraighall. She was also a supporter of women's suffrage and equality.	In Use
Colquhoun	Portobello - Craigmillar	Portobello	Maiden name of author Lucy Bethia Walford, who was born in Portobello known for her light-hearted domestic comedy novels. Died 1915.	In Use
Coombes	Portobello - Craigmillar		A general store on Niddrie Mains Avenue	
Corrigan	Portobello - Craigmillar	Newcraighall	John Middleton, Neil Paton and Michael Scanlan were three of seven miners killed in a fire in Niddrie Pit on 24th May 1884. Patrick Shavelin, Archibald McCartney and Patrick Corrigan were among the nine rescued from the incident.	In Use
Cowdenfoot	Portobello - Craigmillar	Dalkeith	After the colliery of the same name. It was shut in 1968.	Yes

Portobello Craigmillar

Creamery	Portobello - Craigmillar		Site of Craigmillar Creamery, which in 1884 claimed to be "the largest margarine factory in Scotland". It employed many locals. Could investigate other dairy adjacent terms.	Yes
Culvert	Portobello - Craigmillar	Newcraighall	Archaeological excavations uncovered culverts in the area suggesting historic land and water management. A culvert is a submerged tunnel used to direct waterflow.	Yes
Cunningham	Portobello - Craigmillar	Craigmillar	Johnny Cunningham - founder with his brother of Silly Wizard local to Portobello. Died in New York of a heart attack. The family have given their permission and are very happy to see Johnny being remembered in such a way.	In Use
Daly	Portobello - Craigmillar	Newcraighall	John Daly, Died in a mining accident in Newcraighall when scaffolding fell in 1899.	Yes
Deperdussin	Portobello - Craigmillar	Portobello	The Deperdussin was an monoplane flown by WH Ewen from Portobello Marine Gardens in August 1911. Ewen took part in subsequent Aviation Weeks at Marine Gardens.	Yes
Dingwall	Portobello - Craigmillar	Craigmillar	Niddrie Family Names from the First Government Census 1841:	In Use
Earthenware	Portobello - Craigmillar	Portobello	Rosebank Pottery was a firm located in Portobello producing pantiles, flowerpots and other earthenware items in the early 20th century.	Yes
Egan	Portobello - Craigmillar	Craigmillar	Private Charles Egan who was a musician with the 2nd Battalion of the Black Watch contracted tuberculosis and was sent to the Wauchope family home by his commanding officer, Colonel Andrew Wauchope. Unfortunately, the orphaned boy died on 26 April 1893, aged 15, and was buried in the Wauchope family burial ground where his gravestone has recently been refurbished.	In Use
Ellis	Portobello - Craigmillar	Craigmillar	First Headteacher of Castlebrae High School, from Castlebrae High School	In Use
Faustina	Portobello - Craigmillar	Portobello	A coin from circa. 141AD was discovered in a field near Portoello with the image of Faustina Anna Galeria. She was the wife of Emperor Anotinius Pius and mother of the wife of Marcus Aurelius.	Yes
Ferguson	Portobello - Craigmillar	Craigmillar	Niddrie Family Names from the First Government Census 1841:	In Use
Flockhart	Portobello - Craigmillar	Craigmillar	Niddrie Family Names from the First Government Census 1841:	In Use

Portobello Craigmillar

Friary	Portobello - Craigmillar	Craigmillar	After St Theresa's Church. The friary is the chapel house used by the Franciscan priests who run the church	In Use
Galvane	Portobello - Craigmillar	Craigmillar	Niddrie Family Names from the First Government Census 1841:	In Use
Grace Corbett	Portobello - Craigmillar	Portobello	Author who co-wrote a series of books called <i>The Odd Volume</i> , among others. The novel <i>Busy Bodies</i> was set in Portobello. Together Grace and Walterina were known as The Misses Corbett.	Yes
Grassie	Portobello - Craigmillar	Newcraighall	William Grassie was an engineman at the Craighall Colliery in the early 19th century, in charge of the winding engine used to transport miners and coal in/out of the shaft. A reference to what he was paid can be found in company accounts from the time.	In Use
Green Lady	Portobello - Craigmillar		Local legend is that she haunts the woodlands on the Wauchope Estate.	Yes
Gulliver	Portobello - Craigmillar	Craigmillar	After the sculpture in Huntershall Park. The sculpture was created in 1979. It was by a Craigmillar Festival Society job creation team called the Gulliver team. The team were led by a local man, John Ross and all of the other workers were local. The design came from Jimmy Boyle when he was a prisoner in the Special Unit at Barlinnie Prison (He is now a renowned artist). Billy Connolly performed the opening ceremony for the sculpture, standing on it!	In Use
Ha-ha	Portobello - Craigmillar	Newcraighall	A type of sunken wall, a recessed landscape design element that creates a sunken barrier. It creates a view that is uninterrupted.	Yes
Hardie	Portobello - Craigmillar	Newcraighall	Mr Murray Hardie was the young architect that designed Newcraighall Primary School	Yes
Helen Crummy	Portobello - Craigmillar	Newcraighall	Dr Helen Crummy MBE was a founding member of the Craigmillar Festival Committee (later to become the Craigmillar Festival Society). As well as her involvement in bringing arts and community activism to the area she wrote a trilogy of books about Craigmillar, the third of which, <i>Whom Dykes Divide</i> , detailed the struggles faced by the coal workers who worked in the nearby colliery and their families	In Use
Helen Hopekirk	Portobello - Craigmillar	Portobello	Pianist born in Portobello who studied with the Leipzig Conservatoire and eventually moved to Boston where she found success performing and teaching. She also composed piano pieces inspired by Baroque and Contemporary French music. Her last performance was in 1939	Yes

Portobello Craigmillar

Hewson	Portobello - Craigmillar	Craigmillar	Niddrie Family Names from the First Government Census 1841:	In Use
Hugh Miller	Portobello - Craigmillar		Scottish geologist, writer and folklorist who died in Portobello in 1856 after shooting himself in the chest.	In Use
James Barrowman	Portobello - Craigmillar		Mining engineer and author of the critique 'Slavery in coalmines of Scotland' in 1897.	Yes
Kay William	Portobello - Craigmillar	Newcraighall	Died in a mining accident in 1913 when he was hit by a falling stone.	Yes
Kelley	Portobello - Craigmillar	Greendykes	One of the family names from the first Government Census of 1841.	Yes
Kelly	Portobello - Craigmillar	Craigmillar	Niddrie Family Names from the First Government Census 1841:	In Use
Kilgours	Portobello - Craigmillar		Doctor Kilgours attended to the workers in the mine in the early 19th century, as evidenced by company accounts from 1804 documenting the money he was provided with to purchase medicine and equipment	In Use
Klinker/Clinker	Portobello - Craigmillar	Newcraighall	Klinker brick fragments were found in aracharological excavations in the Newcraighall area, presumably left due to the minig industry in the area.	Yes
Klondyke	Portobello - Craigmillar	Newcraighall	The Klondyke Pit was opened in 1897 in Newcraighall Village.	In Use
Knight	Portobello - Craigmillar	Craigmillar	Niddrie Family Names from the First Government Census 1841:	In Use
Knight	Portobello - Craigmillar	Greendykes	One of the family names from the first Government Census of 1841.	In Use
Louisa Stevenson	Portobello - Craigmillar	Near Queen Margaret University	Founder of The Edinburgh School of Cookery & Domestic Economy in 1875 along with Christian Guthrie Wright. The school would later become Queen Margaret University who have their campus near Musselburgh and Newcraighall. She was also a supporter of women's suffrage and equality.	In Use
Luca's	Portobello - Craigmillar		Famous shop on the corner of Craigmillar Castle Road/Niddrie Mains Road	
Lurie	Portobello - Craigmillar	Craigmillar	Craigmillar Doctor	In Use
Lurie	Portobello - Craigmillar	Greendykes	Local doctor who was well respected	In Use

Portobello Craigmillar

Macnab	Portobello - Craigmillar	Craigmillar	Taken from a list of local family names from the First Government Census 1841: the suggestion was made for the bank of names by the Craigmillar Neighbourhood Alliance.	In Use
Magdalen	Portobello - Craigmillar	Newhailes	After Magdalen Bridge at Newhailes House.	In Use
Magnusson	Portobello - Craigmillar	Joppa	Magnus Magnusson. Writer, translator and journalist who was notable for his work on BBC Mastermind. Lived and was educated in Edinburgh. Died 2007	Yes. Family consent required.
McCartney	Portobello - Craigmillar	Newcraighall	John Middleton, Neil Paton and Michael Scanlan were three of seven miners killed in a fire in Niddrie Pit on 24th May 1884. Patrick Shavelin, Archibald McCartney and Patrick Corrigan were among the nine rescued from the incident.	In Use
Middleton	Portobello - Craigmillar	Newcraighall	John Middleton, Neil Paton and Michael Scanlan were three of seven miners killed in a fire in Niddrie Pit on 24th May 1884. Patrick Shavelin, Archibald McCartney and Patrick Corrigan were among the nine rescued from the incident.	In Use
Milligan	Portobello - Craigmillar	Craigmillar	Fay Milligan, community activist and arts performer actress - the Steamie, Taggart etc died 4 October 2003	In Use
Milligan	Portobello - Craigmillar	Greendykes	For Faye Milligan, local actress brought up in the area.	In Use
Mineshaft	Portobello - Craigmillar	Newcraighall	To reference the rich mining history of the area.	Yes
Mission	Portobello - Craigmillar	Craigmillar	From Niddrie Mission Church	Yes
M'Kinley	Portobello - Craigmillar	Newcraighall	James M'Kinley, a 9 year old below-ground pumper recorded at Newcraighall Colliery.	Yes
Moffat	Portobello - Craigmillar	Niddrie Mains	Annie and Janet were sisters who worked down the local mines for the Wauchope family. Their testimony went to a Parliamentary commission to make child labour in mines illegal in this country in the 1840s – at least for children under 10. They were 10 and 12 at the time.	In Use
Moir	Portobello - Craigmillar	Portobello	Miss M.E.G. (Mary Elizabeth Graham) Moir ran the Gramophone & Music Depot at 223 High Street from 1926 until 1938. It sold sheet music as well as records and musical instruments . She died in the Royal Infirmary from cancer in February 1938.	Yes, but Moira in Use

Portobello Craigmillar

Monktonhall	Portobello - Craigmillar	Musselburgh	After the colliery of the same name. It was shut in 1997	Yes
Montebello	Portobello - Craigmillar	Joppa	On a c.1889 map of the area, there was a row of villas referred to as Montebello.	Yes
Mudlark	Portobello - Craigmillar	Portobello	Given the abundance of historic pottery and earthenware around Portobello due to the pottery industries, mudlarking (searching for items of interest along the shores) is quite popular among locals and visitors.	Yes
Nealands	Portobello - Craigmillar	Craigmillar	Niddrie Family Names from the First Government Census 1841:	In Use
No Road	Portobello - Craigmillar	Greendykes - Dalkeith Road	Local route from Greendykes to Dalkeith Road across fields called the No road because it wasn't tarred/adopted	
Oncost	Portobello - Craigmillar	Craigmillar	This is a generic term applied to a general labourer anywhere in the mine. Labourers were actually graded at a higher level than oncost worker	Yes
Oversman	Portobello - Craigmillar	Craigmillar	This was the name for a senior underground official in the mine. The name was amended from Overman to Oversman on the advice of the Mining Museum at Lady Victoria.	In Use
Panama	Portobello - Craigmillar		Portobello ws founded in 1739 and was named after Puerto Bello (Portobelo) in Panama which was captured in 1739 also.	Yes
Pantile	Portobello - Craigmillar		Traditional building material. Red fired clay roofing tiles, commonly associated with coastal areas. There are examples of this material being used around Portobello and Newcraighall, possibly as a result of the brickworks in the area making it an accessible option.	Yes
Paton	Portobello - Craigmillar	Newcraighall	John Middleton, Neil Paton and Michael Scanlan were three of seven miners killed in a fire in Niddrie Pit on 24th May 1884. Patrick Shavelin, Archibald McCartney and Patrick Corrigan were among the nine rescued from the incident.	In Use
Paxton	Portobello - Craigmillar	Newcraighall	Alexander Paxton was an engineer at the Craighall Colliery in the early 19th century, responsible for maintaining the boilers. A reference to what he was paid can be found in company accounts from the time	In Use
Pinkie Pit	Portobello - Craigmillar	Newcraighall	In a written account from Robert Inglis there is reference to a Pinkie Pit where he worked at the Newcraighall Colliery in the 18th century.	Yes
Princess Mary	Portobello - Craigmillar	Craigmillar	Princess Mary opened the Niddrie Mains Housing Scheme in the 1930's	In Use

Portobello Craigmillar

Pryde	Portobello - Craigmillar	Newcraighall	Walter Pryde. Mentioned in historic documentation as an 81 year old coal-hewer at Newcraighall Colliery.	Yes
Pug	Portobello - Craigmillar		In reference to the name of the rail engine used in the coal mines.	Yes
Rackstraw	Portobello - Craigmillar	Niddrie Mains	Marjorie Rackstraw (1881-1891) was Warden of Masson Hall, Edinburgh University, from 1924 to 1937	In Use
Red Bing	Portobello - Craigmillar		Red from the colour of the sill in the Gilmerton Colliery area and the term Bing being a hill of waste coal mine material.	Yes
Robert (Bob) Heatlie	Portobello - Craigmillar	Craigmillar/The Wisp. Family would prefer use in The Wisp area.	Born in Craigmillar just after the second world war, Bob's dad played in local bands and started to teach Bob the saxophone from the age of six. In later years he played the drums in his Dad's band. But Bob had his own ideas, started to play in many local bands. Started to enjoy writing music and in 1981 he wrote the song "Japanese Boy", it was a hit and made the top 20 charts. Which in turn made Bob in demand from record companies to write for them. His next famous song which is played all over the UK and in many other countries at Christmas time is "Merry Christmas Everone" performed by Shakin Stevens. Bob then went on to work with Shakin Stevens and penned more of his hits. Bob then branched out into tv work, and wrote very many successful children's tv music. But it wasn't just the music that drove him. Kind, generous, a heart of gold in helping others. Whether it be financially, or with his time and talent. Supported many youth projects such as at the Good Trees neighbour hood centre in Moredun, by helping with advice and tuition on making a music video.	After April 2028. Relatives have given permission.
Sandilands	Portobello - Craigmillar	Craigmillar	The Edmonstone Policies were acquired by secretary Sandilands. Sir Francis, son of Archibald, was restored in 1603. The estate was formally conveyed over by Sir James Sandilands of Slamannon to Sir Francis in 1608 who married Sir James' daughter.	In Use
Scanlan	Portobello - Craigmillar	Newcraighall	John Middleton, Neil Paton and Michael Scanlan were three of seven miners killed in a fire in Niddrie Pit on 24th May 1884. Patrick Shavelin, Archibald McCartney and Patrick Corrigan were among the nine rescued from the incident.	In Use

Portobello Craigmillar

Schulze	Portobello - Craigmillar	Portobello	Family name of the initial owners of the chocolate factory on the King's Road that leads into Portobello. Business was hampered by the start of WW1 when the government took control of the building for housing troops.	Yes
Scots	Portobello - Craigmillar		Mary Queen of Scot's visited Craigmillar Castle	Yes
Scott	Portobello - Craigmillar	Craigmillar	Niddrie Family Names from the First Government Census 1841:	In Use
Seam	Portobello - Craigmillar	Newcraighall	After coal seams, the lines throughout the rock stratigraphy where coal is to be found.	Yes
Shale	Portobello - Craigmillar	Newcraighall	To reference the mining history of the area. Shale is a fine-grained sedimentary rock.	Yes
Shavelin	Portobello - Craigmillar	Newcraighall	John Middleton, Neil Paton and Michael Scanlan were three of seven miners killed in a fire in Niddrie Pit on 24th May 1884. Patrick Shavelin, Archibald McCartney and Patrick Corrigan were among the nine rescued from the incident.	In Use
Sinbad	Portobello - Craigmillar	Craigmillar	Taken from a list of local family names from the First Government Census 1841: the suggestion was made for the bank of names by the Craigmillar Neighbourhood Alliance.	Yes
Skinnywood	Portobello - Craigmillar	Craigmillar	Named after the thin stretch of woods by Greendykes Road.	Yes
Squance	Portobello - Craigmillar	Craigmillar	Taken from a list of local family names from the First Government Census 1841: the suggestion was made for the bank of names by the Craigmillar Neighbourhood Alliance.	Yes
St Aidens	Portobello - Craigmillar	Craigmillar	The Episcopalian Church that was along at the Hays	In Use
St Francis	Portobello - Craigmillar	Craigmillar	Named after the School	In Use
Steedman	Portobello - Craigmillar	Craigmillar	Niddrie Family Names from the First Government Census 1841:	In Use
Stobbie	Portobello - Craigmillar	Craigmillar	Taken from a list of local family names from the First Government Census 1841: the suggestion was made for the bank of names by the Craigmillar Neighbourhood Alliance.	In Use
Tacksman	Portobello - Craigmillar	Newcraighall	Term for a person who holds a lease and sublets land to others.	Yes

Portobello Craigmillar

The Gaff	Portobello - Craigmillar	Niddrie Mains	Local name for the cinema in Niddrie Mains	
Tobias	Portobello - Craigmillar	Craigmillar	Niddrie Family Names from the First Government Census 1841:	In Use
Tot	Portobello - Craigmillar	Portobello	After Euphemia (known as Tot) Kirkwood Thomson. Worked in the Buchan household (the pottery family) as many things including a cook. She was born and educated in Portobello. She died in 1960	Yes
Trowell	Portobello - Craigmillar	Craigmillar	Harry Trowell, community worker, activist, editor of local paper, photographer	No - More information required before use (subject to Street Naming Criteria)
Tweedsmuir	Portobello - Craigmillar	Craigmillar	The old Mansion house of Niddrie, home for the Wauchope family, stood immediately to the north of Tweedsmuir House, Niddrie House Drive.	In Use
Walterina Cunningham	Portobello - Craigmillar	Portobello	Author who co-wrote a series of books called <i>The Odd Volume</i> , among others. The novel <i>Busy Bodies</i> was set in Portobello. Together Grace and Walterina were known as The Misses Corbett.	Yes
Washerman	Portobello - Craigmillar	Craigmillar	They (As the name implies) dealt with the washing of the coal as it is moved along from the face to the surface.	Yes
Watt	Portobello - Craigmillar	Craigmillar	Taken from a list of local family names from the First Government Census 1841: the suggestion was made for the bank of names by the Craigmillar Neighbourhood Alliance.	In Use
Watt	Portobello - Craigmillar	Niddrie Mains	Taken from a list of local family names from the First Government Census 1841: the suggestion was made for the bank of names by the Craigmillar Neighbourhood Alliance.	In Use
White Gates	Portobello - Craigmillar		Railway at Woolmet Coal Road	Yes

Portobello Craigmillar

Winnie Black	Portobello - Craigmillar	Craigmillar	Ex-Councillor.	No - More information required before use (subject to Street Naming Criteria)
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South Queensferry

<u>NAME of Street</u>	<u>Area</u>	<u>Sub Area (If Applicable)</u>	<u>Meaning and History</u>	<u>Available for Use</u>
Argand	S. Queensferry		Argand lamps were used initially by Stevenson for his lighthouses as they were the best method of producing a highly visible flame. Named after Swiss physicist Francois-Pierre-Amédée Argand (Ami Argand).	Yes
Beamer Rock	S. Queensferry		This was the lighthouse removed from the Firth of Forth to construct the new Queensferry Crossing. A lighthouse which had protected mariners for 185 years was removed to make way for the new Forth crossing. The Beamer Rock lighthouse was taken apart as part of the £1.6bn bridge, the rock was used as a support for the new bridge. The lighthouse stood close to Port Edgar, guarded the entrance to Rosyth dockyard and the inner Forth.	Yes
Ben Ledi	S. Queensferry	Springfield	Hill in view of South Queensferry	Yes
Boilers	S. Queensferry		Soap makers, common in South Queensferry during the 18th century were often called boilers.	Yes
Bond	S. Queensferry		To reference whisky bonds and the industry in South Queensferry. Bonded warehouses are storage for spirits and are secured to allow for supervision by customs and correct payment of duty on exports. There was a bonded warehouse on The Loan on the 1876/7 Valuation Roll.	In Use
Briggers	S. Queensferry			In Use
Caisson	S. Queensferry		Caissons were an integral part of the Forth Bridge construction. They allowed construction of the bridge and its supporting structures in a dry environment below the water level of the Firth of Forth.	Yes
Canine	S. Queensferry		Could be used for routes that are used frequently by dog walkers.	Yes
Cantilever	S. Queensferry		The Forth Bridge is a cantilever bridge.	In Use

South Queensferry

Columbine	S. Queensferry	LAR Developemt at Port Edgar	The admiralty acquired Port Edgar in 1916 and commissioned it as HMS Columbine, establishing it as a base for destroyers. In 1918 the entire Grand Fleet was transferred from Scapa Flow to the Firth of Forth making Port Edgar a very busy place. Port Edgar destroyers provided escort for 50 German destroyers. Throughout the early and mid-1920s HMS Columbine flourished as the Atlantic Fleet's destroyer base, but in 1926 the destroyers spent only 14 weeks at the base and by 1927 it was being used even less. The Admiralty decided to close the base in 1928, running operations down to just care and maintenance levels and keeping the oil fuel depot and oiling jetty in service.	Yes
Cooperage	S. Queensferry		A craftsperson who makes wooden barrels are caller coopers. Many barrels were used in South Queensferry due to the whisky industry. Some of those who worked at the distillery when it closed went on to set up businesses as specialist coopers. The distillery in South Queensferry referred to the buildings where they stored barrels as cooperages.	Yes
Cpt Philip Quigley	S. Queensferry		Born and lived in South Queensferry. He was in the army and served in Africa and Germany. Served in the local council and was part of the last Burgh Council. Died 1988.	Yes, use whole name
Cronin	S. Queensferry		Anna Brady Cronin lived in South Queensferry for 88 years and was a keen member of the South Queensferry Rambling Group. She also taught Scottish Country dance to the community.	Yes
Dauline	S. Queensferry		Witch trials took place in Ferrymuir during the 17th century and Helen Thomson, Marion Dauline, Marion Stein, Marion Little and Isobel Young were amongst those accused from South Queensferry (taken from research by the Queensferry History Group). William Wallace Fyfe, wrote about the subject in "Summer Life In and Around South Queensferry" in 1851.	In Use
David Clark	S. Queensferry		The youngest casualty of the Forth Bridge construction may have been 13-year-old rivet catcher David Clark. He missed his footing and fell over 150ft, his body bouncing off the ironwork. He died instantly from a fractured spine and skull.	Yes. Full name available, but Clark in use.
David Hutcheson	S. Queensferry		Very involved with the Cleanferry Volunteers, a group that looks to litter pick and ensure that South Queensferry environment is cared for and remains tidy.	After June 2025. Family consent required.

South Queensferry

Distillery	S. Queensferry		Whisky distilling was a significant part of the history of South Queensferry with many locals being once employed by the industry.	Yes, but Distillery Lane in use in Edinburgh
Dorothy May Morrison	S. Queensferry		Dorothy served in the ATS in WW11 and died in 1942 aged 17. She is the only female on the Queensferry and Dalmeny war memorials.	Yes, but use whole name
Dumyat	S. Queensferry	Springfield	Hill range near the Ochil Hills. South Queensferry can be seen from	Yes
Emily McBain	S. Queensferry		First Ferry Fair Queen in 1930	In Use
Eugen Julius Weise	S. Queensferry		Identified by the Forth Bridge Memorial Committee as a 30-year-old German rigger who died during construction of the Forth Bridge.	Yes
Evelyn George Carey	S. Queensferry		Assisstant engineer on the Forth Bridge construction project, but also the offical photographer charged with documenting construction and its progress. He died in 1932.	Yes
Fyfe	S. Queensferry		Witch trials took place in Ferrymuir during the 17th century and Helen Thomson, Marion Dauline, Marion Stein, Marion Little and Isobel Young were amongst those accused from South Queensferry (taken from research by the Queensferry History Group). William Wallace Fyfe, wrote about the subject in "Summer Life In and Around South Queensferry" in 1851.	In Use
George Fowler	S. Queensferry		Brigger who worked on Forth Bridge construction, but passed away in 1892.	Yes
Glenforth	S. Queensferry		Glenforth Distillery Co. established itself in South Queensferry in 1828. It employed 13 locals and produced whisky for export.	Yes
Grace Reid	S. Queensferry		Former inhabitant of Black Castle. Dedicated researcher of South Queensferry history. Successfully campaigned for the preservation of Black Castle. She died in the 1970s.	Yes, but Reid in use in Edinburgh not SQ.
Graham Holmes	S. Queensferry		Chairman of the Ferry Fair Committee for many years.	In Use
Hunter	S. Queensferry		Dr. Hunter was the local South Queensferry GP during the Forth Bridge build. He was charged with helping both locals and construction workers and their families.	In Use
Izatt	S. Queensferry		Local baker in South Queensferry who also contributed to the Town clock and building improvement of the area. He died in 1902.	Yes
James Carswell	S. Queensferry		Scottish Railway engineer who designed the approaches to the Forth Bridge.	In Use

South Queensferry

Jane Walker	S. Queensferry		Jane was a local woman who provided a safe house in occupied Warsaw for escapers and evaders during 1940 and 1941. She was instrumental helping more than 30 of them to reach freedom. Jane was awarded the MBE in September 1945 "For services to members of British and Allied Forces in Poland".	Yes, use whole name
John Marshall	S. Queensferry		JM snr & John Robert Marshall, father and son who worked on the Forth Bridge in modern times. Both fell to their deaths during the maintenance period. Died 1970 and 1961 respectively.	Yes, but Marshall in use in Edinburgh, not SQ
Lady Moir	S. Queensferry		Margaret, Lady Moir was born in Gorgie and grew up in Dalmeny. She married engineer Ernest Moir and soon became interested and involved in her husband's projects including the southern cantilivers of the Forth Bridge. She worked in WW1 as a munitions and lathe operator and latterly was involved with the Women's Advisory Committee of the National War Savings Committee. she was also one of the founding members of the Women's Engineering Society, whose work continues today encouraging training for women in engineering disciplines. Lady Moir died in 1942.	Yes.
Lantern	S. Queensferry		Lighthouses designed by Thomas Stevenson are on the Firth of Forth and lanterns are an integral part of the design, allowing for safe passage of ships in poor weather conditions.	Yes.
Little	S. Queensferry		Witch trials took place in Ferrymuir during the 17th century and Helen Thomson, Marion Dauline, Marion Stein, Marion Little and Isobel Young were amongst those accused from South Queensferry (taken from research by the Queensferry History Group). William	In Use
Malt	S. Queensferry		To refer to the whisky industry of South Queensferry.	Yes

South Queensferry

Nicole Houston	S. Queensferry		I would like to give consent on behalf of my Mum Margaret Houston, Niece Carla McCue (Nicole's daughter) and the rest of our family to the use of my sister's name, said name being Nicole Houston, we as a family cannot express how this would make us feel, so very proud, sadly and tragically she was taken from us on the 12th of June 1986, 31/2 weeks after giving birth to her Daughter, my Niece. Nicole attended Echline Primary School in South Queensferry, where, in P7 she was voted by her classmates to be Ferry Fair Queen that year - 1981, the lovely thing was our Mum (Margaret Gillon) had been chosen as Ferry Fair Queen in 1953, it was very special to us to have had 2 Fair Queens in the family.	Yes. Family consent given.
Ochil	S. Queensferry		Ochill Hills have view of South Queensferry	In Use
Pheasantry	S. Queensferry		A pheasantry (place for pheasants) is marked on the 1957 Ordinance Survey map to the south west of South Queensferry near Dundas Castle.	Yes
Pot Still	S. Queensferry		The distillation of whisky takes place in pear-shaped copper vessels called 'pot stills'.	Yes
Rivet	S. Queensferry		Approximately 6.5 million rivets are thought to have been used in the construction of the Forth Bridge.	Yes
Scotch	S. Queensferry		South Queensferry had a thriving whisky distilling industry, producing notable whiskies for international export including the Scotch blended whisky VAT 69.	Yes
Sir Benjamin Baker	S. Queensferry		Civil engineer known for designing the Forth Bridge.	In Use
Sir John Fowler	S. Queensferry		1st Baronet, Railway engineer and designer of the Forth Bridge	In Use
Stein	S. Queensferry		Witch trials took place in Ferrymuir during the 17th century and Helen Thomson, Marion Dauline, Marion Stein, Marion Little and Isobel Young were amongst those accused from South Queensferry (taken from research by the Queensferry History Group). William	In Use
Soap	S. Queensferry		South Queensferry had a thriving soap making industry in the late 1700s. The 1824 Travelers Guide 'Through Scotland and its Islands' references the smoke of the South Queensferry soap works.	Yes

South Queensferry

Suds	S. Queensferry		South Queensferry had a thriving soap making industry in the late 1700s. The 1824 Travelers Guide 'Through Scotland and its Islands' references the smoke of the South Queensferry soap works.	Yes
Thomas Joseph Harris	S. Queensferry		The Forth Bridge's first fatality. The 16-year-old storekeeper was last seen, as dusk fell, standing well out on the nearly completed, 2,200ft jetty where he had been working. There was no-one to witness his fall or hear his screams as most workmen had left for the night.	Yes
Thomas Sinclair	S. Queensferry		The oldest to be injured. He fell 50ft from the scaffolding. He broke his left leg and dislocated his right knee joint as well as suffering severe internal injuries. His accident is likely to have ended his working life.	Yes. Full name available, but Sinclair in use.
Wick	S. Queensferry		South Queensferry has been known for its historic candle production industry.	Yes
Young	S. Queensferry		Witch trials took place in Ferrymuir during the 17th century and Helen Thomson, Marion Dauline, Marion Stein, Marion Little and Isobel Young were amongst those accused from South Queensferry (taken from research by the Queensferry History Group). William	In Use