

THE CITY OF EDINBURGH COUNCIL
SCHEME FOR COMMUNITY COUNCILS

1. Introduction

Community councils were first established in Scotland following the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973. Thereafter, the Local Government etc. (Scotland) Act, 1994, which produced the current system of unitary local authorities, also made provision under Section 22 for the continuation of community councils. This legislation provides the legal framework for community councils.

2. Statutory Purposes

The statutory purposes of the community councils established under this Scheme are set out in Section 51 (2) of the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973, as follows: -

"In addition to any other purpose which a community council may pursue, the general purpose of a community council shall be to ascertain, co-ordinate and express to the local authorities for its area, and to public authorities, the views of the community which it represents, in relation to matters for which those authorities are responsible, and to take such action in the interests of that community as appears to it to be expedient and practicable"

3. The Role and Responsibilities of Community Councils

The general purpose of community councils is to act as a voice for their local area. This will involve them articulating the views and concerns of local people in their area on a wide range of issues of public concern and make representations to the City of Edinburgh Council, other public sector bodies and private agencies on matters within their sphere of interest.

Community councils have a statutory right to be consulted on planning applications. They are competent objectors to all licence applications lodged with the Council in terms of the Civic Government (Scotland) Act 1982, which includes applications for House in Multiple Occupation licences.

Community councils are the key community representative bodies within the local community planning arrangements across the city of Edinburgh. Community councils have representation on each of the 12 Neighbourhood Partnerships and have responsibility for the decisions of the Neighbourhood Partnerships covering the community council area they represent.

Community councils should engage widely with their local communities to represent their views on the Neighbourhood Partnerships. It is essential that these views are demonstrated to be representative of the community and the community council should expect to be able to explain why they have taken a particular position on behalf of the community. The community council will endeavour to devise strategies to secure greater involvement by all sectors of the community.

Community councils should be able to demonstrate how they are fulfilling their responsibilities as representative bodies by provision of an annual report and other forms of engagement such as newsletters, surveys, websites and use of social media.

Community councils may carry out other activities that are in the general interests of the communities they represent, provided these activities fall within the objectives of their constitution.

Overall, community councils should engage with and establish positive working relationships with the City of Edinburgh Council and other agencies. In carrying out their activities community councils must at all times adhere to the law and the Community Councillors' Code of Conduct.

Community councils have a duty under statute to represent the views of their local community. It is vital therefore, that they reflect the broad spectrum of opinion and interests of all sections of the community. In order to fulfil their responsibilities as effective and representative, community councils shall: -

- Inform the community of the work and decisions of the community council by posting agendas and minutes of meetings in public places, such as libraries and notice boards; and subject to provisions contained within the Data Protection Act 1998, provide contact details of community council members.
- Agendas and whenever possible draft minutes of community councils' meetings should be circulated at least seven days before the date of the meeting to enable their circulation to the local authority, relevant elected members, council staff and other parties.
- Seek to broaden both representation and expertise by enlisting associate members onto the community council for specific projects/issues.
- Make particular efforts to encourage young people and other under-represented groups to attend/participate in community council meetings and activities to ensure equality of opportunity in the way the community council carries out its functions.
- Maintain proper financial records and present financial reports at community council meetings.
- Liaise closely with the City of Edinburgh Council on any change in membership (e.g. resignations, co-option) and circumstances.

A community council shall be non-party political in all its activities.

4. Community Council Areas

Edinburgh is divided up into 46 community council areas and community councils may be established to serve and represent these areas identified in Schedule 1 to this Scheme.

5. Membership of Community Councils

Elected and Nominated Representatives

The maximum number of elected and nominated representatives for each community council is specified in Schedule 1 to this Scheme.

The minimum age to stand for election as a community councillor is 16 years. Qualification for elected membership is by residency within the specific community council area. Elected representatives must also be named on the electoral register for the community council area in which they reside. Nominated representatives need not appear on the electoral register for the community council provided that they remain voluntary, active members of the nominating group. Some young people under the age of 16 $\frac{3}{4}$ may not appear on the electoral register so registering can be confirmed by other means such as school registration.

Ex Officio Representatives

Local Authority Councillors, MPs, MSPs and MEPs whose wards fall wholly or partly within the geographical area of the community council area shall be ex-officio members of the community council.

Ex-officio representatives shall not be eligible to be elected or nominated representatives and shall have no entitlement to vote, move motions or amendments or hold office.

Associate Representatives

Associate representatives may be appointed by a community council where there may be a need for individuals with particular skills or knowledge. Associate representatives have no entitlement to vote, move motions or amendments or hold office. They may serve for a fixed period as determined by the community council or for the term of the community council which has appointed them. Associate representatives may include for example someone with expertise in IT, communication or environmental issues.

6. Community Council Elections

Eligibility of Elected Members

Candidates wishing to stand for election to a community council must reside in the local area and be named on the Electoral Register for that area. The same criteria will apply to voters in a community council election.

Sixteen and seventeen year olds residing in the community council area and named on the Electoral Register for that area and subject to the provisions in Clause 5 above are also entitled to both stand for the community council and vote in any election.

Any elected community council member who no longer resides within the community council area will have their membership terminated from that community council from the date their residency ceases.

Any individual who is elected to serve on the City of Edinburgh Council, or the Scottish, UK or European parliament shall be ineligible to stand for election to a community council.

Nominations and Elections

The first election for representatives of a community council shall be held in the event of not less than 20 local electors submitting a written request to the City of Edinburgh Council for the establishment of a community council.

The second and subsequent elections shall be held on a three-yearly-cycle, in the months of September and October on dates to be determined by the City of Edinburgh Council. However the City of Edinburgh Council may defer the second election year until the next election cycle in the case of a community council established within 18 months of the next triennial elections for all community councils.

All elections will be administered by the City of Edinburgh Council.

Returning Officer

The City of Edinburgh Council will approve an independent Returning Officer for community council elections. The independent Returning Officer must not be a current elected or nominated member of the community council and once appointed shall be ineligible to stand for election to the community council.

Nominations for Elected Representatives

Individuals seeking election to a community council should be nominated by a proposer and seconder, both of whom must be on the electoral register for the community council area. Each elector may propose one nominee and second one nominee. Nominations require to be submitted with the candidate's consent. Self-nomination is not permitted.

A nomination form should be completed and submitted on the date set down in the election timetable. No forms submitted after that date will be accepted.

Election Process

At the end of the nomination period:

1. If the number of candidates is more than HALF but less than the maximum permitted membership as specified for the community council area in Schedule 1 of this scheme, the candidates will be declared elected and no ballot will be held.
2. If the number of candidates exceeds the number of available places a ballot will take place. At the ballot, each voter shall be entitled to vote for candidates up to the number of vacancies for elected members on the community council, but cast no more than one vote for each candidate. For example if there are 26 candidates and 18 vacancies for elected members each voter can vote for up to 18 candidates but cast only one vote for each candidate.

3. If the number of candidates elected, is below **HALF** of the total maximum permitted membership, as specified for the community council area, no community council will be established at that time. However, this does not prevent a further request from 20 electors to the City of Edinburgh Council to make arrangements for the establishment of a community council under the terms of Section 52 (7) of the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973.

Method of Election

Elections shall be conducted by secret ballot of local electors, organised by the Returning Officer approved by the City of Edinburgh Council in accordance with the Scottish Local Election Rules but subject to modification and simplification as deemed necessary by the City of Edinburgh Council.

Eligibility, Appointment and Role of Nominated Representatives

Nominated representatives may be appointed by local interest groups registered with the City of Edinburgh Council.

The organisation must be a voluntary group whose governing body has a majority of unpaid (volunteer) members, which does not distribute profit among its members, and which provides services for public benefit not restricted to its members.

The first appointments shall be made at a joint meeting of the interest groups organised by the Returning Officer in accordance with the procedures set out in Schedule 2 to this Scheme.

Nominated representatives shall cease to be members of the community council if they cease to be a member of the nominating interest group.

Nominated representatives are appointed to represent the interests of their group on the community council and to reflect the views of the community through the community council. If a CC member has any private and/or personal interests in a matter for the community council, they have a duty to declare this and if deemed necessary by other members, withdraw from discussions and the decision making process with regard to that matter.

On issues where there is a conflict or vested interest members have a duty to disclose and if deemed necessary by other members, withdraw from discussions and the decision making process with regard to that matter.

Filling of casual places/vacancies for elected members between elections

Casual vacancies on a community council may arise in the following circumstances:

- Death of an elected community council member;
- When an elected community council member submits her/his resignation;
- When an elected community council member ceases to be resident within the community council area;
- When an elected community council member has her/his membership disqualified;

- Unreasonable non-attendance by an elected community council member at meetings for a period of six months.

If vacancies arise on a community council between elections, it will be at the discretion of the community council whether to fill the vacancy. Filling a vacancy can be undertaken either through the process of co-option or depending on circumstances, by an interim election. However, should circumstances arise that leads to the number of elected community council members to fall below **HALF** of the maximum permitted elected membership, the City of Edinburgh Council shall be informed and shall make arrangements for an interim election to be held.

Guidance on the procedure for the filling of casual vacancies is contained within the model constitution.

Co-opting members through the casual vacancy process

Members who are co-opted through the casual vacancy process must be eligible for membership of the community council as detailed in Section 5 of the Community Council Scheme. They must be elected onto the community council by a two-thirds majority of the elected and nominated community council members present. Such co-opted members shall have full voting rights, with the exception of voting on co-option of new members, and will serve until the next round of elections.

The number of co-opted members may not exceed a **THIRD** of the maximum permitted elected community council membership.

Constitution

Newly established community councils shall be supplied with a Model Constitution by the Council, for adoption at their inaugural meeting.

7. Equality & Diversity

Community councils must ensure that in all their activities they seek to eliminate discrimination and promote equality of opportunity and good relations between all people within their community in accordance with the guidance provided to community councils.

8. Disqualification of Membership

Disqualification of membership is automatic under the following circumstances:

- Relocation which renders invalid the residency qualification for membership.
- Failure to attend any community council meeting, with or without submitting apologies, throughout a period of 6 months.

If absence is due to ill health or any other reasonable circumstance e.g. planned holidays, work shift patterns etc, an approved leave of absence not exceeding 6 months for community council members may be approved at the discretion of the community council.

Registered interest groups shall ensure that their nominated representatives conform to the attendance clause above and must remain voluntary, active members of the group.

Community council members shall comply with the Code of Conduct as attached as Schedule 3 to this Scheme. Community council members who fail to comply with the Code of Conduct may be suspended or dismissed from the position of community council member by action of the community council or by action of the City of Edinburgh Council.

9. Meetings

The first meeting of a community council following the election and upon establishment of a community council, will be called by the Returning Officer or by a Deputy Returning Officer approved by the City of Edinburgh Council. The meeting will take place within 21 days of that date, or as soon as practicable thereafter. The frequency of meetings will be determined by each community council, subject to a minimum of one Annual General Meeting and 6 ordinary meetings being held each year. The annual meeting shall be held in the month of May or June with the exception of an election year when the appointment of Office-bearers shall be deferred until the first meeting of the community council following the nomination and election period.

The quorum for community council meetings shall be at least one third of the current voting membership of a community council, or 3 voting members, whichever is the greater.

An outline of the conduct of business that community councils should adhere to when holding ordinary, special and annual general meetings is contained within the Constitution and Model Standing Orders.

10. Liaison with the City of Edinburgh Council

In order to help facilitate the effective functioning of community councils, the City of Edinburgh Council has identified an officer to act as a Liaison Officer with community councils.

Community councils may make representations to the City of Edinburgh Council and other public and private agencies, on matters for which it is responsible and which it considers to be of local interest. Representations should be made, in the case of statutory objections, such as planning or licensing matters, to the appropriate City of Edinburgh Council officer. On issues where a department is consulting with community councils, representations should be made to the appropriate departmental officer.

Community councils shall provide copies of their agendas and minutes to the Council via the City of Edinburgh Council's named liaison officer.

The City of Edinburgh Council and community councils shall seek actively to keep each other well informed on matters of mutual interest.

11. Resourcing a Community Council

The City of Edinburgh Council shall provide an administrative grant to community councils to assist with the operating costs of the community council. The grant is based on a standard lump sum payment plus an additional per capita contribution related to the population for that area. Community councils are discouraged from accumulating a surplus at the end of the financial year amounting to twice the amount of annual grant from the City of Edinburgh Council, unless such surpluses are dedicated to specific projects designed to elicit community opinion on local issues or otherwise support community needs.

Each community council, at its Annual General Meeting, shall appoint a suitably qualified person to audit the community council's accounts. (This should be someone who is independent from the community council with a financial background, though not necessarily a qualified accountant).

The financial year of community councils shall be the same as that of the City of Edinburgh Council (i.e. 1 April to 31 March) and the audited accounts of the community council shall be submitted for approval to the Annual General Meeting.

Each community council shall establish a bank account and shall submit its audited accounts to the City of Edinburgh Council by the 1 November each year in respect of the previous financial year and no grant may be paid by the City of Edinburgh Council until that community council has submitted its annual accounts.

The annual accounts of each community council shall be independently examined by at least one examiner appointed by the community council, but who is not a member of the community council. A copy of the independently examined statement of accounts/balance sheet shall be forwarded as soon as the statement is approved, to a named officer of the City of Edinburgh Council who may, at their discretion and in consultation with the Council's Chief Financial Officer, request the community council to produce such records, vouchers and account books as may be required.

Each community council shall have the power to raise its own financial resources for schemes, projects and all other purposes consistent with its functions.

Each community council shall be eligible to apply for grants for suitable projects through the City of Edinburgh Council's grant system.

The City of Edinburgh Council shall determine any additional support services/resourcing, such as: photocopying and distribution of community council minutes and agendas; and free lets of halls for community council meetings, to suit local requirements.

The City of Edinburgh Council's Liaison Officer shall facilitate advice and assistance to community councils and arrange for the establishment of a training programme for community councils on: the duties and responsibilities of community council office bearers; the role of community councils; the functions of the City of Edinburgh Council; and other relevant topics.

12. Code of Conduct

The Code of Conduct in Schedule 3 sets out the standards and principles of conduct that community councils are required to adhere to in performance of their duties.

13. Community Council Boundaries

Any request to change the boundaries and names of community councils must be made in writing to the Director of Services for Communities who will arrange for the request to be submitted to the appropriate City of Edinburgh Council Committee.

14. Dissolution of a Community Council

The terms for dissolution of a community council are contained within the Model Constitution.

If a community council fails to hold a meeting for a period of 3 consecutive prescribed meeting dates; or its membership falls below the prescribed minimum for a period of 3 consecutive prescribed meeting dates, during which time the community council fails to address the situation, the City of Edinburgh Council may take action to dissolve that community council.

THE CITY OF EDINBURGH COUNCIL - COMMUNITY COUNCILS

	Name of Council	Total Members	Elected Members	Nominated Members
1	Balerno	18	12	6
2	Colinton	18	12	6
3	Corstorphine	24	16	8
4	Craigentiny/Meadowbank	21	14	7
5	Craigleith/Blackhall	18	12	6
6	Craiglockhart	15	10	5
7	Craigmillar	24	16	8
8	Cramond & Barnton	22	15	7
9	Currie	15	10	5
10	Drum Brae	21	14	7
11	Drylaw/Telford	15	10	5
12	Fairmilehead	15	10	5
13	Firrhill	18	12	6
14	Gilmerton/Inch	24	16	8
15	Gorgie/Dalry	21	14	7
16	Grange/Prestonfield	24	16	8
17	Granton & District	18	12	6
18	Leith Harbour & Newhaven	18	12	6
19	Hutchison/Chesser	15	10	5
20	Juniper Green	15	10	5
21	Kirkliston	15	10	5
22	Leith Central	24	16	8
23	Leith Links	18	12	6
24	Liberton & District	18	12	6
25	Longstone	21	14	7
26	Marchmont and Sciennes	21	14	7
27	Merchiston	24	16	8
28	Morningside	21	14	7
29	Muirhouse/Salvesen	18	12	6
30	Murrayfield	18	12	6
31	New Town/Broughton	24	16	8
32	Northfield/Willowbrae	21	14	7
33	Old Town	18	12	6
34	Portobello	21	14	7
35	Queensferry and District	15	9	6
36	Ratho and District	15	10	5
37	Sighthill, Broomhouse and Parkhead	22	15	7
38	Silverknowes	15	10	5
39	Southside	18	12	6
40	Stenhouse, Saughton Mains & Whitson	18	12	6
41	Stockbridge/Inverleith	21	14	7
42	Tollcross	18	12	6
43	Trinity	18	12	6
44	West End	15	10	5
45	West Pilton/West Granton	18	12	6
46	Wester Hailes	18	12	6

THE CITY OF EDINBURGH COUNCIL

COMMUNITY COUNCILS

PROCEDURE FOR THE APPOINTMENT OF COMMUNITY COUNCIL NOMINATED MEMBERS

1. The maximum number of nominated members for each community council is listed in Schedule 1.
2. Local interest groups must first apply to be registered with the City of Edinburgh Council on the approved forms which will be available from the Community Council Liaison Officer.

Registration for community council purposes will be accepted from any local interest group provided it complies with the following criteria:

- The organisation must be a voluntary group which has been in operation for at least 12 months prior to the notice of election.
- The organisation must be a properly constituted group with a publicly available constitution, the objects of which explains how it provides services for public benefit not restricted to its members.
- The organisation must have a committee that (after the first year) is elected at an AGM and has a minimum of 3 members

The City of Edinburgh Council will determine the eligibility of the groups seeking registration. Where registration is refused, reasons will be provided.

Where a group seeks to be registered for more than one community council area because their local interest extends into those areas, then they may apply to be registered as local interest groups in each area. This application will be considered by the City of Edinburgh Council.

3. Local interest groups may register with the City of Edinburgh Council at any time of the year. The Community Council Liaison Officer will notify the relevant community council(s) when an application for registration has been received and will inform the community council(s) when an appointment has been approved.
4. Before an election local Interest Groups must reapply to be registered and approved groups. After the Notice of Election has been published only those applications from local interest groups registered by the closing date for delivery

of nomination papers for elected members, and subsequently approved by the City of Edinburgh Council, will be accepted.

5. Should the number of nominations exceed the number of places for nominated members on the community council, then a joint meeting for the appointment of nominated members will be held.
6. The date, time and place of the meeting of registered local interest groups will be fixed by the Returning Officer subject to the meeting taking place before the first meeting of the community council following the nomination and election period.
7. The Chair of the Joint Meeting will be the Returning Officer duly appointed by the City of Edinburgh Council.
8. Each registered local interest group will be entitled to send one voluntary representative to the Joint Meeting.
9. Each registered local interest group will be entitled to nominate one person for election as a nominated representative for the community council. This person must be a named individual. No political party or sectarian affiliations may appear on the nomination paper or on the voting paper.

The representatives of the local interest groups and the elected members of the community council will vote, by ballot, voting up to the number of places to be filled; e.g. 12 nominations for 7 places - each representative may vote for 7 persons out of 12 nominations, with only one vote for each individual.

10. Should the number of registered local interest groups be less than the maximum number of places for nominated members then the community council can subsequently approve further eligible groups, registered and approved by the City of Edinburgh Council until the full quota has been achieved.
11. The named representatives from local interest groups subsequently elected will become full members of the community council, with entitlement to hold office and vote in business and constitutional matters.

Any casual substitution of a named representative by another representative from the local interest group will not have entitlement to hold office and vote on community council business and will have an observer status.

Any request for permanent substitution by the local interest group should be made in writing to the community council with details of the named individual who is to become the new group representative. Such members will have entitlement to vote and hold office.

12. If it comes to the attention of the City of Edinburgh Council that the following may apply:
 - (a) a local interest group has ceased to operate,
 - (b) a local interest group has ceased to meet the criteria for registration, or

(c) the purposes for which a local interest group was set up are no longer relevant or no longer apply,

the City of Edinburgh Council may require the local interest group to resubmit their registration forms and accompanying documents. In the event that the City of Edinburgh Council concludes that any of the above provisions (a) to (c) apply, or the local interest group fails to resubmit relevant documentation on request, the local interest group may be de-registered by the City of Edinburgh Council, in which case its nominated representative will cease to be a member of the community council.

The City of Edinburgh Council

Code of Conduct for Community Councillors

The Code of Conduct for Community Councillors is based largely on the Code of Conduct for City of Edinburgh Council councillors and relevant public bodies as provided for in The Ethical Standards in Public Life etc (Scotland) Act 2000.

Community councillors, as representatives of their communities, have a responsibility to make sure that they are familiar with, and that their actions comply with, the principles set out in this Code of Conduct. The Code of Conduct and its principles, shall apply to all community councillors and those representing the community council.

Service to the Community

As a community councillor you have a duty to act in the interests of the local community, which you have been elected or nominated to represent. You also have a duty to act in accordance with the remit of the community council Scheme as set out by the City of Edinburgh Council under the terms of the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973.

You should establish and reflect, through the community council, the views of the community as a whole, on any issue, irrespective of personal opinion.

You should ensure that you are, within reason, accessible to your local community and local residents. Various mechanisms to allow the general community to express their views, i.e. websites, suggestion boxes, community surveys, opinion polls, should, where possible, be made available.

Selflessness

You should take decisions solely in terms of the interest of the community that you represent. You must not use your position as a community councillor to gain financial, material, political or other personal benefit for yourself, family or friends.

Honesty & Integrity

You have a duty to act honestly. If you have any private and/or personal interests in a matter for the community council, you have a duty to declare this and if deemed necessary by other members, withdraw from discussions and the decision making process with regard to that matter.

You must not place yourself under any financial or other obligation to any individual or organisation that might reasonably be thought to influence you in your representation of your community.

Gifts and Hospitality

You should not accept gifts or hospitality that may be seen to influence or be intended to influence your opinion or judgement. The offer and/or receipt of any gifts above £10 should always be reported to and noted by the secretary of the community council.

Objectivity

In carrying out public business, including award of grants or decisions regarding planning applications you should make decisions on merit and on the basis of information which is publicly known.

You are free to have political and/or religious affiliations; however you must ensure that you represent the interests of your community and community council and not the interests of a particular political party.

Appointments to other bodies

You may be appointed or nominated by your community council to serve as a member of another representative body. You should ensure that this Code of Conduct is observed when carrying out the duties of the other body.

Accountability

You are accountable for the decisions and actions that you take on behalf of your community through the community council. You must ensure that the community council uses its resources prudently and in accordance with the law. Any expenses, allowances, or facilities provided for use in your duties as a community councillor must be used strictly for those duties and no other purpose.

Community councillors will individually and collectively ensure that the business of the community council is conducted according to the relevant Scheme of Establishment of Community Councils and this Code of Conduct.

Any breach of the Community Council Scheme as set out by the City of Edinburgh Council under the terms of the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973 may be reported to the City of Edinburgh Council to determine what action, if necessary, should be taken.

Openness

You have a duty to ensure that your decisions, actions and representations reflect the wishes and views of the community you represent. You should be open and able to justify your decisions, actions and representations when acting as a member of a community council.

If you have dealings with the media, members of the public, or others not directly involved in your community council, you should ensure that an explicit distinction is made between the expression of your personal views and opinions from any views or statement made about or on behalf of the community council.

Leadership

You have a duty to promote and support the principles of this Code of Conduct by leadership and example, to maintain and strengthen the community's trust and confidence in the integrity of the community council and its members in representing the views and needs of the local area. You must also promote social inclusion and challenge discrimination in any form.

Respect and General Conduct

Community council members should behave openly and honestly, treating one another in a positive, respectful and non-discriminatory manner. Similarly, you should treat ex officio community council members, staff from City of Edinburgh Council and other agencies as well as members of the community with respect.

Recognition should be given to the contribution of everyone participating in the work of the community council. Equality of opportunity should be given to every participant to have their knowledge, opinions, skills and experience, taken into account with all barriers to participation removed.

Community councillors should ensure that confidential material, including details about individuals, is handled with dignity and discretion and is not used for personal or malicious purposes.

Individually, community councillors should be supportive of the office bearers on the community council and refrain from trying to undermine their confidence or authority. It is unacceptable for community councillors to make personal remarks, make personal attacks or otherwise humiliate the other members either at meetings or in other settings such as internet forums and social media.

You should not act in such a way as to bring yourself or the community council into disrepute through your actions, discussion or communications.

Conclusion

The practical application of these rules is a matter for your judgement but, if in any doubt as to how they should be applied, you should seek advice from the Chairperson or other office bearer of the community council or from an officer of the City of Edinburgh Council.