## **EVACUATION GUIDANCE**

Emergencies usually strike without warning and in different ways. It can mean the loss of basic services including water, power, gas and telephones. It could mean damage or threat of damage to your property, for example, by flooding, fire or blast. It could mean evacuation from your home or from your whole neighbourhood. In emergency situations, you can cope best by preparing in advance and then by following instructions if you do have to evacuate your home.

Storing next-of-kin details in your mobile phone,
<ul> <li>or carrying it in your wallet or purse, will help the emergency services if you are unable to tell them who to contact:</li> <li>ICE stands for 'In Case of Emergency': it's what the emergency services will look for if you're involved in an accident.</li> <li>If you use the memory of your mobile phone to store names and numbers, simply add the letters ICE in front of a person who should be contacted in emergency.</li> <li>Make sure the person whose name and number you are giving has agreed to be your 'ICE partner'. You should also make sure your ICE partner has a list of people to contact on your behalf.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>4 WHAT TO DO NEXT</li> <li>The council and its partners have already made arrangements to look after your health &amp; welfare if the need arises. It will assist greatly if you comply with the following guidance: <ul> <li>You will be advised of where to go to a designated Rest Centre.</li> <li>Follow Police advice.</li> <li>Be patient and stay calm.</li> <li>Walk, don't run.</li> <li>If you need assistance, look for someone in uniform wearing a high visibility jacket.</li> <li>Arrangements will be made to look after children at school or nursery within the affected zones.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

**BE A GOOD NEIGHBOUR.**